"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Unsettled; showers by to-night and Friday; wind east.

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'SCARE SHIPS' HOVER OVER GREAT BRITAIN

Strange Objects in the Air Promptly Set Down as Wicked Devices of the Germans.

INVASION OBSESSION GROWS

Dr. Butler Tells Mohonk Conference England Is Emotionally Insane on the Subject of Armament.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 19.—Nicholas Murray Butler, President of Columbia University, according to cabled reports of his address delivered to-day at the Mohonk Conference on International Arbitration, touched the Briton on a very sore spot when he referred to the present state of mind of the English people as "emotional insanity." For more remarkable day by day grow the outbreaks here of the kind of thing the American educator has in mind when he speaks of "excited and exaggerated utterances of responsible statesmen in Parliament and on the platform, the loud beating of drums and the sounding of alarums in the public press, and the flocking of the populace to see a tawdry and highly sensational drama of less than third-rate importance for the sake of its contribution to their mental obsession of hobgoblins and the ghosts of national enemies and invaders."

Reference has already been made in dispatches to THE NEW YORK TIMES to a mysterious German airship which was supposed to have flown of nights over the eastern counties of the kingdom, and which cynics describe as the "German scareship." To-day the papers are full of equally startling stories of a twentieth century flying Dutchman seen in Wales near Cardiff.

The fears of the credulous are nowise assuaged by solemn statements from German sources that the Fatherland does not yet possess any airship able to manoeuvre in such gales as have been blowing over England recently. To be sure, an American traveler who has just arrived in London from Germany, where he had an opportunity of judging of the capabilities of the Zeppelin dirigible balloon, confirms this statement, and adds that the day of a German air raid on England is yet far distant.

When a member of Parliament can seriously ask the Secretary for War for information respecting a supposed German secret storage of rifles in cellars near Charing Cross, one wonders where the scare will break out next. Mr. Haldane, in reply to this question to-day in the Commons, described it, with extreme mildness, as "exceptionally foolish."

Special to The New York Times.

MOHONK LAKE, N. Y., May 19.—The remarks of President Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia to which the dispatch from London refers occurred in a speech which he made as presiding officer at the gathering of more than 300 men prominent in education, diplomacy, and business circles to attend the Lake Mohonk Conference on International Arbitration which opened to-day.

Limitation of armament and the permanent establishment of peace throughout the world by arbitration of international disputes are the purposes of the conference which will be in session for three days. President Butler is President of the American Branch of the Association for International Conciliation, and his was the opening address.

"Edmund Burke," declared Dr. Butler, "said that he did not know the method of drawing up an indictment against a whole people; but perhaps it may be easier to detect emotional insanity than to draw an indictment for crime. The storm centre of the world's weather to-day is to be found in the condition of mind of the English people.

"The nation which, for generations has contributed so powerfully to the world's progress in all that relates to the spread of the rule of law, to the peaceful development of commerce and industry, to the advancement of letters and science, and to the spread of humanitarian ideas, appears to be possessed for the moment with the evil spirit of militarism. It is hard to reconcile the excited and exaggerated utterances of responsible statesmen in Parliament and on the platform; the loud beating of drums and the sounding of alarms in the public press, even in that portion of it most given to sobriety of judgment; and the flocking of the populace to view a tawdry and highly sensational drama of less than third-rate importance for the sake of its contribution to their mental obsession by hobgoblins and the ghosts of national enemies and invaders, with the temperament of a nation that has acclaimed the work of Howard, Wilberforce, and Shaftesbury, whose public life was so long dominated by the lofty personality of William Ewart Gladstone, and whose real heroes to-day are the John Milton and the Charles Darwin, whose anniversaries are just now celebrated with so much sincerity and genuine appreciation.

"What has happened? If an opinion may be ventured by an observer whose friendliness amounts to real affection and who is in a high degree jealous of the repute of the English people and of their place in the van of the world's civilization, it is that this irrational and emotional outburst is attendant upon a readjustment of relative position and importance among the nations of the earth, due to economic and intellectual causes, which readjustment is interpreted by the English people in terms of the politics of the first seventeen rather than in the terms of the politics of the industrial and intelligent democracies of the twentieth century. Germany is steadily gaining in importance in the world and England is in turn losing some of her long-standing relative primacy. The causes are easy to discover and are in no just sense provocative of war or strife. Indeed, it is highly probable that war, if it should come, with all its awful consequences, would only hasten the change it was entered upon to prevent.

"The greatest present obstacle to the limitation of the armaments under the weight of which the world is staggering toward bankruptcy," said Dr. Butler, "the greatest obstacle to carrying forward those social and economic reforms for which every nation is crying out, that its population may be better housed, the public health more completely protected, and the burden of unemployment lifted from the backs of the wage-earning classes, appears to me to be the insistence by England on what it calls the two-power naval standard. This leads, and will inevitably lead, to huge programmes

Continued on Page 2.

To relieve Summer exhaustion take Horsford's Acid Phosphate—It is cooling, refreshing and invigorating. A delicious Summer drink.—Adv.

KILLED BY TAKING A DARE.

Boy in Jersey City Touched a Live Wire with Another Wire.

Refusing to be "dared" by his playmates, 15-year-old James Green of 305 Woodward Street, Jersey City, was instantly killed last night by touching a partly "live" electric light wire, which had been temporarily wrapped around one of the Public Service Corporation's metal poles at Grand Street and Garfield Avenue, Jersey City. The Public Service Corporation officials said later that only a slight current ran through the wire, and that the boy's heart must have been weak.

The Public Service station, near Communipaw Avenue, discovered early yesterday evening that one of the main feed wires of the electric lighting system along Grand Street had become loosened and was "crossing" with others.

The current in the wire was cut off, and a crew with a tall ladder attached to a cart was sent along Grand Street to make repairs. They cut away a considerable quantity of the burned-out wire, letting the pieces of this dead wire fall to the street. That part of the conduit wire which they thought they could piece together they wrapped temporarily around the metal pole on the south side of Grand Street at Garfield Avenue. Then they went on to Communipaw Avenue to see what was wrong there.

A crowd of boys had gathered to watch the men climbing and clipping among the dangerous overhead wires. When the repair crew went on the boys dared each other first to touch the pieces of dead wire which lay in the street and then to touch the wire which was wrapped around the pole.

"Dare you to touch the wire on the pole with this piece of wire," said one of the boys to the Green boy.

The latter took the piece of dead wire and held it cautiously against the other wire. There was a shower of sparks, and he fell to the ground with a single scream. Michael Fallon and another boy picked him up and carried him two blocks to a drug store. Dr. Norman L. Roe happened to be in the store. He saw that the boy was dead.

The boy's father, who died on his wedding anniversary last Easter, was an employe of the Jersey Central.

The chief support of the boy's mother since her husband's death was the boy's $5 a week earnings as an errand boy, it was said last night.

WHAT "LITTLE TIM" WOULD DO

If He Could Be Mayor Just Six Weeks Three Things Would Happen.

Acting Mayor Sullivan, more regularly known as "Little Tim," who, as Vice Chairman of the Board of Aldermen, is occupying the Mayor's office during the absence from the city of both Mayor McClellan and President McGowen, said yesterday that he would like to be Mayor of New York for just six weeks.

"What would you do?" he was asked.

"I would give the people of this city the kind of administration they want," declared Mr. Sullivan emphatically. "I would do three things at once: First, open up Coney Island on Sunday; second, close certain streets on the east side to traffic and turn them into playgrounds for the children, and third, make New York a home for New Yorkers by placing at the head of the city departments men who understand conditions here and know what the people want."

"Would you put through the new Building Code?" he was asked.

"I would put through some code, and it would be a good one. I think this city ought to have the best Building Code that was ever adopted, and I believe that it will have when the matter is finally settled. The proposed code is entirely in a tentative shape now, but when it is finally passed I believe there will be nothing in it that is not for the best interests of the people of the city."

Here Mr. Sullivan turned to Alderman Doull, one of the principal members of the minority of the Revision Commission, who was present, and said: "The Alderman and I will agree when it is all over."

"We agree now," replied Mr. Doull.

"No, we don't," snapped Mr. Sullivan, "and especially I don't agree with you if you have been correctly quoted in saying that the proposed code is a big political steal."

"I didn't say that," replied the Alderman.

The Acting Mayor was at his desk all day. It was noticed that Mayor McClellan's swivel chair reposed in a corner, while Mr. Sullivan sat in a straight-legged, straight-backed chair. He was asked if he had had a busy day, and he replied:

"Why, yes; I swore in one Thomas L. Reynolds as a City Surveyor."

And so saying the Acting Mayor seized his hat and rushed to the ferry to catch a train for Philadelphia, where he occupied a ring-side seat last night at the Johnson-O'Brien bout.

HALF MILLION FOR PRINCETON

Given by W. C. Procter for Its Graduate School Building—Some Conditions.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., May 19.—Announcement was made here to-night that a conditional bequest of $500,000 has been made to Princeton for its graduate school building. The donation is conditional on a similar amount being raised from other sources by May 1, 1910, and upon locating the new graduate school elsewhere than in Prospect Gardens, as at present planned.

It came out unofficially that the donor is W. C. Procter of the class of 1883. Dean West of the graduate school is confident that he can meet the condition of the gift. Several smaller amounts have already been obtained.

Mr. Procter who a member of the class of 1883. He is now of the firm of Procter & Gamble, of Cincinnati. Prospect Gardens, the site he opposes, is the residence of President Woodrow Wilson. It was intended to move the president's house to make way for the principal building of the graduate school.

The university received $300,000 from the estate of Mrs. Swann of Princeton some time ago. While the graduate school project, in which the late President Cleveland was vitally interested, entailed a cost of $3,000,000, as originally planned, only $600,000, it is said, was planned for the buildings, the remainder being necessary for endowments.

Bretton Woods Hotels Open June 23 and July 10. Address 1,180 Broadway. Tel. 4748 Mad. —Adv.

HEINZE BLIND POOL CAUSES CURB SMASH

M. Rothenberger & Co. Bankrupt with an Unpaid Heinze-Lamar Copper Account.

SAYS F. A. HEINZE TOOK ALL

Books Show the Various Deals, Though There are the Usual Denials —Cash on Hand Totals $6.

Fritz Augustus Heinze, the collapse of whose long-standing pool in United Copper carried down with it two Stock Exchange houses and was the first puff of the financial storm of 1907, is blamed for the Curb failure of M. Rothenberger & Co., who went into bankruptcy yesterday, as an aftermath of the collapse of an unsuccessful bull pool in Ohio Copper last March.

Ohio Copper was a Heinze promotion, but he lost control of the property when his affairs were taken in hand by a committee of his creditors after the panic. David Lamar, long reputed by Wall Street to have been a handy man of James R. Keene and general stock market buccaneer, undertook early in March to boost the price of the shares and incidentally unload some for F. A. Heinze.

It was his attempt to sell to his principal some of the pool stock which broke up the deal. All of these things were denied by Mr. Heinze when the boosting machinery went to pieces, and he reiterated last night that he had never been in an Ohio Copper pool with Mr. Lamar, but the facts brought out by the bankruptcy proceedings bear out the original version of the collapse in Ohio Copper back in March as told in THE TIMES. Wall Street is accustomed to technical denials from F. A. Heinze.

Moritz Rothenberger, who is the whole firm of Rothenberger & Co., had been doing a little mining stock promoting of his own before David Lamar came to him in March with big orders in Ohio Copper for Heinze. After the Ohio troubles he continued his old line of promotions, chief of which was the R. Exploration Company, which was kept active by him on the Curb around 2¼. Following the announcement of his bankruptcy yesterday the market for this stock dropped to ⅛, with very little trading. The shares had never been taken seriously, even in the outside market, and no one had the stock to sell in any quantity when the bottom dropped from under the market.

The petition in bankruptcy was signed by Rothenberger alone. He puts his liabilities at $27,755, of which $13,829 are secured. His cash totals $6, but his schedules show an additional $9,380 in possession of F. Augustus Heinze. Other nominal assets are $33,732 in mining stock, of which $10,400 is comprised in 1,600 shares of Ohio Copper, also in the possession of Mr. Heinze. The item of outstanding accounts, which are totaled at $29,269, also bears out the Heinze-Lamar connection which F. A. Heinze has twice denied.

According to the papers filed in the Federal Court, F. A. Heinze's joint account with David Lamar in Ohio Copper was carried on the books "blind" under the number 14. It shows a balance due Rothenberger & Co. of $14,271. Another blind account was for F. A. Heinze "by order of David Lamar," and numbered 28. On this $176 is due. Account No. 7, David Lamar's own, owes $257. The balance of the accounts due are for the mining companies Rothenberger promoted. The R. Exploration owes $5,693 and the Lion Hill Consolidated Mining and Milling Company, $3,958.

Enter David Lamar.

The connection of Heinze, Lamar, and the Ohio copper pool with Rothenberger's troubles were explained last night by Edwin P. Phillips, the bankrupt's counsel. He said that when Lamar undertook to boom Ohio Copper early in March he engaged Rothenberger & Co. to act as Curb agent. Lamar began operations by depositing 1,600 shares of Heinze's Ohio Copper stock, which at the then existing market price was worth about $9,000, as security, and, using Rothenberger & Co. as a clearing house for his transactions, went ahead with his campaign of "acceleration."

Everything went smoothly enough until March 19, when, according to Rothenberger, Lamar took Heinze's 1,600 shares out of the office, claiming authority as Heinze's agent, and sold them on the Curb. By this time, with the help of carefully fostered rumors that James R. Keene was interested in the property, the price had been helped up to 8¾ a share. In the process of hoisting the price the pool had taken about $40,000 worth of the stock, meeting Rothenberger's daily demands for funds with regularity.

Although no exact explanation of what happened to frighten Lamar's principal has been made, the appearance of the Heinze shares in the day's quota of shares to be accepted caused a sudden tightening of the purse strings. That day Rothenberger was compelled to refuse deliveries. The stock broke to 7¾ on the rumor, and the next morning, which was a Saturday short session, dropped to 6¼, at which price a number of the Rothenberger creditors covered, although he took up before noon all of his outstanding contracts. At that time he explained that he had delayed payments only because his principal had been backward in paying up. David Lamar was silent about his part in the deal.

What happened when he made good that Saturday morning was explained by Rothenberger and his counsel last night as the correct version, and is responsible, they assert, for the bankruptcy.

A Thorough Heinze Clean-Up.

"Heinze agreed to make good the Ohio Copper deliveries," said Rothenberger, "if he could put his men in charge of the office for a day. I let him, and when they got through there was little left but the furniture."

He said that although Heinze kept his word and accepted all of the Ohio Copper stock offered on Curb purchases made in Rothenberger & Co.'s name, he repaid himself out of practically all of the Ohio Copper shares in the office, and in addition took $9,380 in cash.

F. A. Heinze admitted last night that his clerks di dtake 1,600 shares of Ohio Copper from the Rothenberger office when they settled up the tangle, but that against this the firm owed him $27,000. The $9,385 cash, he said, was taken in exchange for a certified check which his clerk had accepted in payment for Ohio Copper stock loaned. The check was payable to Rothenberger & Co., and so was of no use to Heinze.

Heinze Gets a Delay.

F. Augustus Heinze did not appear before Judge Hough in the United States District Court yesterday, as had been expected, to enter his final plea to the indictment recently found against him, charging the misapplication of $2,225,000 of the funds of the Mercantile National Bank in 1907 on dummy notes. By arrangement between his counsel and United States District Attorney Wise, with the approval of the court, he has until to-morrow to file a demurrer.

HYPNOTIZED, FINDS HOMES.

Van Osten, Without Hesitation, Takes Doctor to New York Addresses.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, May 19.—The statement was made at Grace Hospital to-day that Prof. Allen Diefendorf of the Yale Medical School had succeeded in taking Charles Van Osten, the Grace Hospital patient, through New York City while hypnotized, and that Van Osten had shown him the scenes previously described while in a hypnotic state.

Before the trip began Van Osten was hypnotized by Dr. Diefendorf, and he was asked to go to his former homes on Forty-second and Twenty-second Streets. Van Osten made a bee line through the streets to the addresses he had repeatedly given in previous hypnotic examinations. When he found strangers living in them he showed grief and consternation at not finding his wife and child.

Van Osten had told in his previous examinations of many of his friends having been in the Slocum disaster. He was deeply touched by the sight of the Slocum monument and wept profusely.

Van Osten suddenly disappeared from the city last week, and the Grace Hospital officials have been bitterly attacked by New Haven newspapers for not supplying attendants to prevent his escape. It is thought that he has wandered back to his old haunts in New York City in an attempt to find his wife and family.

Dr. Diefendorf made his first statement regarding the case to-day, saying the diagnosis indicates than Van Osten is clearly a victim of multiple personality.

The hospital officials and Dr. Diefendorf insist that Van Osten is not shamming, and that his case presents an opportunity to study rare phases of multiple personality, induced by heavy blows on the head. They say that treatment in future cases of mental disturbance arising from cranial blows may be largely influenced by discoveries made in this case.

DOCTOR ASKS TO BE KILLED.

Wasting Away, Requests Attendant to Get Authority to End Sufferings.

Special to The New York Times.

OWATONNA, Minn., May 19.—Because there is no foodstuff that he can eat or drink and retain in his stomach, Dr. T. L. Hatch has requested his attending physician, Dr. W. C. Roberts, to apply to the State Board of Health for legal authority to put him out of the way.

For several months Hatch has been gradually wasting away on account of his inability to assimilate food. For the last two or three weeks he has eaten no solid food and only by the greatest effort has his physician succeeded in administering enough water to keep his patient alive.

The most highly nutritious substances known to medical science have been rejected immediately or retained undigested. The process of anemia in Dr. Hatch's case is accompanied by complications which have baffled pathological scienc.

Dr. Roberts spoke to-day before the Minnesota State Homeopathic Institute now in session in Minneapolis and invited suggestions from all members of the profession.

In a purely business way Dr. Hatch had aked Dr. Roberts if he could not be given an anaesthetic by authorization of the Board of Health or other State power. Being a doctor himself he said he realized the peculiarity of his case. He considers it hopeless and prefers to be put out of the way in a humane manner rather than to live under present conditions.

BROTHER-IN-LAW TO HIS SIRE.

Mr. Armstrong's Bride Is Her Father-in-Law's Sister-in-Law.

Through the marriage, announced yesterday, of Leroy Armstrong, a son of Meylert M. Armstrong, a prominent paper manufacturer living on Scotland Road, Orange, N. J., to Miss Anna Fitzhugh Breckinridge of Fincastle, Va., the bridegroom appears in the unusual relation of brotherin-law to his own father and to his stepmother, and the bride has become her father-in-law's sister-in-law and a daughter-in-law to her own sister.

Six years ago the elder Armstrong, whose first wife had died, went to Fincastle, Va., to woo Miss Emma Walker Breckinridge, the elder daughter of Judge George W. Breckinridge. He took his son Leroy with him to Fincastle. While the elder Armstrong was courting Miss Breckinridge, whom he subsequently married, his son fell in love with her younger sister, Miss Anna Fitzhugh. The father and his bride returned to Orange, where they live at present.

Tuesday Leroy Armstrong unexpectedly returned from a visit to the South, bringing with him his stepmother's sister, Miss Anna Breckinridge. They were met by his brother, Lionel, and Miss Pauline Grider of East Orange, who accompanied them to St. Andrew's Episcopal Church, in South Orange, and acted as best man and bridesmaid while the Rev. Francis Todd married them.

The marriage was hastened because Mr. Armstrong recently decided to engage in business in Oklahoma and to take his bride there with him on June 1. He surprised both his parents, his father being in New York and his stepmother visiting in the South at the time. Meanwhile the bride and groom are spending their honeymoon at the home of their father-in-law and brother-in-law.

WHEAT TO STAY UP—PATTEN.

Chicago Man Says a Year Hence Will See It as High as Now.

CHICAGO, May 19.—James A. Patten of the Board of Trade firm of Bartlett, Patten & Co., whose operations in wheat have received National notice during the last few weeks, reviewed the wheat situation and gave his opinion of the market in an address before the Flour Men's Club of Chicago to-night.

"I predict," said he, "that high prices will prevail all over the world for a year to come in wheat, and that red Winter wheat (soft wheat) will sell as high in America a year from now as it is selling to-day.

"I cannot dwell too strongly on the law of supply and demand and the theory that the production of wheat in the United States has not kept pace with the increase in population, and I want to suggest that the trade each year will have to realize this condition in its future dealings. The wheat lands are cropped to death. Changes must come or we will suffer the result."

Latest Shipping News.

Arrived—Steamer President Grant, Hamburg, May 8.

Arrived—S. S. Adriatic, Southampton, May 12.

OVER THE GETTYSBURG BATTLEFIELD. Personally conducted three-day tour via Pennsylvania Railroad, Saturday, May 22. $12.75 covers all necessary expenses from New York. Itineraries of ticket agents.—Adv.

SHIP CARRYING 500 IN PERIL IN ICE JAM

Allan Liner Mongolian Gripped by Floes Off Harbor of St. John's, N. F.

VESSEL SENT IN AID STUCK

Should Steamer Break Up, Passengers May Escape by Traversing the Closely-Packed Fields of Ice.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., May 19.—The Allan liner Mongolian, which left Liverpool a week ago Saturday for St. John's and Halifax, with nearly 500 passengers, tried to reach this port to-day through a field of ice which was drifting against the land, but she was firmly gripped by the tightly packing floes a mile from this harbor and has lain there since noon.

The wind is blowing steadily toward the land. The ship is absolutely helpless and is surrounded on every side by masses of ice and large icebergs. If the wind increases during the night she will probably become a total wreck.

She has a number of passengers for St. Johns, and her agents sent out the steamer Prospero, which is specially designed for ice navigation, to take off these passengers and also the mail.

The Prospero was unable to get through the ice and got jammed herself in the narrows, where she remains.

Much anxiety is felt for the safety of the liner, as the weather conditions are not promising to-night, and unless the wind changes the Mongolian may remain for several days in ner present position, or may be crushed by irresistible pressure against her sides.

Her passengers would be able to escape to the floes and make their way to land, though it would be an unpleasant experience for people most of whom have never seen ice floes before.

The Mongolian met the first of the great fields of ice yesterday. Capt. Willms endeavored, so far as possible, to shape his course in a manner that would avoid contact with the floes. The ice, however, borne on the steady Labrador current, had been dispersed, so that entire freedom was impossible. Up to this morning the steamer's progress was fairly steady.

With the approach to land, where the harbors had been packed by the drifting floes so that the irregular formations extended far out to sea, the Mongolian met with more strenuous resistance. Even before Cape Race had been sighted, the contest between steamer and ice had become a reality, and the best seamanship of Capt. Williams and his officers had to be exercised.

Literally inch by inch the Mongolian forced its way through the drifting mass until a position about a mile off the narrow harbor opening had been gained. There she stopped, the power of the engines and the stout hull unable to successfully cope with the great, irregular stretches of ice, composed of many individual sections, but drawn together with the seeming common interest of rendering powerless the navigator of the ocean.

The steamer's efforts to run the blockade are believed to have injured some of the bow plates, but a number of fishermen who managed to reach her side over the closely packed floes, could discern no appreciable damage. To-night the combined action of wind and tide strengthened the grip of the floes, and the Mongolian was completely surrounded, unable to advance or recede.

Although assured that they were in no immediate danger, the passengers on the Mongolian crowded the decks to witness the combat which resulted in the enthrallment of the steamer. When it was seen that she could neither advance nor retrace her course to a position of more safety, there was little demonstration other than an anxious interest.

Fishermen, undaunted by the danger, traversed the ice floes to-night and reached the side of the Mongolian, where they talked with the officers and passengers. Having in mind that it might be only a few hours before they would have to find their way to shore over the same insecure path, the passengers followed closely the movements of the fishermen as they passed from cake to cake and successfully reached the harbor mouth.

The fishermen reported that the steamer was held tight by the encompassing ice, but that she had not been seriously injured.

At a late hour to-night the weather conditions had not become more serious and the indications were that the ice field would keep the steamer imprisoned for several days. The Mongolian's position remained unchanged at midnight.

The Mongolian was built in 1891 by Henderson & Co. of Glasgow. She is a steel vessel of 3,088 registered tonnage, and was last surveyed at St. John's, N. F. She is 400 feet long, 45 feet beam, with a depth of thirty feet. Her engines are of the reciprocating type, of 582 horse power.

Several vessels have been caught in the ice floes off Newfoundland during the last week. The steamer Tunisian, which was damaged several days ago, had necessary repairs made and attempted to resume her journey to Montreal Tuesday, but was obliged to return to port after having failed to get through the ice.

The steamer Bratsberg, from North Shields to Wabana, came into port at St. John's Tuesday, and reported that on account of the ice she was not able to continue to her destination.

AMERICAN FLAG HAULED DOWN

Special to The New York Times.

OTTAWA, May 19.—On the top of the Parliament Building itself a large American flag was displayed this morning. The individual in charge of the decoration of the hall when the Austrian press delegates were entertained at luncheon by the Hon. Frank Oliver draped the Stars and Stripes over the entrance in the most prominent place.

Some of the members of Parliament sighted the flag, and it was forthwith hauled down.

ATLANTA BIRMINGHAM MEMPHIS. Quicker Schedule, through sleepers. Inq. Seaboard Air Line Ry., 1,183 B'way, N. Y.—Adv.

ABBEY DENIED TO MEREDITH.

Westminster Authorities Decline to Receive His Ashes, Despite Appeals.

LONDON, May 19.—The Westminster authorities have declined permission to place the ashes of George Meredith in the abbey. An appeal to the Dean to this end was strongly supported by the Society of Authors, representing all the leading writers, by Premier Asquith, Lord Morley, Rudyard Kipling, and J. M. Barrie. Mr. Barrie made a personal appeal to the Dean.

The Dean announced to-night that a memorial service would be held in the abbey on Saturday. The funeral will be at Dorking, as previously arranged.

The action of the Westminster authorities has caused much disappointment, as the family had no objection to the ashes being placed in the abbey and the question of space was not involved.

GOVERNOR'S SON BETTER.

Charles E. Hughes, Jr., Ill at Brown, Reported Somewhat Improved.

Special to The New York Times.

PAWTUCKET, R. I., May 19.—The condition of Charles E. Hughes, Jr., who is at the Rhode Island Hospital, suffering from cerebro-spinal meningitis, is reported to-night as somewhat improved. He had a fairly comfortable day. Mrs. Hughes, who is the guest of President Faunce of Brown University, is with her son much of the time.

Young Hughes was chosen one of the orators at the Brown commencement next month, when Gov. Hughes was also to take a prominent part. The physicians have assured the Faculty that the danger of a further outbreak of the disease at Brown is remote.

GUTZON BORGLUM MARRIES.

Sculptor's Bride Was Miss Mary Montgomery, Well-Known Assyriologist

Announcement was made last night that Gutzon Borglum, the well-known New York sculptor, and Miss Mary Montgomery of this city were married at noon yesterday at the residence of the Rev. Marshall Montgomery, the bride's brother, at Short Beach, Conn.

The wedding was witnessed by only the immediate relatives and friends of the bride and bridegroom. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Mr. Montgomery, assisted by the Rev. T. P. Munger.

After the wedding breakfast Mr. and Mrs. Borglum left immediately for Canada, where they will remain until the middle of June, when Mr. Borglum returns to receive the honorary degree of Master of Arts at Princeton.

Mrs. Borglum is a distinguished scholar and Assyriologist, a graduate of Wellesley, and has the degree of Doctor of Philosophy of the University of Berlin.

FOR CLEVELAND MEMORIAL.

Collections for $100,000 Statue in Chicago Half Completed.

CHICAGO, May 19.—The committee of business men to which was intrusted the raising of a fund of $100,000 to erect a memorial statue to Grover Cleveland is experiencing no difficulty in obtaining subscriptions.

It is said that about half of the sum already has been subscribed, although the Finance Committee has taken almost no formal action.

TWO EARTHQUAKES RECORDED

Cheltenham Observatory Reports One 1,500 Miles Away, the Other Further.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—An earthquake 1,500 miles away and another "probably of quite distant origin" were recorded by the Cheltenham (Md.) magnetic observatory of the Coast and Geodetic Survey yesterday afternoon.

The first shock lasted from 12:02 to 12:38 o'clock, and the second from 1:31 to 1:58 o'clock.

ST PAUL REACHES THE COAST.

Last Rail of Connection with Seattle and Tacoma Laid at Hellgate.

BUTTE, Mont., May 19.—The last rail to connect Chicago with Seattle and Tacoma, on the Chicago, Milwaukee & Puget Sound Railway, was laid to-day just east of Hellgate Station, about 100 miles east of Butte. No ceremony marked the practical completion of the coast extension of the St. Paul system.

With the laying of the last rail to-day it is expected that the road will shortly inaugurate a transcontinental freight service, soon to be followed by the operation of through passenger trains.

ROOSEVELT GETS RHINOCEROS

Six Shots Required—Also Kills Hippopotamus Near Ju Ja Ranch.

NAIROBI, May 19.—Theodore Roosevelt has begun his hunting expeditions from the Ju Ja ranch of George McMillan, whose guest he is.

He went out last Sunday and bagged a female rhinoceros. The first shot wounded her in the shoulder, and the animal fled to the bushes. Mr. Roosevelt followed on horseback, and six more shots were required to bring her down. The head and skin weighed 532 pounds.

To-day Col. Roosevelt added a hippopotamus to his big-game bag. The animal was killed a short distance from the Ju Ja ranch.

Edmund Heller, the zoologist of the Roosevelt expedition, returned to camp this morning after bringing here about fifty specimen of animal and bird life to be cured and preserved.

DICKINSON, ILL, COMES HOME.

Cuts His Stay at Havana Short and Sails for Washington.

HAVANA, May 19.—The visit of Secretary of War Dickinson has been cut short by his illness, and the converted yacht Mayflower, on which he arrived yesterday, sailed to-night with the Secretary and party aboard.

Secretary Dickinson will be taken direct to Washington. He has been confined to his stateroom for three days, suffering from a chronic ailment. His condition is not alarming, but there was a slight fever to-day, indicating some inflammation, and the attending physician decided that it would not be advisable for him to remain longer in a warm climate.

Gen. Bell and the other members of the party came ashore this morning and called on President Gomez. They visited Camp Columbia and other points of interest.

Kaill's, Finest Downtown Restaurant. Grand opera and music noon and ev'g. 14-18 Park Pl. —Adv.

H. H. ROGERS DEAD, LEAVING $50,000,000

Apoplexy Carries Off the Financier Famous in Standard Oil, Railways, Gas, and Copper.

ONLY HIS WIFE WITH HIM

Dead When His Physician Arrives—Associates Shocked, but Only a Ripple in Stocks—Funeral To-morrow.

Henry Huttleston Rogers, one of the foremost of the country's captains of industry, and a notable figure for many years in financial and corporation development in this country, died suddenly at his home, 3 East Seventy-eighth Street, at 7:20 o'clock yesterday morning, following a stroke of apoplexy, the second one he had suffered. He had been taken ill about an hour before he expired, soon after he had risen for the day. He died before his physician, Dr. Edward P. Fowler, could reach him from his country house at Pelham Manor.

Mr. Rogers was in his sixty-ninth year. As to his fortune, the estimates of Wall Street men varied yesterday from $50,000,000 to $75,000,000. Figures recently published showing the distribution of Standard Oil stock credited him with holding in his own name 16,020 shares in that corporation.

Mr. Rogers's death was entirely unanticipated in its suddenness. He had suffered two years ago this July a slight stroke of apoplexy, which necessitated his retirement from business for four or five months. But later on he returned to Wall Street to take up a part of his former burden and carried it to the end. On Tuesday he spent several hours at his desk in the Standard Oil Building at 26 Broadway, attended the daily Directors' meeting of the Standard Oil, and lunched, as had long been his custom, with his associates. He was in good spirits and apparently good health.

After leaving his office on Tuesday Mr. Rogers took a ride in his automobile, and reached his home for dinner. He dined with Mrs. Rogers, and retired without complaint of illness. It has long been his custom to rise between 5 and 6 o'clock, and yesterday morning Mrs. Rogers was awakened by her husband, who said that he felt ill. He was suffering from a severe headache and nausea, but it was not thought to be more than a passing indisposition. It was not long, however, before numbness became apparent in his arms, and shortly before 7 o'clock Dr. Fowler was summoned by telephone from Pelham Manor. He made the trip to the city in less than thirty minutes, but on his arrival Mr. Rogers was dead. There was no one at the residence when he died except Mrs. Rogers and the servants.

Dr. Fowler made an examination of the body and decided that death was due to a second stroke of apoplexy. He said when the death was announced about 10 o'clock in the morning:

Hand on Business Helm to the Last.

"Mr. Rogers had not been well for several days, and I had been endeavoring my best to make him leave his work and take a long rest. There were some matters which he said he must clean up, and he promised me that he would go away as soon as he had finished. I had planned that he should take an ocean trip in the hope that it would get him where no news of the business world could reach him. His wife was with him at the end."

Mr. Rogers's daughters, his son, H. H. Rogers, Jr., and his son-in-law, Urban H. Broughton, were called to the house. It was decided to hold the funeral at 10 o'clock to-morrow at the Church of the Messiah, at Thirty-fourth Street and Park Avenue, where Mr. Rogers had been a member for many years. The venerable Dr. Robert Colyer, Pastor Emeritus of the church, will conduct the services, and on Saturday the body will be buried at Fairhaven, Mass., after services in the Unitarian Memorial Church, the million-dollar memorial which Mr. Rogers erected to the memory of his mother.

All day long yesterday there was a stream of callers at the Rogers residence. Henry Phipps, the financier and philanthropist, was one of the earliest; J. D. Ryan, President of the Anaconda Copper Company, was another. Mr. Ryan said when he left the residence;

"On Friday last Mr. Rogers went to his Summer home at Fairhaven, Mass., where he remained Saturday and Sunday. He came back on Monday apparenaly a well man, went to his office, and remained there until 4 o'clock in the afternoon."

Samuel L. Clemens (Mark Twain) heard the news at the Grand Central Station when he arrived in town to visit his old friend. William Rockefeller received it at a New York Central Directors' meeting. Both were deeply affected.

Only a Ripple in Wall Street.

Downtown the news of Mr. Rogers's death came entirely unexpectedly to Wall Street, but produced no more than passing effect in any of the securities with which he had been associated. Amalgamated Copper went off 1⅝ points from the closing of the night before, and Consolidated Gas was off something over 2 points, but there was no effect at all on the general market. Mr. Rogers's associates at 26 Broadway were little inclined to talk for publication about his death.

William Rockefeller did not learn of the death of his associate until he arrived at the Grand Central Station for the regular meeting of the New York Central Board. At the close of the meeting Mr. Rockefeller said:

"We shall miss Mr. Rogers a great deal. I do not know any of the details, but it is safe to say that Mr. Rogers's death need not have any unfavorable consequences in respect to his business relations. He had had one stroke, and since then had been less active in business. I am quite sure it will be found that his affairs are in very good order."

Redmond & Co., who were Mr. Rogers's agents in the flotation of the Virginia Railway securities, issued this statement:

It is not believed the death of H. H. Rogers will affect his various enterprises in any degree. Some years ago, when Mr. Rogers had a stroke of apoplexy, all questions that might arise at his death were carefully settled.

The management of his affairs has long been in the hands of trusted agents, his son and son-in-law, so that there is not likely to be any change of policy in any way.

Who Will Be His Successor?

In Wall Street banking quarters yesterday the principal topic of discussion raised by the death of Mr. Rogers had to do with who should be his successor as the virtual director, with William Rockefeller

feller, of the financial power represented by the Standard Oil Company. They were few who would assume to answer this question, for Mr. Rogers and William Rockefeller had for years been such commanding figures in the Street that their successors are not to be lightly chosen. As to the management of Mr. Rogers's very large private interests, including his personal enterprise, the newly opened Virginia Railroad, it was believed that the responsibility would be divided between U. R. Broughton, his son-in-law, who is now the active head of the United Metals Selling Company, and H. H. Rogers, Jr. Mr. Rogers's son, however, is only in his thirtieth year, and while since 1907 he has had an office in his father's suite in the Standard Oil Building, it is not believed that he will undertake single handed the management of the important projects with which Mr. Rogers individually had been identified.

The Standard Oil Directors took no action at their daily meeting yesterday morning concerning Mr. Rogers's death.

MARK TWAIN GRIEF-STRICKEN.

He Heard the News on Arriving in Town to Visit His Old Friend.

Samuel L. Clemens, (Mark Twain,) for years one of the warmest friends of Mr. Rogers, arrived in town from his home in Redding, Conn., at noon yesterday, intending to meet Mr. Rogers at the latter's home, and heard the news of his death on arrival at the Grand Central Station.

A telegram apprising Mr. Clemens of the death of his old friend had been sent to Redding yesterday morning, but Mr. Clemens did not receive it, and did not know that Mr. Rogers was dead until after he arrived. As Mr. Clemens left the station he looked greatly grieved, and was leaning heavily upon the arm of his daughter, Miss Clemens, who had accompanied him to New York from Redding. Tears filled his eyes and his hands were trembling.

Several reporters who had met the Pittsfield express, on which Mr. Clemens came to New York, were at the train to meet him.

"This is terrible, terrible, and I cannot talk about it," Mr. Clemens said to the reporters. "I am inexpressibly shocked and grieved. I do not know just where I will go."

Miss Clemens explained that her father had left his home not knowing anything about the death of his friend, and had expected to enjoy the day with him. The members of the Rogers household, knowing that he was coming, had notified her as soon as the death had occurred, that she might break the news to him as gently as possible. The first intimation, she said, that her father received that Mr. Rogers was not living and in good health was from herself.

Mr. Clemens and his daughter lingered in the waiting room on the main station for a few minutes. Then Mark Twain, still leaning on his daughter's arm and looking toward the ground, walked slowly to the street through the Forty-second Street exit. Together they proceeded to the Subway station and boarded an uptown express.

Later in the day Mr. Clemens went to the home of Urban H. Broughton, son-in-law of Mr. Rogers, where they were joined by other friends of the family. After spending a few minutes there he reappeared and went away in a carriage. He did not go to the Rogers home and it was said that he had probably returned to Redding.

ROCKEFELLER'S PLEA VAIN.

He Urged Mr. Rogers, with Tears in His Eyes, to Seek Rest—His Tribute.

Special to The New York Times.

HOT SPRINGS, Va., May 19.—John D. Rockefeller received the news of Mr. Rogers's death this afternoon on the golf links here from a reporter. Mr. Rockefeller was greatly affected. He went to his cottage immediately.

Mr. Rockefeller said that he had no idea that Mr. Rogers was ill, and that nothing could have been more unexpected than the news of the death of his old friend and business associate. Asked for an expression of his opinion on the effect that Mr. Rogers's death would have upon the business world, as well as a personal expression from himself, Mr. Rockefeller said:

"Mr. Rogers's death is a great loss to the business world, but it is also a personal loss. I am not familiar with his business affairs, but have every reason to believe they were all in good shape. Mr. Rogers had not been actively connected with the affairs of the Standard Oil Company for over two years.

"I have seen Mr. Rogers but twice in the last five years and on both of these occasions, as well as often before, I urged him, with tears in my eyes, not to work so hard. I also pleaded with the members of his immediate family, whenever I met them, to urge him not to work so hard. But he was so strong, so powerful, that no one could persuade him to cast aside his burdens. I can only repeat that his death is a great personal loss, but that the business world will be in no way unfavorably affected."

ROGERS A BIG MAN—T. F. RYAN.

Financier Shocked by the News Just as He Starts for Europe.

Just a very few minutes before he sailed yesterday for Liverpool on the Cunard liner Lusitania, Thomas F. Ryan heard of the death of Mr. Rogers. He was visibly affected by the news.

"I am very much shocked," he said. "It comes as a great surprise to me. I knew that Mr. Rogers was not feeling well, but I did not believe that his condition was so serious. One of the last things I did before coming on board this steamer was to tell my son to call up Mr. Rogers, present my compliments to him, and inquire as to his health. Mr. Rogers was one of this country's big men. His loss will be felt in the financial world."

GOV. HADLEY'S ESTIMATE.

Former Prosecutor of Standard Oil Says Rogers Was a Remarkable Man.

Special to The New York Times.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., May 19.—When Gov. Hadley was informed by telegraph to-day of the death of Henry H. Rogers, with whom the Governor, as Attorney General of Missouri, had a bout while taking depositions in New York in the proceedings against Standard Oil, the Governor said:

"H. H. Rogers was a remarkably able man, and also a remarkably attractive man. His great success in business had apparently made him indifferent to the restraints which the law imposed as to the methods in which his business was conducted. There was a certain tendency to facetiousness in his testimony in the Standard Oil litigation which perhaps unjustly created the impression that his attitude toward the law and the courts was one of flippancy and indifference.

"Whatever may be the final judgment as to the methods which he adopted in the business world, I think there can be no question but that he was personally both an attractive and a remarkable man."

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DUAL PERSONALITY OF HENRY H. ROGERS

A Man of Steel and a Fighter in Business; Gentle, Genial, and Lovable Away from It.

NEWSBOY TO OIL MAGNATE

His Vast Interests in Oil, Railroads, Coppers, and Gas, and His Many Battles in Finance.

Every one who knew H. H. Rogers, friend or foe, from his intimate associates in the Standard Oil Company to his latter-day enemy, Thomas W. Lawson of Boston, was impressed with and freely admitted his curious dual personality. The Henry H. Rogers that the business world knew was a man of steel. As his friends knew him, away from business, he was one of the most genial, warm-hearted, and lovable of men.

A little thing that happened a few years ago, when Mr. Rogers was called for examination in the suit brought by Missouri to oust the Standard Oil Company from that State, perfectly illustrates the man. After dodging subpoenas all the way from Montauk to Buffalo, and again when by chance he happened to be in Missouri territory, Mr. Rogers was finally served and obliged to appear before the Special Master who was taking testimony in this city. Then he had to wait three days before he was called to the stand. He spent this time in making friends with the office boys and stenographers in the law offices where the hearings were held. Apparently there was no man so glad to be there as Henry H. Rogers. But when he was called to the witness stand Attorney General Hadley, now Governor of Missouri, and Henry Wollman, his associate, found themselves confronted with the other Rogers—the man of steel.

"I decline to answer under the advice of counsel," was the phrase which Mr. Rogers's testimony served to make famous at that time. A little later he made the young Attorney General jump from his seat with the retort:

"It is quite immaterial to me what the Supreme Court of Missouri desires me to say other than what I have testified."

Mr. Rogers, like most of the other men with whom his life work was to be shared, had to make his own way in the world. The son of a country storekeeper, and brought up in the little village of Fairhaven, to which, in these later years, he has given almost everything that makes its civic life worth while, Mr. Rogers had no better prospects than the average country boy with a long line of New England ancestors behind him. He sold newspapers in Fairhaven to make his first spending money; later, when he faced the more serious problem of self-support, he drove a grocery wagon, clerked it a while at his father's store, and for a little time was brakeman and baggage master on a branch line of railroad that ran through the village.

A little while ago Mr. Rogers, in talking to a friend, illustrated his idea that boys have better opportunities to-day than in his youth, by telling how he and his father went the rounds of machine shops in the vicinity of Fairhaven trying to get him an opportunity to be apprenticed to learn the machinist trade. Everywhere the doors were shut to him; the machinist trade in that district was a closed combination, and outsiders were not wanted.

When Rogers Turned to Oil.

To this incident is probably due the fact that young Rogers turned to oil. He was 21 years old when the newly discovered oil fields of Pennsylvania drew from the more developed East something of the same sort of migration that the California gold fields inspired in '49. Rogers packed up his small belongings, took with him his young wife, who had been Miss Abbie Gilford of Fairhaven, and started for the oil fields. He brought up in the Oil City territory and met there, in the next few years, a company of men who were destined to make the oil business famous. One of them was John D. Archbold, another was S. T. C. Dodd, for long afterward counsel to the Standard Oil Company; and still a third M. F. Elliott, who was Mr. Dodd's associate for many years, and became his successor on his death a year or so ago.

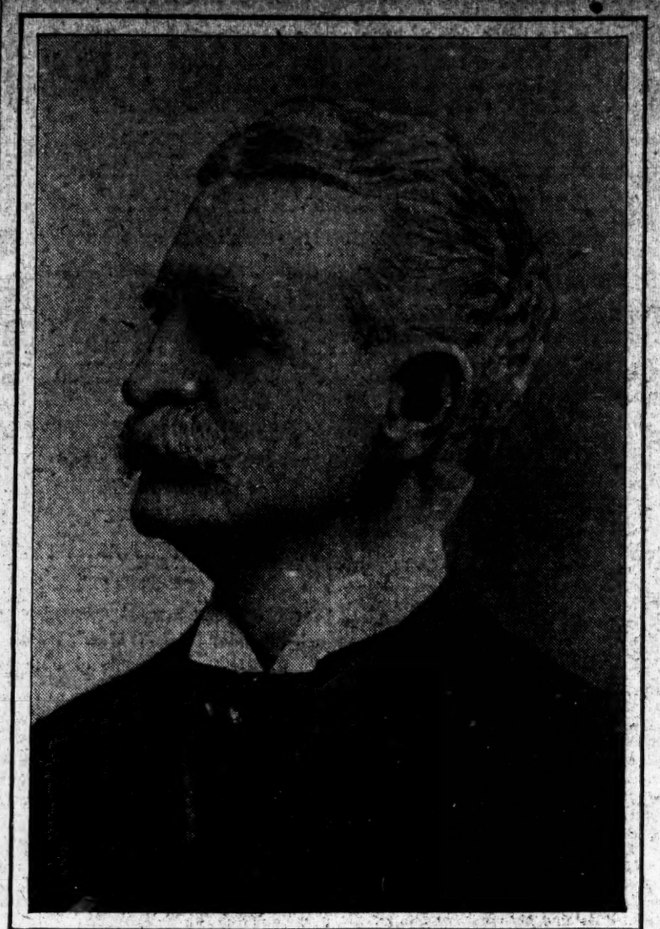
Another whom Rogers met was Charles M. Pratt of Brooklyn, who made the name "Pratt's Astral Oil" the keynote of his fortune. Pratt was not one of the Oil City "boys," as the famous little company became known in later years, but his oil interests made him conversant with the Pennsylvania field, and there he and Rogers became acquainted. It was only in 1866, after five years in the oil fields, that Mr. Pratt asked young Rogers to become associated with him in his Brooklyn business. There Rogers put in the next eight years. It has long been one of his sources of pride that during this period he invented the machinery by which naphtha was first successfully separated from the crude oil. This invention not only made the way for all that has been done since in the use of naphtha and its kindred products, but it made the handling and use of the residual oil far safer than it had ever been before, because the volatile constituent had been removed.

In 1874 the Rockefellers, who had entered the oil business from Ohio, undertook the formation of the Standard Oil Company, and the Pratt interests were absorbed. With this amalgamation came Henry H. Rogers and Charles H. Pratt into the Standard Oil Company. Mr. Rogers, because of his proved ability as an oil man and his genius for organization, was made Chairman of the Manufacturing Committee. Soon he became a trustee of the Oil Trust—it was a trust then in legal organization as well as in popular conception. Before the eighties were over he was Vice President of the concern.

Piping Oil Rogers's Invention.

It would be far too long a story to undertake to rehearse here the history of H. H. Rogers in the oil business the last thirty-five years. That would make a book, or many volumes, according to the intimacy with which the writer approached the subject, but it should be recorded that Mr. Rogers conceived the idea and organized the pipe-line system for the transportation of oil as it exists to-day. Down to the end of his days the National Transit Company was the "apple of his eye," and he remained President of it until long after the active management of the oil business at 26 Broadway had been given over by him to other hands so that he with William Rockefeller could undertake the direction of the great money power that is popularly represented by the name "Standard Oil."

Nor is it possible to recount in detail his varied interests outside of the oil business itself. They may be summed up under four general heads: Banks, railroads, gas, and copper. In the order of development the sequence might be, perhaps, changed, for Mr. Rogers's railroad and banking affiliations were largely the result of his association with the Standard Oil group of capitalists, whereas he went into gas in the eighties on a developmental basis, just as he went into oil and a decade later entered the copper field. How wide his affiliations were is indicated by the Directorates which he held in the United States Steel Corporation, Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé Railroad Company, the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad Company, the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad Company, the Union Pacific Railroad Company, and a half dozen other lesser concerns. He largely owned the railroad and traction systems on Staten Island, and his last personal enterprise was the development of the Tidewater line in Virginia, which he opened only a few weeks ago, after achieving what has probably come to no other American business man—a successful financing of a $40,000,000 railroad property on his own resources and credit, and partly, too, in a time of stress and strain, the panic of 1907.



HENRY HUTTLESTON ROGERS.

One has to go back twenty-five years to find the beginning that Mr. Rogers made in the gas field. With some of his associates he was instrumental in forming the Consolidated Gas Company in 1884 in this city, and a few years later bought control of the Brookline and started against J. Edward Addicks, the virtual owner of the Bay State Gas Company in Boston, the bitter warfare which Thomas W. Lawson, among others, has turned into history. That was many years ago; so many in fact that when, quite recently, out of the wreck of the Bay State Gas Company there arose suits in which Mr. Rogers was named as a defendant for millions, he testified on the witness stand:

"I am trying to think if I have ever been in the gas business."

Before the day was over he had remembered that his individual profits in the Boston gas deal amounted to $3,000,000.

His Entry into the Copper Field.

No less spectacular was the entry of Mr. Rogers into the copper situation. He had met, through his Boston gas interests, A. C. Burrage, who like many other Boston financiers of the middle nineties, was deeply engaged in the copper speculation. Boston was copper mad. The Boston & Montana, the Butte & Boston, the Anaconda, the Parrot, and a host of other properties less notable formed the basis for a large part of the investment and the great bulk of the speculation of Boston's business community. There were copper houses and copper banks, and the queer names of the mines themselves were as familiar as the batting order of the Giants to the average schoolboy.

Mr. Burrage interested Mr. Rogers in the Anaconda and the Parrot properties, and they, with one or two other smaller ones, were purchased for about $37,000,000 and formed the first $75,000,000 section of the Amalgamated Copper Company, which was to be launched in 1899. The Amalgamated, as first formed, did not control the best of the Boston coppers—the rich Boston & Montana—and to that the attention of Mr. Rogers and his associates was attracted after the first section of the Amalgamaetd was brought out.

The way in which the control of the Butte & Boston Company, which had been sold for $2 a share under a court order not long before, was obtained at about $20 a share, and this company used as a club against the Boston & Montana; the guerrilla warfare against the Bigelow interests and the wrecking of the Globe Bank—all these things are permanently fixed in the financial history of the Massachusetts city.

At last Boston & Montana was added to the Amalgamated group of properties, and with Butte & Boston at $120 per share it was put into the copper merger as a basis for increasing the capitalization of the Amalgamated to $155,000,000. The rest of the Amalgamated history is familiar enough, not only to Bostonians, but to New Yorkers. It produced the Lawson-Rogers incident, and the sensational attack of the Boston copper man on his former associate.

Mr. Rogers was a prominent figure in every financial battle which even remotely concerned the properties in which he was interested. The history of the gas companies was one of perpetual warfare; so was the history of his copper companies, and in later years he has been a big figure in several other battles that have thrilled the world of finance. It was in 1905, when the life insurance scandals had hardly begun, that Attorney General Hadley of Missouri came over here with a suit to oust the Standard Oil Company of Indiana and the Waters-Pierce Oil Company from Texas from that State.

Central Figure in the Oil Battle.

Mr. Rogers forthwith became a central figure in the battle, for as soon as it appeared on the examination of the early witnesses that the Standard was going to fight to a finish, he was immediately called to the witness stand and subjected to a line of questioning tending to shrow the existence of a monopoly through the inter-relation of various oil companies supposedly independent.

The first of these questions produced Mr. Rogers's retort, "I refuse to answer on the advice of counsel," and his defiance of the Missouri Courts, to which reference has been made. Then the matter was taken into the New York Supreme Court, and an agreement was reached whereby the Standard offered to admit the contentions of the prosecution regarding the stock ownership of the various companies, provided Mr. Rogers be excused from testifying. To this Mr. Hadley and Mr. Wollman would not consent; so Mr. Rogers had to go on the stand as the first witness of importance from the Standard Oil Company who had ever been examined under oath against his will. It was no wonder that the geniality which he showed to the office boys while waiting around to testify, vanished as soon as he took his seat in the witness chair and realized the prospect before him. His actual testimony was brief. Once he had been compelled to take the stand the attorneys for Missouri were content to accept the Standard's admissions on the points that were in dispute.

Mr. Rogers was hardly out of this Missouri case when he was drawn into the insurance warfare. He had long been a Trustee of the Mutual Life Insurance Company; he was also a Director of the Union Pacific Railroad, and one of Mr. Harriman's close associates in the management of his properties. There was internal warfare in the Mutual between Stuyvesant Fish, who did not like the company's method of self-investigation, and a group of the old Trustees, who wanted to do the probing in their own way. There was also warfare in the Illinois Central Railroad, where Mr. Fish was President, and Mr. Harriman had been long at work in a campaign to unseat him. The two battles came into an inevitable relation on account of the personnel of the opposing army. Mr. Rogers, in the Mutual, retired himself as a Trustee when the ticket was named which went into the campaign against the policy holders' committee, but he was largely instrumental in selecting that ticket, and had a large share in the struggle itself. In the Illinois Central fight it was at his office that the agreement was brought about whereby the Harriman forces gained a year's time, and were eventually enabled to displace Stuyvesant Fish from the Presidency of the road.

The last project of his varied life has been believed by many to have broken Mr. Rogers's health. He undertook, in April, 1907, to consolidate the Tidewater and the Deepwater Railways into the Virginian Railway Company for the purpose of completing as a low-grade line for the valuable traffic from West Virginia coal fields to the coast. The Virginian Railway was organized with an authorized issue of $35,000,000 stock and $33,500,000 bonds. Mr. Rogers, then in his sixty-eighth year, undertook, with the co-operation of his son-in-law, Urban H. Broughton, personally to build and finance the enterprise.

His Last Great Task a Success.

He began it in a panic year and he had to carry it over the panic. The terms that he had to pay for money and the gilt-edged securities that he had to put up would have wrecked a man of smaller resources and less determination, and when at last he broke down in July, 1907, many said that it was because of worry over this Tidewater project. For months his doctors kept him from any thought of business. Then in the Spring of last year he came back to his familiar haunts, and little by little took up the responsibilities of the day.

Finally the road was finished, and on April 1 this year Mr. Rogers left with a party of his friends, including Mark Twain, to celebrate its opening. It was all that could be desired. The citizens of Norfolk, where the tidewater was, hailed the road as a public benefaction and welcomed its builder accordingly. There probably could have been no more congenial ending for thirty-five years, which made up as busy and as varied a career as New York City ever saw.

"Hen" and His Gentle Side.

His intimate friends have been drawn from two extremes of life. The brilliance of Mark Twain and the late Tom Reed was his delight. To them he showed a side of make-up that few others outside of his family appreciated. On the other hand, there have been for years in Fairhaven natives who would never speak to him except as "Hen." They were his intimate friends also, each in his own way, and they saw a side of the man that Wall Street would find it difficult to understand.

Mr. Rogers was a persistent and an insistent optimist. In the uncomfortable months of 1907 his confidence in the continued prosperity of the country was unshaken.

"I believe," he said, in an interview at that time, "that Providence is on the side of this country, and that everything will work out all right. I do not believe the people are going to overlook the things which make for their well-being. The whole country has had a taste of the blessings of prosperity, and I believe the people are going to eliminate the factors that stand in the way of continued prosperity."

Mr. Rogers was twice married, his first wife having died in 1895. His second wife, whom he married in 1896, was Emelie Augusta Randel, who had been Mrs. Lucius R. Hart. He is survived by his wife and four children, Henry H. Rogers, Jr., Mrs. W. E. Benjamin, Mrs. Urban H. Broughton, and Mrs. William R. Coe. He had nine grandchildren

NORFOLK MOURNS HIS DEATH.

Flags Along the Virginian Railroad at Half Mast—He Educated Helen Keller

NORFOLK, Va., May 19.—The death of Mr. Rogers was heard in Norfolk and throughout Virginia to-day with the deepest sorrow. Particularly keen was the regret that accompanied the announcement here, where Mr. Rogers had so recently found a warm place in the hearts of the entire populace of Norfolk, the practical terminus of his new Virginian railway system.

Mr. Rogers's visit and reception here early in April was declared by himself to have been one of the most pleasant occasions of his life. It was at the banquet table here that Mark Twain brought out many of the previously untold philanthropies of Mr. Rogers, notably his benefactions to Helen Keller, whom Mr. Clemens said had, as a child, been rescued in the South by Mr. Rogers, deaf, dumb, and blind, from scarlet fever, and by him educated through a period extending over a quarter of a century, until her accomplishments, Mr. Clemens declared, are now comparable only to those of Joan of Arc.

The death of Mr. Rogers will, so far as is known here, have no effect upon the future of the Virginian Railway, which will in all likelihood be carried on under his own ideas by those who succeed him.

All of the flags of the Virginian system were to-day placed at halfmast along the line in Virginia as a token of respect to the memory of the owner of the road.

Flags Half Masted at Copper Mines.

BUTTE, Mont., May 19.—As a mark of respect to Henry H. Rogers, flags at the mines of the Amalgamated Copper Company and on all public and many private buildings were at half-mast to-day. Mr. Rogers visited Butte in 1900 and was personally known to hundreds of citizens of Butte. He was popular with the miners, who looked on him as their friend and champion. The annual meeting of the Anaconda Copper Company, which was to have been held in Anaconda, was postponed until a week from to-morrow.

LIVER AND KIDNEY

Bladder Diseases, Constipation, Alcoholic Poisons, Uric Acid, Rheumatism. A Medical Journal states:

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"KNOW WHAT YOU'RE TAKING."

Druggists, 50c., $1, or by mail. Send for booklet. DURAL CHEMICAL CO., 54 E. 29th St., N. Y.

The right kind of influence always works to a man's advantage. Just so when a man advertises for a position in The New York Times. The very fact that his advertisement appeared in the "Want" columns of The Times influences business men to seriously consider his appeal. Page 17.—Adv.

ROGERS'S FIRST DEAL IN OIL ON $1,200

C. P. Ellis, His Boyhood Friend and First Partner, Tells How It Was Made in 1861.

OIL CRAZE CAUGHT THEM

A Third Man Flunked and Their Refinery Was Built Partly on Credit—Warm Tribute by Old Associate.

Charles P. Ellis was H. H. Rogers's first partner in the oil business, and was primarily responsible for the financier's entry into oil. Mr. Ellis told a NEW YORK TIMES reporter last night at his home, 217 East Seventy-second Street, of his early associations with Mr. Rogers.

"I met my old friend first," said Mr. Ellis, "when I was 6 years old. I was nine months older than he. This was at Fairhaven, Mass., where our parents lived. I see it has been stated that Mr. Rogers's father was a poor man. This is wrong, for he owned the house he lived in, and a man cannot be called poor who owns his own home. We played together and entered the grammar school at Fairhaven at the same time. After that we went to the high school, where Henry graduated. I didn't. After leaving school Mr. Rogers went to work with his father at the Fairhaven Union Store.

"It was in 1861, and the oil discoveries had been made. We both had been saving an dhad about $800 each. Oil got to be a craze, and we two talked about it incessantly. At last we made up our minds to try our luck, and found out that it would take about $1,800 to put up a refinery. We found somebody else who had $800, and the three of us arranged to go into partnership.

"At the last moment the third man dropped out, and the question was how to build an $1,800 refinery with $1,200. We did it on credit, but I am not going to tell you how. The refinery was built at McClintockville, about two and a half miles above Oil City, and the firm of Rogers & Ellis came into existence. I named the firm, for I was nine months older than Henry."

Mr. Ellis produced a photograph taken about this time, showing himself and Mr. Rogers in a group of other men interested in the oil industry. Mr. Rogers was easily picked out from the group. He looked a handsome man with the side whiskers which were the fashion of the time.

"Yes," said Mr. Ellis, "his brother Rufus and he were the two best-looking young men in Fairhaven—present company always excepted."

Subsequent events after the establishment of the firm of Rogers & Ellis, Mr. Ellis showed a marked disinclination to talk about. He did say that about 1862 or 1863 a fire occurred at the refinery, but he emphatically denied that it ruined them. He remembered that some one tried to put the fire out with a bucket of benzine, which he thought was water, and was only stopped in time.

Mr. Ellis said that it was only last week that he spent an hour with Mr. Rogers talking over old times.

"I can't believe he is dead," he said. "He was a most extraordinary man, yet very human. Everybody liked him. He never said a bad word about anybody, and no one said a bad word about him, except some newspapers. At school he was a little brighter than ninety-five out of every 100. I could always see something in him. He was an extraordinary judge of human nature, and possessed a bulldog's tenacity—he never let go of anything.

"If he had a friend he was a friend, but if it was the reverse, he was the reverse. It was either yes or no all the way through his life. He was a democratic citizen, and not the slightest foppish, and could make himself agreeable in any sort of society. He never forgot anything, either a face or transaction, and, perhaps best of all, he was a very affectionate husband and a father."

Mr. Ellis is a well-preserved man, with side whiskers, and does not look his age. He did not want to talk about his old friend at all, saying he knew that Mr. Rogers, were he alive, would not like it. He would say nothing as to how it came about that he and Mr. Rogers became dissociated in business, or of the fortunes of the firm after it was once started. On the piano in his room is a portrait of Mr. Rogers, bearing this inscription: "Always your friend, Henry H. Rogers, 1906."

LAWSON ON ROGERS.

Memorable Description of His Old Employer in "Frenzied Finance."

Thomas W. Lawson, who has attacked H. H. Rogers perhaps more bitterly than any other person who has thought he had reason to do so, was invisible yesterday to the reporters who sought him for his expression of opinion on Mr. Rogers's death. In Boston it was said that Mr. Lawson was in New York. Here none of the hotels at which he is known to stay would admit that he was there.

Mr. Lawson's tribute to Mr. Rogers, however, was written long ago in the articles "Frenzied Finance," in which the latter was so bitterly attacked. Here it is in part:

> At 65 Henry H. Rogers is probably one of the most distinguished looking men of the time; tall and straight, and as well proportioned and supple as one of the beautiful American elms which line the streets of his native town.
>
> All able men have some of God's indelible imprints of greatness. This man's every feature bespeaks strength and distinction. When he walks the active swing of his figure expresses power—realized, confident power. When at rest or in action his square jaw tells of fighting power, bulldog, hold-on never-let-go fighting power, and his high, full forehead of intellectual, mightily intellectual power, and they are reinforced with cheek bones and nose which suggest that this fighting power has in it something of the grim ruthlessness of the North American Indian.
>
> The eyes, however, are the crowning characteristic of the man's physical makeup. One must see Mr. Rogers's eyes in action and in repose to half appreciate their wonders. I can only say that they are red, blue and black, brown, gray and green; I have seen them when they were so restfully blue that I would think they never could be anything but a part of those skies that come with the August and September afternoons when the bees hum and the locusts' drone, blend with the smell of new-mown hay to help spell the word "rest." I have seen them so green that within their depths I was almost sure the fish were lazily resting in the shadows of those sea plants which grow only on the ocean's bottom; and I have seen them as black as that thunder cloud which makes us wonder "Is He angry?" And then again I have watched them when they were of that fiery red and that glinting yellow which one sees only when at night the doors of a great roaring furnace are opened.
>
> There is such a kindly good will in these eyes when they are at rest that the man does not live who would not consider himself favored to be allowed to turn over to Henry H. Rogers his pocketbook without receiving a receipt. They are the eyes of the man you would name in your will to care for your wife's and children's welfare.

MILLIONS TO HIS HOME TOWN.

A Church, School, Library, and Fine Streets Among Gifts to Fairhaven.

FAIRHAVEN, Mass., May 19.—There are many people in this town, where he was born sixty-eight years ago, who remember Henry Rogers's boyhood days here. The older residents will tell visitors of how young Rogers as a boy worked as a carrier for a New Bedford newspaper, and how he sold sugar and flour as a clerk in a Fairhaven grocery store. They also tell of his working as a baggage-master on the old Tremont & Fairhaven Railroad, now a branch line of the New Haven system.

His schoolboy pranks are recounted, and it is asserted that when a pupil at the Fairhaven high school his legs were so long that he could not double them up under his desk. In fact, this incident has been attested by the capitalist himself. When he presented the grammar school building to the town he said that he wanted the boys to have desks big enough to enable them to straighten their legs when at school.

Stories of his charity and kindness to his old friends are many, but his private benefactions were always conducted quietly, and few knew who were the recipients of his kindness.

Fairhaven everywhere bears marks of his generosity. The splendid Rogers Summer estate, occupying a commanding position at the eastern side of the harbor entrance opposite the city, is a conspicuous object both to residents and sightseers. It is built at a bend in the picturesque old Fort Phoenix Road, which extends from the town to the Government reservation, where still stand the brick and stone fortifications antedating the Revolution.

The house, which was erected in 1895, is a splendid specimen of Colonial architecture, topped with a cupola, from which all parts of Buzzard's Bay may be surveyed. The house stands well back from the road and in the midst of spacious gardens. Back of it are extensive stables, a garage, an electric and gas lighting plant, a water supply station, and splendid greenhouses.

Millions to His Native Town.

Mr. Rogers's efforts to beautify his country estate were surpassed only by his benefactions to his native town, which have aggregated more than $3,000,000. In 1884 he made his first gift to the town—an eight-room grammar school building. Later he gave to the town the Millicent Library, a memorial to a deceased daughter, and a town hall building as a memorial to his first wife, who was one of his Fairhaven schoolmates.

Later Mr. Rogers gave a handsome building and lodge room to the local Masonic lodge, upon the condition that the name of the lodge be changed from Concordia to George H. Taber, in honor of an aged resident who had befriended Mr. Rogers in his youth and at other times when he needed assistance.

To the Unitarian Society of the town he gave as a memorial to his mother a magnificent church, parish house, and parsonage. The church is of pure Gothic design and is modeled after an English cathedral. The church is built of granite quarried on Mr. Rogers's estate, and with the two other parish buildings cost considerably in excess of $2,000,000.

Another gift to the town was a high school of brick. Later he obtained title to all the land bordering the "Mill Pond," a mosquito-infested body of water in the centre of the town. At great expense he filled in the pond and created a splendid park, which he turned over to the town.

In order that the town might have a first-class hotel, Mr. Rogers built the Tabitha Inn, named in memory of his grandmother. For many years he was Superintendent of the streets of the town, during which time and chiefly at his own expense he macadamized every street in the town, placed walks at all crossings, curbed all the sidewalks, and paved all the gutters.

He was the owner of all the stock of the Fairhaven Water Company, which supplies the town with drinking water. Recently he transferred this stock to the Millicent Library Corporation, in addition to the endowment of $100,000 which he had given the library at the time of its dedication.

During the Summer months Mr. Rogers was a week-end visitor to Fairhaven, making the trip between New York and this place in his speedy steam yacht Kanawha.

It is expected here that Mr. Rogers's body will be placed in the family tomb built by him at Riverside Cemetery. The tomb is a replica of a Greek temple, and occupies a commanding position on a beautiful knoll overlooking the placid waters of the Acushnet River.

The body will lie in state in the church from 10 o'clock until 1 o'clock. School children, accompanied by their teachers, will be admitted to the edifice between 10 and 11 A. M., and other friends and citizens from 11 o'clock to 1 o'clock. The funeral services will be held at 2:30 o'clock, and will be private. The Rev. Frank L. Phalen, pastor of the church, will officiate, and the interment will be in the Rogers mausoleum in Riverside Cemetery.

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Riker offers every known effective preparation and antiseptic for disease prevention.

Fresh, Dependable Drugs and Medicines for the cure of sickness.

RIKER DRUG STORES

You are SAFE when you buy at Riker's

'SCARE SHIPS' HOVER OVER GREAT BRITAIN

Continued from Page 1.

of naval construction in every nation where the patriotism and good sense of the people do not put a stop to this modern form of madness.

"It is the plain duty of the friends of both England and Germany—and what right-minded man is not the warm friend and admirer of both these splendid peoples?—to exert every possible influence to promote a better understanding of each of these peoples by the other a fuller appreciation of the services of each to modern civilization, and to point out the folly, not to speak of the wickedness, of permitting the seeds of discord to be sown between them by any element in the population of either.

"That nation which insists, in response to cries more or less inarticulate and to formulas more or less outworn, upon spending the treasure taken from its population in taxes upon useless and wasteful armaments, hastens its day of doom, for it impairs its credit or ultimate borrowing capacity in a double way. There is a limit to man's capacity to yield up taxes for public use. Economic consumption is now heavily taxed everywhere. Accumulated wealth is being sought out in its hiding places, and is constantly being loaded with a heavier burden. All this cannot go on forever. The world must choose between pinning its faith to the symbols of a splendid barbarism and devoting its energies to the tasks of an enlightened civilization."

Prof. Samuel T. Dutton, Secretary of the Peace Society of the City of New York and Principal of the Teachers College of Columbia University, was another speaker.

"The situation we are facing," he said, "looks more critical than it did two years ago. One cannot help feeling that things have in a measure gone by default. The long voyage of the battleships, glorious as it was in some ways, placed us in a false position before the world. Our enormous appropriations for armament are raising serious questions in the chancelleries of Europe. Our competency to help other nations is diminished. We cannot administer the Emmanuel treatment to them unless we believe in the God of nations and are ourselves psychologically and ethically sound."

Other addresses on kindred topics were delivered by Albert K. Smiley, Dr. Benjamin F. Trueblood of Boston, Secretary of the American Peace Society; Dr. George W. Kirchwey of Columbia University, Rear Admiral C. H. Stockton, U. S. N., and Don Ignacio Calderon, Bolivian Minister at Washington.

Nebraska Bank Robbed of $6,000.

LINCOLN, Neb., May 19.—Bank robbers secured $6,000 from the Cairo State Bank last night, demolishing the safe and building.

MARVEL OF THE AGE

The P. & W. Vacuum Cleaner

Light, Simple, Beautiful
Removes All Dust

Price $5

"The Easiest Way."

Dust and Disease Dangers Promptly Removed

No Need of Sending Carpets or Rugs to be Cleaned

The P. & W. Vacuum Cleaner means sanitary carpet and rug cleaning on a basis never before attempted.

Don't breathe in Disease Germs when a $5 Vacuum Cleaner, beautifully nickel plated, will prevent it.

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Be up-to-date and own a P. & W. Vacuum Cleaner, the Most Profitable Investment a Housekeeper can Make.

Thoroughly Effective, and Does Not Expel Any Dust.

Public Demonstrations

A Series of Public Demonstrations of the effectiveness of this marvelous cleaner is now being held in the House Furnishing Department of the

Siegel Cooper Store, at Simpson, Crawford & Co.'s and at The 14th Street Store

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Your most difficult problem in procuring a perfect Summer's outing has been solved with the introduction of "The Hygienic Fireless Cooker."

This wonderfully useful utensil cooks, bakes, boils, stews and steams all kinds of foods perfectly by a very simple process.

Besides reducing the irksomeness and bother of cooking, it keeps your tent or bungalow free from unnecessary heat and cooking odors.

By the "Hygienic's" remarkable process of retaining the natural food and meat juices much better cooking results are obtained.

The cost of "The Hygienic Fireless Cooker" is quickly earned by the great saving on fuel bills. It sells for the low price of $10.

It is procurable only from Albert Nelson, 367 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N.Y., who will cheerfully send illustrated booklets and recipe books upon request.

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Cleanses, beautifies and preserves the teeth and purifies the breath

Used by people of refinement for almost Half a Century

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CIRCULATION OF THE BLOOD.—Health Hope, and Happiness are three inseparable blessings, and yet few possess them. Excess is the tyrant that destroys them all with one stroke. By impairing the digestive organs, excess destroys the perfect circulation of the blood. The blood is the carrier that conveys nutriment to every cell in the body. Let it be disturbed by ever so slight a cause and the entire organism suffers. Have you a healthy circulation?

FRANZ JOSEF NATURAL APERIENT WATER

will assist you to get it. A dose taken before breakfast will tone the stomach, awaken the liver, clear the intestines, and send the rich, new blood bounding on its travels carrying with it Health, Hope, and Happiness.

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PAID MADDEN $1,000 TO SETTLE STRIKE

Testimony of Extortion on Trial of President of Chicago Building Trades Council.

$200 PAID FOR "EXPENSES"

Leader, in Auto, and Wearing Fur Coat and a Diamond, Ordered 150 Laborers Out Without Reason.

CHICAGO, May 19.—Trial was begun to-day of Martin B. Madden, President of the Associated Building Trades Council; F. A. Pouchot, and H. J. Boyle, labor leaders, charged with extortion in calling and settling a strike called on the Joseph Klicka Company of Chicago. The trial furnished the contrast between a labor leader calling a strike and men called out on strike without knowing that they had a grievance.

The testimony showed that Madden, fur-clad and wearing a diamond pin, shouted the order from his automobile, and the order hit, among 150 others, Jacob Dubianski, a cement finisher, who refused to walk out because he had a wife and six children to care for.

"When the man came and called the strike, what did he tell you?" Dubianski was asked.

"Just told us there was a strike, and we should quit. I told him I had a wife and six children, and one of the men asked him who was going to pay for our lost time."

"And then?"

"Then he went to the foreman and stopped us."

Henry Blaum and Steven Bielcky, also cement workers, gave similar testimony. They had seen the motor car with its well-clad occupant arrive, and then had seen it go churning away, leaving them without jobs in Winter.

The story of the alleged extortion, as told by D. L. Frazer, a construction engineer, employed by Post & Maehler, architects of the Klicka plant, and somewhat softened by Emil Klicka, President of the Joseph Klicka Company, has to do with the automobile diplomatic negotiations and the alleged passing of money in a downtown saloon, and in substance follows:

The strike having been called for no apparent reason, Mr. Klicka sent Mr. Frazer to see Boyle, who said that the strike had been called because there was a non-union man working on the building. He added, when asked how the matter could be settled, that Klicka would have to see Madden. The following day Klicka and Frazer waited for some time in a saloon until Madden and his motor car arrived, after which Madden and Klicka entered a private office at the end of the bar.

The interview was interrupted by a trip to the bank by Klicka and Frazer, who returned with $200, which was, it is alleged, given to Boyle to compensate him for expenses incurred in calling the strike, Mr. Klicka hoping that Boyle would bring the trouble to an end. Boyle, however, said that the settlement was up to Madden.

There was another interview with Madden in the office at the end of the bar, but on the termination of it Frazer and Klicka in their testimony differed somewhat. Frazer declared that Madden had demanded $1,500 as the price of putting the men back to work and that Klicka emerged from the office cursing earnestly and branding the price as an outrage. Klicka's version was that he told Madden the price was "a little high."

At any rate, the price was not agreed upon at that time. Following Frazer and Klicka, George S. Andres, a construction engineer, was placed on the stand. According to his own and Klicka's testimony, Klicka gave him $1,000 with which to settle the strike. Andres having told Klicka that it could be settled for that sum.

"I told Madden I wanted to settle the strike, and asked him if he would accept $500," testified Andres.

"He answered by telling me to 'Go to ——' you know, and then I offered him $750.

"'Nix,' he answered. I asked him if $1,000 would do.

"'Bring up the dough,' said he. So I went to Klicka, got the check, and got ten $100 bills at the bank. It was night before Madden showed up, and then I offered him the money.

"'How am I to know the strike will be called off if I give you the money?' I asked him. 'Don't worry,' he said. Then I said, 'Here's your money.' He said, 'I never took any money from you,' and I said I knew he didn't.

"I asked Madden what to do with the money, and he told me to throw it on the floor or on the desk. I laid it on the desk and invited the labor leader out to have a drink. He acquiesced, and as we moved out Madden dropped a blotter over the money, seized the pile, and shoved it in his pocket."

The next day the strike was called off and the men returned to work.

The check for $1,000 which Andres said he cashed to get the money for Madden was placed in evidence.

ECLECTIC COLLEGE GRADS.

Degrees for Nine Medical Students—Largest Freshman Class This Year.

The commencement exercises of the Eclectic Medical College of the City of New York were held yesterday afternoon at the college building, 239 East Fourteenth Street. This building, which was originally the private residence of ex-Mayor Gunther, has been altered to meet the requirements of the school. Its assembly hall was crowded to its full capacity.

The Rev. Dr. Joseph Rushton delivered the invocation. Prof. G. W. Thompson, in behalf of the Faculty, stated that ninety-six students had matriculated, and that this year's freshman class was the largest the school had had in many years. He also reported that all of last year's graduates had received their licenses, having passed the State examination. The address to the graduates was made by Prof. A. W. Herzog. Joseph Cohen delivered the valedictory.

President Boskowitz conferred degrees upon the following: Benjamin Abramowitz, Vito Brancato, A. B.; Paul A. Canitz, A. B.; Joseph Cohen, Attilio Favorini, Samuel J. Fine, James Kerr, Joseph Lieberman, Ph. D., and Maurice Sternberger, A. B.

PICK MERRITT FOR CHAIRMAN.

Assemblyman to Head Committee to Inquire Into Telephone Control.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 19.—Official announcement of the special legislative committees will be made a week from to-day, when Lieut. Gov. White and Speaker Wadsworth will return to the Capitol to attend meetings of State boards. Assemblyman E. A. Merritt, Jr., of St. Lawrence County, it is expected, will be Chairman of the committee which will inquire into the question of extending the jurisdiction of the Public Service Commissions to include telegraph and telephone companies and to investigate the work of the Commissioners.

It is also said that Assemblymen Yale of Putnam and Beverly R. Robinson and Coughlan of New York will be on the committee. It is probable that Senator George Davis of Buffalo may have a position on this committee, although he may refuse to serve.

Senator Brough of New York is mentioned for assignment on the committee to investigate the New York City Charter question, and Brooklyn may also have a Republican Senator on this committee. The special committee to investigate the working of the direct primary laws in other States will probably be headed by Senator Meade of Rochester, and Senator Hinman or Senator Davenport will have an opportunity to serve on this committee. Assemblymen Green and Phillips are also mentioned in connection with the Primary Law Committee.

These committees will take up the more important questions which were before the Legislature this year and will present reports to the Legislature of 1910.

AMBULANCE BILL SIGNED.

Establishes in New York a Board to Control Ambulance Service.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 19.—Gov. Hughes to-night signed Senator Grady's bill giving the Commissioner of Street Cleaning in New York control over sprinkling, flushing, washing, and sanding of streets in the Boroughs of Manhattan, Bronx, and Brooklyn. The Commissioner is authorized to make contracts for cleaning, sprinkling, and sanding with machines the streets of the city for a period of not more than five years.

The Governor also signed the Hoey bill establishing in New York a Board of Ambulance Service, to be composed of the Commissioner of Police, the Commissioner of Public Charities, and the President of the Board of Trustees of Bellevue and Allied Hospitals. The board is to have control over all ambulance service in New York except that maintained by the Health Department, with power to establish rules and regulations.

Another bill which became a law to-day is Assemblyman Graubard's prohibiting the sale of liquor in dancing academies, or in any room connected with such academies or on the same floor of the building.

Hearing on Court Calendars Bill.

ALBANY, May 19.—Gov. Hughes announced to-day that he would give a hearing next Saturday at 1 P. M. on the bill of Mr. Murray relative to calendars in the New York City Court of General Sessions. The bill was vetoed by Mayor McClellan, and the hearing was requested by the Judges to present arguments that the measure is not a city bill, and therefore can be considered by the Governor.

ON TRIAL FOR COUNTERFEITING

Why One of the Operators Plugged the Keyhole—Electricity Might Escape.

The trial of the five alleged counterfeiters who were arrested in New Rochelle by Secret Service men on April 24, began yesterday before Judge Hazel and a jury in the United States Circuit Court. Many New Rochelle people were on hand, friends of the accused and shopkeepers who had taken counterfeit bills. The printing presses and printing supplies seized at the time of the arrest were piled up in the courtroom.

The accused include Jose Fernandez, a Spaniard; Salvatore Sarcinia and his wife, Mariana, who, it is charged, passed the money; Domenico Garguilio, a prosperous New Rochelle barber, who is alleged to have financed the schemes, and Baptiste Massaro, described as a general utility man.

The specialty of the gang is alleged to have been the manufacture of $5 silver certificates. More than 2,000 counterfeit bills of this denomination were found when the raid was made.

Assistant District Attorney Emery Buckner called as his first witness, John A. Gobright, a salesman in a printing supply house at 44 Beekman Street. He testified that he had shipped the printing presses to Fernandez at his house, 114 Wynah Avenue, New Rochelle. He told of the sales of other printing supplies which he identified.

All of the witnesses examined at the afternoon session were people who lived in various houses with Massaro and Fernandez in New Rochelle. They told of the secrecy which the two men maintained over what was done in their apartments. Abraham Dack of 2,021 Rose Street, New Rochelle, said that Fernandez told him he was engaged in electrical experiments and had to keep the doors and windows locked, and the keyholes plugged, as he didn't want any of the electricity to escape from the room.

GOULD DIVORCE REPORT FILED

The Referee Is Said to Favor Mrs. Frank J. Gould's Application.

The report of Edward G. Whitaker, referee in the suit for divorce brought by Mrs. Helen K. Gould against Frank J. Gould, was submitted yesterday to Supreme Court Justice Gerard. Although the contents were kept secret, it was said that the referee favored Mrs. Gould's application. The next step will be the approval or rejection of the report by Justice Gerard. It is seldom that the referee's report is rejected.

Should the report be approved Justice Gerard will sign an interlocutory decree of divorce, and at the expiration of three months Mrs. Gould may apply to have the decree made final. There is little likelihood that anything except the formal decree in the case will be made public.

Attacked in Court Man She Accused.

When Charles C. Hicks of Hempstead, L. I., was arraigned yesterday in Special Sessions on the complaint of Mary Collins of 453 Second Avenue, Miss Collins suddenly grew hysterical, and drawing two hatpins from her hat tried to attack him. Assistant District Attorney McNish and several court officers intervened and led her back to the stand. In the middle of her testimony she again tried to attack Hicks, but was suppressed. The Justices acquitted Hicks and discharged him.

VICTORY FOR THE LINE IN NAVY'S QUARREL

Secretary Meyer Refers Bitter Fight Over Staff Power to Commandants of Yards.

FAILS TO GAIN HARMONY

Newberry Reforms, Put Into Effect by Roosevelt, Likely to be Modified by Meyer.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—After one of the most bitter controversies in the history of the navy the line officers apparently have won a decisive victory over the staff. Secretary of the Navy Meyer to-day referred the whole subject of reforms in the navy yards to the commandants of the five largest ones, and it is understood that he will accept their decision. They are line officers, and the result is likely to be the complete overturning of the measures put into effect almost at the end of his term by President Roosevelt on the recommendation of Secretary Newberry.

The Newberry reforms were the outcome of Mr. Roosevelt's plan to get closer cooperation of various bureaus in the Navy Department. Those that especially appertained to the yards had for their object the reduction of expenses and the concentration of authority. While the former result was not objected to by the officers in charge of the yards, the concentration of authority plan brought out a strong protest because of the great power given to the constructors. It was declared that the commandants, who are line officers, would have little real authority, and that under this system the navy was in danger of being dominated by the staff.

One remarkable outcome of the bitterness that resulted was a meeting of line officers on board the Yankton at the Philadelphia Yard, and the drafting of a pamphlet attacking the Newberry plan. The men concerned asked permission to send this pamphlet to all line officers, but it was suppressed, and there was talk of court-martial for the men who attended the meeting.

The whole controversy was referred to a board headed by Admiral Sperry, who had just brought the fleet back from its world cruise. The board was composed of men who represented both line and staff, and it presented two disagreeing reports. The Secretary, in an endeavor to gain harmony, consulted Rear Admirals Sperry, Wainwright, and Potter, and Capt. Osterhaus, who had been with the battleship fleet. Then he called into consultation the chiefs of the line Bureaus of Ordnance, Engineering, and Equipment, and the staff Bureaus of Construction and Repair, Yards and Docks, and Supplies and Accounts.

Finding that the differences could not be reconciled he sent for the commandants of the five largest yards to consult them on this point and on the reduction of expenses demanded by President Taft. There were at the department in consultation with him to-day Rear Admiral E. C. Pendleton of Philadelphia, Rear Admiral E. D. Taussig of Norfolk, Rear Admiral E. K. Moore of Portsmouth, Rear Admiral William Swift of Boston, and Capt. J. B. Murdock of New York. Rear Admiral E. H. C. Leutze, on duty in Washington, and Assistant Secretary Winthrop also were called in.

Mr. Meyer practically decided to leave to the commandants of the yards the decision as to what recomendations in the Sperry report should be adopted. Accordingly all the officers at to-day's conference received copies of the Sperry report and were instructed to take it to their quarters, study it, and report their views to the Secretary at as early a date as possible.

This reference of the report to the Commandants of the yards does not augur well for the adoption of the Newberry reform programme, in the opinion of many of the officers who learned with surprise of Secretary Meyer's action. Rear Admiral Pendleton has been especially outspoken in his opposition to the changes urged by Mr. Newberry. He permitted the meeting on the Yankton, and is understood to have championed the men who attended it.

Curtailment of expenses in the operation of the yards was discussed in connection with the demand made by President Taft that the naval budget be reduced $10,000,000, the same demand having been made on the army. As each commandant exerted every effort to convince the Secretary that his special yard needed all the money it could get the meeting was not exactly harmonious.

Nothing definite in the way of proposed reduction was arranged, but Secretary Meyer has a mass of data on which he will base his estimates. It was explained to the commandants that the time for protest had passed, but in spite of this frank declaration the objections of the yard chiefs were made with vigor and the Secretary was compelled to lay down the law sharply.

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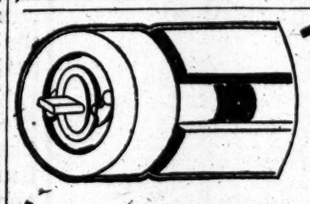

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TAFT PRAISES VALOR OF VIRGINIA TROOPS

Speaks at Unveiling of Statue on Petersburg Battlefields for Pennsylvania Volunteers.

GOOD CAME FROM STRIFE

President, at Luncheon, Refers to the Tariff and Says It Is Congress's Duty to Satisfy All Interests.

PETERSBURG, Va., May 19.—Paying a tribute alike to the soldiers of the North and of the South, President Taft to-day witnessed the unveiling of a heroic statue in bronze erected at Fort Mahone, on the Petersburg battlefields, in memory of Gen. Hartranft and the Pennsylvania volunteers who fell in the stubborn fight about this outpost of the Confederate capital. The President arrived in Petersburg shortly after 9 o'clock. His private car, the Olympia, was detached from the regular Washington train at Richmond and was run as a special from there. The President went immediately to Fort Stedman, where a tablet was unveiled, and then proceeded to Fort Mahone, where he made his first address of the day.

The dust along the roads leading through the battlefields was several inches deep, and the President's black cutaway coat and silk hat were of a light brown color when he finally reached the stand erected at the base of the monument and statue at Fort Mahone. The long escort of horsemen and veterans who started ahead of the President finally gave way and allowed the Chief Executive to ride at the head of the column. In this way he escaped some of the choking clouds of dust.

After noon the sun shone relentlessly and the heat became well-nigh unbearable, causing a material shortening of the set addresses.

As President Taft entered the stand an enthusiastic Virginian rushed forward with a live, wriggling opossum in his arms. The President smiled, but made no move to accept the animal, and the owner passed on in full possession of his treasure.

Eulogizes Confederates' Valor.

The President coupled with every tribute to the Union soldiers a eulogy of the valor of the Confederates. "We could not dedicate this beautiful and enduring memorial," he declared, "to the volunteer soldiers of Pennsylvania with such a sense of its justice and appropriateness had they not been confronted by an enemy capable of resisting their assaults with equal vigor and fortitude. Pennsylvania's pride must be in the victory achieved by her men against so brave, resolute and resourceful an enemy."

The President declared that the battle between the States had to be fought, and that enduring good had come of it.

In addition to the President many other distinguished visitors participated in the day's events. Gov. Stuart of Pennsylvania, Gov. Swanson of Virginia, members of the Battlefields Commission of Pennsylvania, large delegations from Grand Army posts, and a host of Confederate veterans have gathered here, while at the luncheon this afternoon the speakers included in addition to the President and the two Governors M. Jusserand, the French Ambassador; Rear Admiral Sigsbee, U. S. N., retired; President E. A. Alderman of the University of Virginia; former Gov. William E. Cameron and Andrew Jackson Montague of Virginia; Mayor Jones and W. B. McIlwaine of Petersburg.

The oration was delivered by Major Isaac B. Brown, President of the Pennsylvania Battlefields Commission. He eulogized the men of both the blue and the gray, and expressed the hope that the Government of the United States and all the States of the American Union may, in a fraternal and loyal spirit, unite in the building of a joint monument to the Confederate and Union soldiers "which shall be commensurate with the great sacrifices and the unsurpassed bravery which characterized the American soldiers in the great siege of Petersburg."

In concluding Major Brown urged a movement to convert into a battlefield park the territory in which Lee's Army of Northern Virginia and the Army of the Potomac fought.

French Ambassador's Address.

M. Jusserand, the French Ambassador, said in part:

"Twice in the history of the oldest of great republics the place where we now stand was the one where, in some measure, were shaped the destinies of the country. When the question was: Would the American people be free? and when the question was: Would the American people remain one people? Petersburg Va., played a prominent part.

"It was at Petersburg that, during the War of Independence, on the 10th of May, 1781, Cornwallis and Benedict Arnold succeeded in joining hands, to the despair of that American soldier, Major Gen. Lafayette, and it seemed that it was the end of all possible resistance in Virginia; but it turned out to be the very reverse. Answering the appeal of Lafayette, Wayne hastened with his Pennsylvanians, valorous men from the same State as those we are particularly honoring to-day, and a great change was seen; the pursuing army of Cornwallis began to withdraw, pursued in its turn, and moving toward a city the name of which was to become famous forever, Yorktown in Virginia.

"And when struck the hour of the great internal struggle which was so near rending the Nation asunder Petersburg became an even more important historical spot when the siege was laid to it, one of the longest sieges on record, one of the most fertile in heroical episodes, one where the issue remained longest doubtful, so well matched were opponents of the same race, of equal courage and equal faith in what they held their duty. To those opponents justice has been rendered to-day in such eloquent words, and their deeds have been recalled by such an authoritative voice that nothing can be added to the praises bestowed on both by the President of the United States.

"In these great crises, as in many similar ones, the American soldier showed his mettle. The way he behaved is one of the chief explanations for the constant development and the ceaselessly increasing power of the country."

President Taft's Speech.

President Taft said in part:

"My fellow-citizens: We are met to-day on the soil of Virginia to dedicate a memorial to the bravery of the sons of Pennsylvania exhibited in a contest to the death with the sons of Virginia and the South. We stand here in the centre of the bloodiest and most critical operations of the civil war, only a few miles distant from that dramatic scene at Appomattox between Grant and Lee which marked the great qualities of the heart and soul of each, and which was the real end of the terrific struggle between the two sections.

"To Pennsylvania, as one of the great States of the Union, engaged in the determination to save it, fell the burden of furnishing tens of thousands of men for the struggle in every part of the line of attack, but especially in the Army of the Potomac was the force of her people and their devotion to the cause felt.

"In the time which has passed," the President continued, "the bitterness of the internecine struggle has passed away and we now treasure as a common heritage of the country the bravery and the valor of both sides in that controversy. The Army of the Potomac under Grant and Meade was seconded and supported by a generous Government. It was hardly so with the Confederate forces. Scantily clothed, rarely on more than half rations, and for considerable periods reduced to an allowance of bacon and meal hardly sufficient to sustain life, the long Winter through, their shivering infantry manned the ever-extending siege works and made head against the vigorous assaults of the Union army until their depleted ranks were no longer equal to the defense of their attenuated lines, and they gave up a contest which by any other soldiers but the tried and seasoned veterans of the Army of Northern Virginia would long before have been abandoned.

"Pennsylvania's pride must be in the victory achieved by her men against so brave, resolute, and resourceful an enemy. That we can come here to-day and in the presence of thousands and tens of thousands of the survivors of the gallant Army of Northern Virginia and of their descendants establish such an enduring monument by their hospitable welcome and acclaim, is conclusive proof of the uniting of the sections and a universal confession that all that was done was well done, that the battle had to be fought, that the sections had to be tried, but that in the end the result has inured to the common benefit to all. The men of the Army of Northern Virginia fought for a principle which they believed to be right and for which they were willing to sacrifice their lives, their homes—all, indeed, which men hold most dear.

"The contending forces of half a century ago have given place to a new North and a new South, and to a more enduring union in whose responsibilities and whose glorious destiny we equally and gratefully share."

Later President Taft was the honor guest at an al fresco luncheon served on the magnificent oak-shaded lawns of one of the most beautiful old homes in the South, and finally, standing on a knoll of Centre Hill Mansion, the home of Charles Hall Davis, facing a multitude, he made an earnest plea in the twilight for self-sacrificing and non-partisan support for the reunited and common country.

Turning to the subject of the tariff, Mr. Taft laughingly declared:

"I'm not going to say that the tariff for revenue only and the tariff for the purposes of protection are one and the same thing when they both reach the same amount. But when a Congressman from Alabama favors a $2 tariff on lumber for revenue, and a Congressman from Washington or Oregon favors a $2 tariff on lumber for protection, they haven't any great amount of dispute between them. Personally, I am not in favor of a $2 tariff on lumber for any purpose. But it all means, my friends, that we are working closer and closer together along different routes. The Southern Congressmen who have been sharply criticized by their home papers for deserting the sacred principles of free trade come about as close to knowing what their constituents at home want as do the leading papers of the same community. This again is but a further illustration of the fact that we are getting together."

Gov. Swanson expressed to the President the regret felt everywhere that illness had prevented Mrs. Taft from being present.

President Taft left here at 11 P. M. by special train over the Norfolk & Western Road. At Burkeville, Va., his car will be switched to the Southern Railway train due in Charlotte at 10 A. M. to-morrow.

GOVERNORS AT MECKLENBURG

Visiting Executives Speak at Charlotte Celebration—Taft to Arrive To-day.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., May 19.—To-day was Governors' Day at the Mecklenburg celebration, and Gov. Kitchin of North Carolina was the host for the occasion. In the afternoon Gov. Kitchin and the visiting Governors and Lieutenant Governors of the Southern States made addresses at the fair grounds, and in the evening the State's Chief Executive will receive the visiting Executives and the public generally.

President Taft and his party will arrive at 10 o'clock Thursday morning. At North Charlotte the Presidential special will be met by a delegation of prominent citizens and escorted to the Selyn Hotel. At noon an escort comprising the Eighteenth United States Regiment Band, a delegation of Union and Confederate soldiers, the United States troops, and Mrs. Stonewall Jackson will lead the President to the big reviewing stand on Tryon Street, where he will review the military and industrial parade.

After luncheon the President will return to the reviewing stand, where he will deliver an address. Following this feature he will be escorted to Biddle University, the college for negroes, where he will deliver an address to the colored people.

In the evening he will hold a public reception, and at 10 o'clock will board a special train on the return to Washington. The prediction of 100,000 visitors by Thursday is conservative.

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The subjects are interesting and varied. The prices formerly marked were really low. We now cut those prices to gain more room on the walls of our overcrowded picture galleries. There are forty-seven pictures concerned. As examples of the reductions take these ten:

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Sheep	F. Brillet	15.00	10.00
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Landscape	Fenson	50.00	37.50
Sheep	Oliver	22.50	17.50

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BAILEY DENOUNCES JOHNSON ON TARIFF

Challenges Governor to Prove That Democrats Voting for Protection Were Influenced.

CLAY HITS AT SUGAR TRUST

Also Criticises Aldrich for His Extravagance—Lace Machines to be Taxed 45 Per Cent.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—Senator Bailey of Texas, one of the most prominent Democrats in the Senate, to-day delivered a bitter arraignment of Gov. Johnson of Minnesota, one of the Democratic Presidential aspirants in the last campaign. The Governor's published statement concerning the split in the Democratic Party, he said, was "so utterly reckless as to show Gov. Johnson entirely unworthy of any higher office." His bitter speech called from Senator Hale the reply that he thought the split in both parties had been exaggerated, and he predicted that when the Tariff bill came up for final passage, carrying, as he said it would, many "material reductions," it would be passed by practically a party vote.

What started Senator Bailey was an interview with Gov. Johnson purporting to be sent from New York to a local paper in which the Governor was quoted as being amazed at the attitude of Democratic Senators who voted with the protectionists.

"Gov. Johnson, however," says the interview, "does not believe that they can carry their constituents with them. In their dilemma, they (the high protectionists) turned to the South, enlisting the support of the railroad power in that section." The interview does not make it clear whether these words were taken from the Governor or inserted editorially. Senator Bailey was not mentioned by name in the interview.

"Gov. Johnson," said Mr. Bailey, "states that the Senators who have betrayed their constituents cannot lead constituents with them. This man was once thought to be a candidate for the Democratic nomination for President, but, if he is quoted correctly, he shows himself so utterly reckless as to be unworthy of any higher office. He explains our vote on iron ore by insinuating that we were influenced by the railroads.

Bailey Challenges Johnson.

"If he does not know what he is talking about, he had better be studying the tariff, and if he does know, he owes it to his party, to candor, and to the Democratic Senators to state frankly which Senators he means. I challenge Gov. Johnson and the smaller politicians who will repeat his statement after him to show any Democratic votes that give the semblance of countenance to this statement.

"I have noticed that the Republicans when we vote a decrease in duty of 5 per cent. hug themselves and say with great unction, 'We are making progress.' But the complaint against us is that we voted for a duty on ore. I see in a paper that calls itself The Dallas Morning News that it is said that we have voted against the old Democratic doctrine of free raw materials. How old? Thank God, old enough to be buried. I am not going to vote for free hides, free lumber, and free wool until I can get the duty off of shoes, furnitures, and woolen goods.

"The paper I have quoted calls itself independent, sometimes an independent Democrat. But I have noticed that an independent Democrat in the South votes the Republican ticket whenever he gets the chance, while the independent Republicans in the North vote with the Democrats whenever they get a chance. As for free raw materials, I warn those Senators who give reins to their imagination and emotions before elections against the wrath of the day when they get into power and cannot on account of the need of revenue keep their pledges."

Mr. Bailey's sally at the expense of the Independents seemed to please the regular Republican leaders, who have been busy lately trying to get the Democrats and insurgents apart.

Mr. Hale began by saying that there seemed to be an organized conspiracy to neutralize the wideness of the split in the Republican ranks on the tariff schedules by exaggerating the split among the Democrats on the same subject.

Hale Says Bill Will Carry Protection.

"These differences in our party," said Senator Hale, "are not such as are caused by conspiracy or newspaper comment. There is something picturesque in the idea of insurrection and insubordination, and explains why the papers take the matter up so eagerly. The final outcome will be a bill carrying strong and wide protection, but it will carry also material reductions, though they are not promised in the Republican platform. When the final line-up is made, the Senator from Texas will see that there is still a wide party divergence between the advocates of protection as they express themselves in this measure, and the advocates of free trade or its evasion, a tariff for revenue, supported on his side of the aisle."

"The difference between the parties is not as to raising revenue," put in Mr. McLaurin, "but simply that we want to raise revenue for the Government, while you want it for the manufacturers."

Chances for an early vote on the income tax compromise measure agreed upon by the insurgents and Democrats dwindled noticeably to-day. The argument used with apparent effect on doubtful supporters of the income tax is that such an amendment is not essentially a part of the Tariff bill and that it ought to go over at least until the schedules are disposed of, if not until next session, when it could be seen whether additional revenue is needed.

While the Democrats continue to assert that their full strength is behind the measure, Senator Bailey said this afternoon that the organization is making efforts to "pick off" Democrats to stand out for delay. Mr. Bailey seemed to think such a move meant that the whole thing would go over until next year. Another Democrat said that an income tax bill could hardly be written that would not have the support of the Democrats, but on all sides it is thought that if a vote will be reached at all this session it will not be until just before adjournment.

"The income tax is so far off," said a prominent reactionary this afternoon, "that I have not thought of it. That is not worrying us at all."

The few remaining paragraphs in the metal schedule were disposed of to-day without defeat to the committee in the many roll calls that were demanded. Senator Beveridge scolded the committee at length for hurrying up the bill, and predicted that the only vote forced on the subject of watches would simply mean trouble when the item was reached in the Senate.

An amendment offered by Mr. McLaurin, putting sewing machines, typesetting machines, and typewriters on the free list was defeated by a vote of 53 to 23, while Mr. Newland's amendment reducing the duty on these articles from 30 per cent. to 20 per cent. was defeated by a vote of 29 to 43. The insurgents lined up with the Democrats about as usual through the day, but no particular interest was shown in any schedules.

Criticises Aldrich's Extravagances.

Senator Clay opened the day's proceedings with a speech on sugar, and in it criticised Senator Aldrich for his extravagance. Just before advocating a reduction of $30,000,000 in the annual expenditures, said Mr. Clay, the Senator from Rhode Island had voted for increases in salaries and for greater naval expenditures, while in the bill on which his speech for economy was made was contained a provision for a customs court and many unnecessary officials.

"Oh, I take it for granted," said Mr. Aldrich, "that economy is but intelligence in expenditures. The expenses of the customs court for ten years can be won or lost in a single case before it."

Mr. Clay reviewed the establishment of the so-called sugar trust, which was formed, he said, in 1887 by the consolidation of twenty of the leading refineries. While the actual value of the property of the trust was not greater than $10,000,000, according to Mr. Clay, the sugar trust stocked the company at $50,000,000. He said that the concessions in the duty on raw sugar from the Hawaiian Islands, Porto Rico, Cuba, and the Philippine Islands during the last ten years amounted to $212,220,773, of which, he said, the Treasury of the United States or the American people had received no benefit.

"The most grasping and unconscionable trust to be found anywhere is the American Sugar Refining Company," added Mr. Clay, "commonly called the 'sugar trust.' The steel trust and the Standard Oil, in point of dishonesty and unscrupulous conduct, are suckling babes in comparison with the 'Sugar Trust.'"

"If the Sugar Trust can find a defender on the floor of the Senate, then we have reached a condition of affairs most deplorable. If we are to continue to legislate millions of profits into the pockets of this class of men at the expense of the American people, then let us adopt the sugar schedule provided by the Finance Committee of the Senate." In concluding Mr. Clay declared that the Payne Tariff bill will give no substantial relief to the American people.

Declaring that Joseph F. Smith, the head of the Mormon Church, every year fixes the price of beets in the interest of the beet sugar factories of Utah rather than in favor of the producers of beets, Senator Clay called forth a characterization of his statement as "absolutely untrue" by Senator Smoot, himself an official of the Mormon Church. Mr. Clay declared that Mr. Smith, as President of the beet sugar factories of Utah, received $20,000 annual salary.

"He is always in favor of the factories and against the growers," said Mr. Clay.

Upon Mr. Smoot's denying this statement Mr. Clay declined to be interrupted further.

Duty on Lace-Making Machines.

A proviso allowing the entrance free of duty on lever lace-making machines until July 1, 1911, was stricken out by a committee amendment, and the regular duty of 45 per cent. imposed without restriction. It had been repeatedly charged outside the Senate that the proviso was simply to allow a single Rhode Island factory to purchase, duty free, the machines of a dissolved European house. The duty, as now left, will amount, it is said, to about $2,700 a machine.

Senator Dolliver made a vain attempt to change the wording of the basket metal clause so as to prevent ridiculous classifications in the customs court. He wished to amend the provision so that instead of imposing a duty of 45 per cent. ad valerom on articles not otherwise specified made wholly or "in part" of metal, the imposition would be on articles made up wholly or in "chief part" of metal. He said that under the present wording, shoes, chairs, artificial flowers, and mattresses had been classified by the courts as in the metal schedule. The amendment was defeated by a vote of 40 to 30.

Barton & Guestier

(Established 1725)

OLIVE OIL

The quality of B. & G. OLIVE OIL is the finest. It is made from selected Olives, grown in the Nice and Cannes Districts, in France. Imported in bottles only.

Guaranteed Absolutely Pure

For Sale by Leading Grocers in the United States.

E. LA MONTAGNE'S SONS, Agents, 45 BEAVER ST., NEW YORK.

Arnold Massage Vibrator

Gives new Life, Strength and Vigor to your whole body.

424 Fifth Avenue, Cor. 38th Street.

LACKAWANNA RAILROAD

Best Road to Buffalo

BANKHEAD FOR GOOD ROADS.

Senator Says Money Spent for Army and Navy Should Build Them.

BALTIMORE, May 19.—An increased attendance in the number of delegates and spectators was noted at to-day's session of the second annual convention of the National Good Roads Association. Gov. Crothers again presided, and among those who spoke was United States Senator John H. Bankhead of Alabama.

Senator Bankhead argued that there were no constitutional barriers preventing Congress from appropriating money for the construction of good roads. He advised the convention to send resolutions to Congress immediately urging an appropriation as soon as possible for the purpose, and criticised the Government for its expenditures of millions in the preparation for war, saying:

"If the Government would devote some of the useless time and energy which it is expending on the army and navy to the building up of the American farm home and roads and to the education of American boys and girls the people of this country would rise up and call Congress blessed."

Dismiss Telephone Contract Suit.

TOLEDO, Ohio, May 19.—Judge R. W. Tayler of the United States Circuit Court to-day, dismissed the suit for injunction brought against the Central Union Telephone Company by the United States Telephone Company. The suit had for its purpose the restraining of the Central Union (Bell) Telephone Company from making contracts with the independent companies.

St. John's Harbor Blockaded by Ice.

ST. JOHN'S, N. B., May 19.—St. John's Harbor was completely blocked by ice floes to-day. The steamer Rosalind was unable to leave on her trip to New York, and several other coastal steamers were held in port. Never before has St. John's been icebound so late in the year.

"SEVEN IN THE FAMILY,

KIND-HEARTED THE WHOLE LOT"

If you could see a *Play* with that title—*would you go?*

If it was a Chinese play with Chinese actors, and you could understand them—

Would you go?

If you could see it for 15 cents—

Would you go?

Will Irwin has given you your chance in the June EVERYBODY'S MAGAZINE.

The Chinese actors have never let themselves be photographed before, but Mr. Irwin wheedled them into it. So the result is exclusive and vastly entertaining.

This month Mr. Samuel G. Blythe, to use his own classic language, "has got us lashed to the mast and shrieking for mercy." We commissioned Mr. Blythe to bring back from abroad an "interesting and instructive article" on Switzerland; it came in labeled "The Search for a Hard Boiled Egg." What could we do? We couldn't send him back for another, so we stood for it, and it looks as though you would have to stand for it, too. Is there anything funnier than a funny man when he's mad?

Mr. Blythe was *it*.

The Farmer feeds us all, and what does the Farmer get done to him in return? Forrest Crissey tells how some of the commission men rob the farmer, till you'd think he'd quit being a farmer in disgust, and let us all starve.

Robert Dunn, the war correspondent, has a sea story in this number illustrated by Reuterdahl, the big marine man who upset the digestions of the navy department so recently. The combination is fine.

Then there are stories and articles from James Hopper and Eleanor Hallowell Abbott, and Frederick Upham Adams, and Lucia Chamberlain, and Franklin Clarkin, and Emily Post, and Porter Emerson Browne (who has just written a play which has considerably disturbed Broadway).

Everybody's Magazine

15 Cents a copy. You owe yourself this magazine.

THE RIDGWAY COMPANY, UNION SQUARE, N. Y. CITY

Maybe you don't like your eggs hard boiled. Don't let that interfere with your reading Blythe's story.

LONDON IS BUYING STOCKS IN NEW YORK

American Securities Favored for Investment Because of French Unrest and English Budget.

ANXIETY REGARDING FRANCE

People Described as Sour Toward Everything and Anxious for a Change That Would Restore Confidence.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 19.—I have it from the highest financial authority that, owing to the political disturbances in France and the uncertainties of the budget exactions in England, large purchases of American securities are being made for high-class investment account. These purchases are not being made through the London Stock Exchange houses, but through large New York financial institutions. Hence they do not figure in what are termed on 'Change the daily balances.

The rapid recovery in railroad earnings and the value of securities so soon after one of the most drastic panics in the nation's history have inspired much confidence in American investments here.

The situation in France is arousing much anxiety here. No attention is paid to the present abortive strike, but the whole political sky seems overcast and gloomy. As one distinguished observer put it, "The people are sour toward everything, hopeless as to the present and anxious for any change which would give them the confidence which unfortunately is not in sight."

CZAR HONORS CLERGYMEN.

Orders for Bishops Innocent of Alaska and Rafael of Brooklyn.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 19.—The list of honors in connection with the birthday of Emperor Nicholas was made public to-day. It includes several Russian clergymen stationed in America, but otherwise it is not noteworthy. Bishop Innocent of Alaska receives the Order of Vladimir, and Bishop Rafael of Brooklyn and M. Alexel, a priest of Wilkesbarre, Penn., receive the Order of St. Anne.

Lieut. Gen. Stoessel and Rear Admiral Nebogatoff, who were pardoned yesterday by Emperor Nicholas, walked out of the Fortress of St. Peter and St. Paul this afternoon, after attending a birthday Te Deum in the cathedral fortress. Gen. Stoessel delayed his departure to offer a prayer for his Majesty and was then driven away in an automobile.

Rear Admiral Nebogatoff, who finds himself in reduced circumstances, was met only by his son. He walked to the nearest station of the street car line, carrying his personal belongings in his hand.

Emperor Nicholas extended mercy today to eight other officers who were dismissed from the service for their part in the battle of the Sea of Japan. These include Col. Ongue, Capt. Baranoff, and Col. Thilitoff of Admiral Rojestvensky's staff. The dishonoring features of the sentences imposed upon them have been revoked, and they are regarded as having retired from the service in the ordinary way.

HIGHWAYMEN GET $4,500.

Hold Up Canadian Express Office and Escape with the Cash.

TRURO, N. S., May 19.—Three men entered the Canadian express office here this afternoon and at the point of a revolver held up the clerk, opened the safe, and escaped with about $4,500 in cash.

They disappeared in the direction of Victoria Park.

BILL TO AID UNEMPLOYED.

Winston Churchill Announces Plan for Labor Exchanges and Insurance.

LONDON, May 19.—Winston Spencer Churchill, President of the Board of Trade, announced in the House of Commons to-night that he would introduce tomorrow a Government bill creating a national system of labor exchanges similar to those already existing on the Continent of Europe, with a view to better organizing the labor supply and reducing unemployment in London and other English cities.

With this, he said, the Government also intended to associate a policy of insurance against unemployment. If the bill is adopted it is proposed to start a scheme, beginning in 1910, dealing first with the whole group of the house building, general construction, engineering and machine trades, and shipbuilding. This would cover roughly nearly half of the whole field of unemployment, and, in fact, the worst part.

The Government, said Mr. Churchill, contemplates benefits rather lower than are now paid by the strongest trades unions. This would necessitate the raising of between 5d. and 6d. per week per man, the fund to be contributed jointly by the workman, the employer, and the State. He was convinced that Parliament would gladly apply its remaining strength to grappling with these hideous problems of social disorganization, which are marring the health and happiness of the country, and which, if neglected, might affect its strength and honor in the world.

MEXICAN REBELS SENTENCED.

Magon, Villareal, and Rivera Get 18 Months Each.

TOMBSTONE, Arizona, May 19.—Magon, Villareal, and Rivera, the Mexican revolutionists, convicted in the Federal court of violating the neutrality laws in directing an armed expedition into Mexico, were sentenced to-day by Judge Doan to eighteen months each in the Territorial prison.

The court stated that, inasmuch as the jury recommended mercy, no fine would be imposed.

Notice of appeal to the Supreme Court will be filed and a strong effort made to secure a new trial.

BISHOP FARRELLY RETURNING.

Very Rev. E. A. Pace in Rome for American College Jubilee.

ROME, May 19.—The Rt. Rev. John Farrelly, the new Bishop of Cleveland, left here this evening for Paris. He intends to sail from Cherbourg for the United States on June 6.

The Very Rev. Edward A. Pace, Director of the Psychological Laboratory of the Catholic University of America at Washington, is here to represent the university at the jubilee of the American College at Rome.

CYPRIOTS FIGHT IN CHURCHES

People of Limasol Object to Manner of Archbishop's Election.

LARNACA, Cyprus, May 19.—Great excitement prevails in the town of Limasol, Cyprus, where disturbances have arisen over the enthronement of the Archbishop. Fighting has occurred in the churches, many of which have been closed to prevent further disorders.

A large number of the people objected to this ceremony on the ground that the Archbishop had been elected under the civil law.

Carnegie Goes to Paris.

FLORENCE, May 19.—Andrew Carnegie, accompanied by his wife and daughter, left here to-day for Paris.

$200,000 Fire in Memphis.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., May 19.—The plant of the Memphis Cotton Seed Oil Company, one of the largest in the South, was destroyed by fire early to-day, at a loss of nearly $200,000, including the machinery and stock.

GENERAL STRIKE FIZZLES IN PARIS

Posters on the Dead Walls the Only Evidence That It Is in Progress.

STRIKE LEADER DISMISSED

Socialist Members of Cabinet Disagree with Colleagues Over Details of Bill Defining Status of Employes.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 19.—I should be writing this dispatch by the light of a candle stuck in an ink bottle, and, motoring with it to Havre, should hand it to a military telegrapher armed to the teeth to put it on the cable.

A general strike was declared today, and I have been trying all day to find it. There are plenty of proclamations on the walls and boardings, but scarcely a sign of it elsewhere. Work and pleasure go merrily on as usual.

The French labor political revolutionists have made many discoveries. They have now given us a strike without strikers.

Those conversant with the inner workings of the General Federation of Labor declare that the proclamation of a strike at a moment when it was certain to fail was due to quarrels among the leaders and a desire to bring about the fall of the group at present most powerful.

PARIS, May 19.—A congress of the seamen's unions to-night decided to join the movement inaugurated by the General Federation of Labor in aid of the postal employes, and an appeal has been sent to all the seamen at large and small ports to cease work immediately.

The copper molders and cabinetmakers also held meetings this evening and decided to strike, and the Secretaries of the electricians, provisions trades, and biscuit makers declared at a meeting of the Diggers' Union that their respective unions were ready to go out at any time.

On the other hand, a referendum of the gas men rejected the strike project by a large majority.

Only a fraction of the diggers and masons quit work to-day, and the meeting held this afternoon was attended by not more than 1,500 men. Nevertheless, the speeches delivered by the leaders were highly inflammatory. They assured their followers that the "mobilization" of the proletariat had begun and scon would sweep everything before it.

M Pauron, the principal agitator among the postmen, has been dismissed.

A soldier on duty at a branch Post Office was attacked last night and almost stabbed to death by three discharged postmen.

The members of the Cabinet are at loggerheads over that portion of the proposed bill defining the position of State employe which relates to individual guarantees. MM. Briand and Viviani oppose the Ministers' right to impose punishment except upon the recommendation of the Council of Discipline, while Premier Clemenceau and the other Ministers insist that that is the only way to preserve Governmental authority.

Village Local Option.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., May 19.—The Local Option bill, giving cities and villages the right to vote on the saloon question, regardless of the township vote under the present law, was passed by the House to-day by a vote of 78 to 70.

TO ASK ABDUL TO DISGORGE.

Committee Will Try to Get Funds Deposited Abroad by ex-Sultan.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 19.—The Grand Vizier has chosen a small committee to visit Abdul Hamid, the deposed Sultan, at Salonica and ask him to give up to the present Government the various sums of money he has on deposit in foreign countries.

This committee will remind Abdul Hamid that his life was spared and will be spared; that the Government allows him $5,000 a month for his maintenance, and that it is only just that he should return the money drawn from the country.

MERSINA, May 19.—Edward I. Nathan, the American Consul at Mersina, has returned after a three days' visit to Adana. He reports that the military are now in control of that city, and that confidence is gradually being restored.

The military investigating commission has taken the testimony of Stephen R. Trowbridge, the Amerian missionary, who was with Henry Maurer and D. M. Rogers when they were killed.

Surgeon Miller, with a detail of enlisted men from the North Carolina, is in charge of the hospital just opened at Adana. The cruiser is in Mersina Harbor.

CASTELLANE LOSES A POINT.

Referee Says Children Should Remain with Princess de Sagan.

PARIS, May 19.—M. Seligman, a representative of the Department of Justice, presented his conclusions in the Castellane-Sagan suit to-day in favor of the defendant. On Dec. 30 of last year the French court handed down a decision that the three sons of Count Boni de Castellane remain in the custody of their mother, the present Princess de Sagan. The court appealed from this decision in May and this appeal has since been argued.

M. Seligman said that the evidence submitted showed that the Princess de Sagan had been irreproachable before her marriage, and that she had since remained a good wife and mother. Consequently he recommended that this court confirm the decision of the lower court giving her the custody of the children. The formal decision will be rendered on May 26.

PRINCELY FAMILY MURDERED.

Armed Men Kill Five on Estate Near Gori, Russia.

GORI, Transcaucasia, Russia, May 19.—A band of armed men attacked the estate of Prince Dshavakoff near here yesterday. They killed the Prince, his wife, his mother, his daughter, and a servant, and then made their escape.

NEW FOUND CAXTON TO GO AT AUCTION

British Collectors Fear Unique Volume Will Follow Lord Amherst's to America.

ORGANIZE FOR PROTECTION

Duke of Marlborough Heads Committee to Prevent Transatlantic Exportation of Important Works of Art.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 19.—Friday will probably see a battle royal between American and British collectors for a literary treasure of a remarkable kind. This is a small volume of less than 100 pages containing no fewer than five works printed by Caxton.

How the book was found is a most romantic history. A gentleman living in an old manor house in the north sent to a firm of London booksellers asking them to overhaul his library. During the process the rare volume was discovered, bound in its original binding, and, save for a few stains of age, just as it was issued from Caxton's press.

No such find in the book world has been made for many years. Caxton is known to have issued a few of his smaller works bound together, but this is the first volume to come to light. It is consequently impossible even to hazard a guess at the sum it will realize. Agents of American collectors are now in London to attend the sale at Sotheby's on Friday, and it is feared by British collectors that this treasure may follow the Amherst Caxtons recently purchased by J. P. Morgan.

In the matter of pictures, too, American competition is keenly dreaded just now. The Cuthbertson collection will be sold at Christie's on Friday, and American bidders will be there in force, among them Roland, Knoedler, Stevenson, Scott, Fowles, Reinhardt, Herman, Schauss, and Krashauer. The last mentioned, by the way, secured the Cameron and Haig etchings which were the pick of the engravings in the Justice Day collection, the disposal of which was concluded this week.

The likelihood of Holbein's portrait of Christina, Duchess of Milan, eventually entering an American collection grows daily more pronounced, and as an outcome of the agitation over this picture there has been formed an Art Collectors' Protection Association, the purposes of which are to prevent by legislation and other methods the transatlantic exportation of objects of British national interest. The committee, headed by the Duke of Marlborough, includes a large number of well-known names.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

DUESSELDORF, May 19.—Twenty thousand partially filled shrapnel shells exploded at the Rhenish works to-day, following a outbreak of fire. There were no casualties.

BERLIN, May 19.—Prof. John William Burgess, Dean of the Faculty of Political Science of Columbia University, New York, has been elected an honorary member of the German Law Society.

HOME FURNISHING

When the masons and carpenters are gone—when the painters and upholsterers give way to your own belongings—when your new house is "no longer a job but a home"—can you also congratulate yourself that your title is guaranteed by the Title Guarantee and Trust Company, the strongest Title Guarantee Company in the world—the company that adds each year to its already large guarantee fund—much more than it pays out to its stockholders?

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST CO

Capital and Surplus, - $12,000,000

176 Bway, N. Y. 178 Remsen St., Bklyn. 350 Fulton St., Jamaica.

The Buffalonian

$8 Lv. Dorchester St. ..... 3.00 p.m.
West 42d St. 3.15
Ar. Buffalo ..... 8.15 a.m.

West Shore R. R.

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.

Macy's

B'way at 6th Av. 34 to 35th St.

HOTEL AND BOARDING HOUSE CHINA

Full assortments of Greenwood Vitrified China, in two weights—"thick" and "one-half thick"—specially adapted for hotel, restaurant and boarding house use. Decorating white china, in quantities of twenty dozen or more, with colored monogram and two colored lines or name printed in colors, at very moderate prices. Let us give you an estimate. Basement.

FIREPROOF COOKING WARES

French and German Wares for serving "en casserole."

The stock embraces considerable quantities of brown utensils, white lined, much used in the best cafes abroad. In addition:—Dutch Coffee Pots, Shirred Egg Dishes, Shells and Ramekins, English Teapots and old-fashioned Cottage Teapots.

CROCKERY FOR THE KITCHEN

Our China and Glassware supremacy is not limited to medium and high class wares: Stocks of less aristocratic Kitchen Crockery are correspondingly broad.

Commonplace wares like Stone Bread Crocks, Butter Pots, Yellow and White Mixing Bowls, Water Coolers, Cake and Jelly Moulds, Sturdy Glassware and scores of Blue Jars, labelled for the pantry shelves.

China Sets Reduced

Porcelain Dinner Set, 56 pieces; neat green design; regular price $4.23; special at..... $3.49

Porcelain Dinner Set, 56 pieces; pretty pink design; handles with gold; regular price $4.98; special at..... $3.98

Porcelain Dinner Set, 100 pieces; dainty pink floral design; handles with gold; regular price $7.49; special at..... $4.98

Porcelain Dinner Set, 100 pieces; neat pink design and gold figures; handles with gold; regular price $7.89; special at..... $6.49

Porcelain Dinner Set, 100 pieces; dainty floral design; every piece with gold; regular price $11.33; special at..... $9.89

Austrian China Dinner Set, 56 pieces; decorated with pretty floral design; handles with gold; regular price $7.87; special at.. $6.89

Austrian China Dinner Set, 100 pieces; floral design; handles with gold; regular price $9.97; special at..... $7.49

Austrian China Dinner Set, 101 pieces; decorated with dainty floral design; every piece with gold; regular price $14.87; special at..... $12.89

Limoges China Decorated Dinner Set, 102 pieces; neat design; handles clouded with gold; regular price $17.49; special at $14.89

Theo. Haviland Decorated Dinner Set, 101 pieces; neat pattern; handles stippled with gold; regular price $21.89; special at $17.49

Theo. Haviland Decorated Dinner Set, 101 pieces; pretty floral design; every piece with gold; regular price $39.89; special at $29.89

Higher Grades at Prices Relatively Low

Toilet Sets Reduced

Decorated Toilet Sets, floral designs, in blue, brown and green; 9 pieces; regular price $2.19 special at..... $1.89

Same as above, 11 pieces; regular price $3.23; special at..... $2.69

Decorated Toilet Sets, neat floral designs:
10 pieces, regular price $2.89; special at..... $2.49
12 pieces, regular price $4.89; special at..... $4.49

Decorated Toilet Sets, pretty floral design, edges tinted blue, green or pink:
10 pieces, regular price $3.49; special at..... $2.97
12 pieces, regular price $5.49; special at..... $4.89

Decorated Toilet Sets, 12 pieces, solid colorings, green or pink; regular price $7.43; special at..... $6.89

Tea Sets Reduced

German China Tea Set, 56 pieces, handles with gold; regular price, $5.87; special at $3.89

Austrian China Tea Set, 56 pieces; neat floral design; every piece with gold; regular price $7.89; special at..... $6.49

Limoges China Tea Set, 56 pieces; pretty floral design; handles with gold; regular price $9.89; special at..... $7.89

Fish & Game Sets Reduced

Austrian China Fish Set, 13 pieces; floral design; fish centre; every piece with gold; regular price $4.89; special at..... $3.89

Limoges China Fish Set, 13 pieces; dainty floral design; fish centres; every piece with gold; regular price $7.49; special at.... $5.89

Limoges Decorated China Game Set, 13 pieces; game centres; every piece with gold; regular price $4.89; special at.... $3.89

Double Surety Stamps Up to 12 o'Clock

To-Day's Store News of the O'Neill-Adams Co

The Profit-Sharing Store
Sixth Avenue, 20th to 22d Street

Regular $8 Matting Covered Boxes, $5

O'Neill Building—Fourth Floor.

The prettiest and best "Vassar" box ever seen for the money.

Some women use them for shirtwaists—some think them mighty handy when they want to clean up in a hurry!

No matter what you use it for, it's the coolest, cleanest, nicest looking box we've had, and as a window seat, comfortable.

It has brass handles and natural root legs—exactly as shown in the illustration; bamboo or rattan trimmings, with plain or decorated matting covering—and an upholstered top.

Notice: We shall be glad to fill mail and telephone orders.

Rugs and Carpets

O'Neill Building—Fourth Floor.

When the makers of Royal Wilton carpets and rugs, had put into them the finest wool, the most compact form of weaving done in this Western hemisphere, and the finest dyes, there remained just one thing more to be done to put their work at the highest possible pinnacle of mercantile endeavor—and that was to make the designs equal the work.

To-day, the designs *do* equal the work—the wool, the weaving, the dyes—and you will agree with us that richer designs were never shown—for these Oriental designs are rich in the conventional but lovely patterns that have helped to make the East famous.

French Wilton rugs come in all sizes—and nothing finer or better (except antique rugs) exists.

9x12 feet, $52.50. 6x9 feet, $35.
8¼x10½ feet, $47.50. 4½x7½ feet, $19.50.

Another make, known as The Hartford Saxony Wilton Rugs—range slightly lower in price, and faithfully reproduce the best of Kazak, Afghan, Bokhara and Goveran patterns:

9x12 feet, $50. 6x9 feet, $30.
8¼x10½ feet, $47.50. 4½x7½ feet, $20.

The smaller sizes range slightly lower, too.

Greenhut and Company Dry Goods

A Deposit Charge Account
offers all the advantages of a charge account with many of its own.

Balances will draw interest at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum for months in which purchases are made and 4 per cent. per annum when no purchases are made. Interest will be credited quarterly on daily average balances.

Deposit any sum you desire at the office of the department and charge your purchases to it as you make them.

Sale of Misses' Summer Frocks of the Smartest Tub Materials

To be able to offer dresses of such striking fashion features at these prices is a positive feat in modern merchandising. Think a moment—what would it cost you for the services of a dressmaker if you had such dresses made at home? And how much for materials and trimmings? Safe to say that your outlay would be DOUBLE THESE PRICES. That's why we are proud of them, and why we hurry them on sale.

Junior Princess Dresses—$7.95. Made of Fashionable wash materials in a most youthful style with Princess panel, hand-embroidered in two-tone colorings; broad Gibson plaits over shoulders. Dutch neck. To be had in tan, pink, rose, light blue and cadet.
Sizes 12 to 16 years..... $7.95

Junior Dresses—$9.75. A most effective washable frock for a Miss. Comes in plain colorings with panel of black and white striped—the trimming is of white wash soutache braid. Colors are cadet, pink, rose, light blue and tan.
Sizes 12 to 18 years..... $9.75

Misses' Dresses—$8.95. Made of Pongee Repp—Front of waist is daintily hand embroidered. Dress is opened on side from shoulder to hem of skirt; buttons through with pearl buttons; dainty little Lingerie Collar. To be had in natural, pink, lavender and light blue.
Sizes 14 to 18 years..... $8.95

Misses' Linen and Repp Dresses—$9.75. Made with full gathered waist, trimmed with open embroidery insertion. A plaited skirt, finished with deep hem. To be had in white, rose, pink, natural, reseda, lavender and light blue.
Sizes 14 to 18 years..... $9.75

Summer Dresses and Suits. We could fill a page telling you of what we have ready for you. Dainty French Dresses of lingerie for Girls, lingerie dresses for Misses and Small Women, Coat Suits of linen Repp, Shantung, etc., all you could wish for from exclusive patterns in Satins and Pongees down to the practical wash dress. The range of prices is as various as the styles. It's easy to adapt style to price..... $3.95 to $35.00

Second Floor, Greenhut and Company.

Sixth Avenue 18th to 19th Street **Greenhut & Company** Store formerly occupied by B. Altman & Co.

FUR STORAGE

C. G. Gunther's Sons.

Furs and Fur Lined Garments, Rugs, Robes, etc., received for storage and insured against loss or damage by Moth, Fire or Theft.

Articles stored with us receive the same care and attention as our own goods.

Charges for alterations and repairs made during the summer are materially lower than at other times.

184 Fifth Avenue, New York.

Eighty-eight years' experience in the care of furs.

Telephone—3260 Gramercy.

When Summer Comes

The two-button Sack Suit—worn with or without the waistcoat—will be the hot weather choice of comfort-seeking men for town or country wear.

Our "West End" is the best example of this coat that we know.

$15 to $30.

Browning, King & Co

B. K. & Co. TRADE MARK REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

Broadway, at Thirty-second Street
Cooper Square, opposite Fifth Street
Brooklyn: Fulton Street at DeKalb

MODERN SAFE PROOF AGAINST BURGLARS

Makers Say That "Deafy" Hunt's Cipher Code Applies Only to Old Models.

ONE DANGEROUS CHEMICAL

Thermite, with Intense Heating Properties, Might Burn Into the Strongest Safes.

Owners of really modern safes need not be disturbed by the revelations contained in "Deafy" Hunt's cipher safe-cracking code, which was translated for the police by THE TIMES on Tuesday last, according to makers of up-to-date safes and bank vaults in this city.

The safes to which the burglar's cipher manuscript applies, according to safemakers, belong, as THE TIMES said yesterday, to the old-style last-generation type. Practically every make of safe mentioned in "Deafy's" cipher was manufactured twenty-five years ago, when chrome steel, with its differently treated variety of welded steel plates, was only just beginning to be experimented with.

"Fourteen hours is the time, according to tests, which it would take a burglar or yeggman to bore his way through the chrome steel door of the modern burglar-proof chest," one of these safe manufacturers said yesterday. "The fire-proof safe itself, being built merely to keep out fire and to stand falls from floor to floor, is not difficult to bore through and blow apart.

"But the chrome steel burglar-proof chest inside is a different thing. From fifteen or thirty laminated steel plates have all been welded into one. Each has been subjected to a different degree of heat. Some are hard, others elastic. The hard ones resist the point of the drill, the elastic plates communicate their elasticity to the hard plates on either side, and hence increase the latters' power of resistance.

"'Deafy' Hunt couldn't drill into a modern chrome steel burglar-proof chest even with a diamond drill. The drill would become dull or splintered before it had made even a slight impression. He would also have to use a great number of drills. And the very taking out and refitting of the drills into the brace would in itself be a lengthy process. He would have to exert more pressure, also, than his arm alone could supply. He would have to bring along some bulky means of artificial pressure.

The Screw Door.

"The screw door, which is made of chrome steel and goes in on a thread, is another device which modern safemakers have come to employ to defeat the safe-blower's art. When screwed into the safe it fits as snugly as the breach of a gun. The safeblower can't stick a piece of putty into the crack of the door, make a little cup of it, pour his nitro-glycerine into the crack in this way, and, by touching it off, blow the whole door to pieces. 'Deafy's' cryptogram is interesting historically, but from the modern safemaker's viewpoint its message is out of date. The Wilder safe it refers to was manufactured a generation ago. The Mosler & Bauman safe it mentions was absorbed twelve years ago by another company, and has since been improved so that it is now hardly recognizable."

"The results of the use of chrome steel in safemaking can best be understood by anecdotes," said Associate Manager Downs of the Mosler Safe Company. "On the night of May 30, 1893, when chrome steel for burglar-proofing was just beginning to come into fairly common use, a gang of yeggmen broke into the Exchange Bank in Tama County, Iowa, and attacked the chrome steel safe, using large quantities of nitro-glycerine. The force of the explosion was so great that the windows were shattered, the counter and screen torn from their fastenings, the cashier's desk demolished, and even the outer walls of the building spattered with mud. The chrome steel safe, however, though blackened with fire, was otherwise uninjured.

"In the case of a similar attempt made subsequently on a bank at Severance, Kan., the brick walls of the vault in which the safe was placed were practically demolished by the force of the explosion, but the chrome steel safe itself was uninjured and the burglars fled without getting anything.

"There are other cases, as, for example, that of the Porterfield Bank robbery at Fairmount, Ill., where, after forcing their way into the vault, the yeggmen found themselves confronted by a chrome steel chest and went away without making even an attempt to dynamite it."

"The safes refered to in the cryptogram are in some cases merely fireproof boxes and not burglar proof safes at all," said President C. U. Carpenter of the Herring-Hall-Marvin Safe Company. "The modern burglar proof safe has its doors fitted so tightly that nitro-glycerine cannot be poured through the cracks, while the chrome steel material makes it impossible to bore a hole in the door and introduce the explosive in this manner.

A Problem for Cracksmen.

"The safe is from 3½ to 6 inches thick and is made of several inch-thick plates. Each of these plates, in turn, is made of five laminations of differently tempered steel. The inner lamination is generally a piece of high carbon steel, which is particularly hard. Chrome steel gets its name from the chromium used in treating it. Another modern product is Harveyized steel. It resists bullets and drills. Of course, the door of the modern safe fits so snugly that not even water, much less nitro-glycerine can enter it."

In spite of the fact that the various styles of old-type safe described in "Deafy" Hunt's cryptogram are so easy to dynamite, safe manufacturers said that fully 50 per cent. of the safes used to-day in this country have been handed down from a previous generation.

It was suggested that yeggmen might, in future, successfully use thermite, the chemical with remarkable heating qualities, which was discovered some years ago in Europe and about the properties of which Goldschmidt of Essen, Germany, published a pamphlet in 1903.

Thermite, according to Goldschmidt, will burn a hole in iron and steel plates in a few minutes without even heating the rest of the plate's surface. He used to demonstrate this property of the compound in his laboratory by burning holes through inch-thick iron plates with the chemical for the edification of his class.

As black or red thermite only costs 50 cents a pound and as igniting thermite costs only $1.20 a pound, it was suggested that burglars might use it to burn a hole through a safe door for the insertion of nitro-glycerine. Dr. Joseph Deghuee of Lederle & Provost was asked about this theory.

"Thermite," he said, "is a compound of iron oxide and metallic aluminium. By heating this compound slightly a combustion is started that reaches 5,400 degrees Fahrenheit. It has the peculiar property of concentrating its heat to the immediate spot on which it is dropped. It is used very successfully for welding propeller shafts. That it could be used to bore a hole through a safe door, I don't know.

"Thermite would certainly go through the steel in a very short time. But it would be impossible to apply it, I think, without turning the safe over on its back, so that the door the burglar wanted to bore through was horizontal. Most safes are too heavy for this."

JURY SPLIT IN AUTO CASE.

Disagreement in Mrs. Bormann's Suit Against Banker Paine.

A jury before Justice Finelite in the City Court failed to agree yesterday in the suit brought against Augustus G. Paine, the banker, by Mrs. Sophie J. Bormann of Brooklyn, who sought to recover $2,000 damages for having been injured by the defendant's automobile in October, 1907.

It came out in the trial that the great desire of Alfred Britto, Mr. Paine's chauffeur, to see a woman acquaintance, living in Hudson Street, caused him to disobey the order of his employer on the night in question. Instead of returning to the garage with the automobile after taking Mr. Paine from the St. Regis Hotel to his home, he sped away to the woman's home.

At Fourteenth Street and Seventh Avenue the machine struck Mrs. Bormann and knocked her down. Britto stopped his machine, learned where the injured woman lived, and started with her in the automobile for her Brooklyn home. On the way she complained of feeling faint, and a stop was made at a drug store. A crowd gathered, several policemen appeared, with the result that an ambulance was called and Mrs. Bormann was taken to a hospital.

She alleged that she had suffered greatly as a result of the accident, and contended that the chauffeur's employer was responsible for the accident.

Mr. Paine testified that he had given Britto explicit instructions after he left him at home to go direct to the garage and return for him at 9 o'clock. He said further that Britto disappeared for three days, appearing later at his office, where he told of the accident, and said he was sorry he had disobeyed orders.

HELD IN PARIS FOR FORGERY.

M. D. Fortner of St. Louis Is Accused of Having Obtained $11,000.

M. Dwight Fortner, who up to three months ago was a popular young real estate operator in St. Louis, Mo., is under arrest in Paris. He is charged with having obtained $11,000 from the St. Louis Trust Company by forging the name of Henry C. Tulley, a real estate owner of that city. His arrest occurred early yesterday morning in a furnished room at 80 Rue des Mathurins, where he has been hiding for the last month from agents of the American Bankers' Association after a long and roundabout chase.

Mr. Bailey said yesterday that Fortner had been married only a short time and was unusually prepossessing. Though only 28 years old, he had become well known among St. Louis business men, both from his operations and his personality. About a year ago, according to Mr. Bailey, Fortner persuaded Frank A. Steer of St. Louis to give him a check for $12,000 with which to purchase an apartment house belonging to Henry C. Tulley. Steer made the check payable to Tulley. Fortner is accused of having forged Tulley's name on the check and of having deposited it to his own credit in the St. Louis Union Trust Company. On Feb. 11 he drew out $11,000 of it, deserted his young wife, and disappeared.

The St. Louis institution, being the loser, appealed to the American Bankers' Association, and the latter put the Pinkertons on Fortner's trail. They traced him to New Orleans and thence to Colon, Panama. Here he threw them off the scent temporarily by going off on a hunting trip. Later he took ship for St. Nazaire, France.

His arrest yesterday in Paris was made by the French authorities at the request of the American Government. He will be held in Paris until extradition papers from Missouri arrive.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 19.—M. Dwight Fortner's forgeries are said here to aggregate $20,000. He is under thirteen indictments. He is a brother-in-law of William H. Lemp, the wealthy brewer.

Fortner was traced through Miss Mildred Haynes, of East St. Louis, Ill., who while traveling by steamer to Panama recognized him from published portraits.

He maintained his reputation as a good liver and fastidious dresser during his travels. He carried several trunks, and on the steamer Parismina, from New Orleans to Colon, changed his costume several times a day. His favorite pastime was playing poker in the saloon for fair-sized stakes.

In the investigation that followed his disappearance it developed that he had been dealing on a large scale in forged deeds of trust. He used the name of his wife, Mrs. Kathryn Handlan Fortner, in his operations. The discovery of additional forged deeds of trust involved Fortner's stenographer, Miss Hildegarde Hallen, who was made a notary public at his instance. Her midnight arrest, indictment, and subsequent acquittal of intentional guilt in connection with attesting forged signatures to deeds at his request are recent developments.

Plaza's Garden to Open Monday.

Invitations have been issued by the management of the Hotel Plaza for the opening of the new Summer garden next Monday evening. Nahan Kranko and an especially engaged string orchestra will give a concert assisted by several soloists.

EMPLOYMENT GONE, HE SHOOTS HIMSELF

Chauffeur Ashamed to Go Home to the Mother Who Was Waiting for Him.

A NAP COST HIM HIS JOB

Taxicab Fares Invited Him to Drink and He Fell Asleep In a Taxicab.

"Emile is coming home. I met him in the street, and he said he would follow me within half an hour," was the cheery message with which Mrs. Harry Le Clair greeted her mother-in-law, aged Mrs. Francois Le Clair, yesterday, in the latter's flat at 2,359 Eighth Avenue. The elder woman was overjoyed, for Emile, her eldest son, had been missing from home since Friday.

The younger woman told of having met him by chance in Eighth Avenue, near 125th Street. Then she gently broke the news to the older woman that Emile had stayed away from home because he had lost his job, and was ashamed to face his mother. He had been out of work for several months, and when he got a chance to be a chauffeur for the New York Taxicab Company, Mrs. Le Clair took $25 from her small savings and gave it to him to attend an automobile school.

Le Clair learned rapidly. Last Friday he drove out of the taxicab company's garage in charge of his first machine. He was fortunate in picking up a fare almost immediately, and for the rest of the afternoon and evening he drove around the town, frequently stopping at cafés and restaurants. In many of these places Emile was invited to drink, and early morning found him asleep in his cab. For this he was discharged.

"When he recovered his senses," said young Mrs. Le Clair, "Emile was conscience stricken, and he didn't dare come home to you, but I told him how you had worried, and now it will be all rght, for he's coming home."

The mother set about preparng a meal that she knew her son would like. Then she sat own to await his coming. The minutes slipped by, but at last the doorbell rang.

Mrs. Le Clair hurried to the door to greet her son. Instead of the familiar form of her boy, however, the elderly woman saw a policeman standing at the threshold. He asked if she were Mrs. Le Clair, and when she admitted it, nervously, and in dread, the policeman told her that the son for whom she waited was dead.

Le Clair, it appeared, after meeting his sister-in-law, visited the Harlem Café at 126th Street and Eighth Avenue, and took a seat in the back room. There were several men and women there, and presently they were panic-stricken to see Le Clair draw a pistol from his pocket and shoot himself in the temple. An ambulance surgeon was called from the Harlem Hospital, but Le Clair was dead when he arrived.

BLOOMINGDALE NO RESIDENCE

Court Holds That an Inmate, Taxed Here, Must Pay.

Supreme Court Justice Greenbaum in a decision yesterday directed Thomas O. Ollive, as committee of the person of Edwin O. Brinckerhoff, to pay to the City of New York $3,607 and interest, making in all $4,363.68. This was the tax levied on Mr. Brinckerhoff's personal property by the Board of Taxes and Assessments for the year 1906.

Mr. Brinckerhoff, who is a member of the old Knickerbocker family of that name, is about 80 years old, and has been in Bloomingdale Asylum since 1878. His personal property was assessed by the city at $250,000. In 1906 demand was made by the City on Mr. Ollive for the personal tax on this amount, on the ground that Mr. Brinckerhoff was a resident of Manhattan. Mr. Ollive refused to pay on the ground that when Bloomingdale Asylum was removed from this borough to the County of Westchester, Mr. Brinckerhoff ceased to be a resident here, and that therefore the Board of Taxes had no right to tax him.

Justice Greenbaum, in his decision, holds that Mr. Brinckerhoff's domicile, which was in this city before he was adjudged insane, has continued here during his mental incompetency. He directs Mr. Ollive to pay the amount to the city with 7 per cent. interest.

BOY GETS $500 FOR A FALL.

Jury Believes Landlord's Torn Carpet and Not Boy's Dog, Was Responsible.

A jury in the Supreme Court returned a verdict yesterday for $500 in favor of eleven-year-old Johnny Stuart, who had brought suit, through his father, against Fortunato D'Onofrio, owner of the apartment house in which the Stuarts lived, for an accident in December last, when the boy tripped over torn carpet in the hallway, and broke his arm so severely that it will never be straight again.

The defense alleged that Johnny's dog, Butch, was responsible for the accident, contending that the animal had chewed the carpet so that the hole which resulted was the one over which the boy tripped. Johnny testified that Butch could not have chewed the carpet, his teeth having disappeared long ago. Furthermore, he said, that he had always filed the dog's nails so that he could not scratch the furniture.

LOWELL HARVARD'S HEAD.

New President of University Takes His Place at Dr. Eliot's Desk.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., May 19.—Abbott Lawrence Lowell, who for the last ten years has been Eaton Professor of the Science of Government at Harvard, assumed the Presidency of the university to-day as the successor of Charles W. Eliot.

President Lowell took up the direction of the university, which President Eliot relinquished yesterday after forty years in office, without ceremony, the new head walking quietly to the President's desk on the second floor of University Hall, where he plunged resolutely into a mass of correspondence.

Next October the university will formally inaugurate President Lowell with elaborate ceremony. The only change to-day, however, was that President Lowell had charge of the work of directing the different departments of the university in place of former President Eliot.

It is expected that within a short time, possibly at commencement next month, the alumni of Harvard will show its appreciation for Dr. Eliot by presenting to him a fund sufficient to enable him to live with every possible comfort for the rest of his life. It is said that the fund already amounts to over $130,000.

It is expected that the university will confer upon him the degree of LL. D., which he does not hold from Harvard, and make him a professor emeritus.

One thousand undergraduates of Harvard met in the Harvard Union to-night and then marched to the residence of Dr. Eliot, where they presented the former President with a tall mantel clock. In accepting the gift Dr. Eliot said:

"I thank you very much, gentlemen. This will be a greatly valued present. I know how great a change there will be in my life here. When a man has been in one work for forty-five years with one ideal it is a great change when he finds he cannot work officially with that ideal, but it does not change his love. I expect to have many opportunities to testify to this love. I hope you do not think the change in the administration means that the ideals of the university will change, and I hope your love will also remain."

After cheers for Dr. Eliot there was singing, in which he joined. Later, at his suggestion, cheers were given for the new President of the university.

UNION SEAMAN IS SHOT.

Officers of Lake Steamer Try to Prevent Search for Assailant.

TOLEDO, Ohio, May 19.—The first serious clash here between union and non-union seamen since the beginning of the Lake Seamen's strike occurred to-day at the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton docks. Frank Hoffman of Michigan City, Ind., a union fireman, was shot and slightly wounded in the head by a man who then took refuge on the steamer Dan R. Hanna.

When the police arrived the officers of the Hanna refused them permission to board the vessel and search for the assailant. Later the police arrested Frank Bayes, aged 21, a wheelman on the Dan R. Hanna, on a warrant sworn out by "Gus" Pederson, business agent of the Lake Seamen's Union. Bayes is charged with shooting with intent to kill.

DETROIT, Mich., May 19.—A committee of three members of the Inter-State Board of Arbitration, Messrs. Klump of Michigan, Doyle of Illinois, and Worner of Indiana, called upon President William Livingstone of the Lake Carriers' Association and discussed the strike of seamen on the Great Lakes.

At the conclusion of the conference Mr. Livingstone stated that the situation was absolutely unchanged.

"I have told the gentlemen from the arbitration board," he said, "that the Lake Carriers' Association has nothing to arbitrate, and that I therefore must decline their courteous invitation to appear before their board. The meeting was very pleasant throughout."

Mr. Livingstone has repeatedly stated that the only issue he knew of was the open shop, which he held could not be arbitrated.

Mrs. Sidney J. Smith Gets Her Divorce

Supreme Court Justice Gerard signed yesterday a final decree of divorce in favor of Mrs. Fannie Tailer Smith and against Sidney J. Smith. Mrs. Smith is authorized to resume her maiden name of Fannie Tailer. No mention is made of alimony. The testimony, which was ordered sealed, was taken before a referee. Mrs. Smith is a sister of T. Suffern Tailer.

EVEN MIND READER WON'T SEEK HARMONY

Some Things, Says Prof. Neuman to Brooklyn Democrats, Are Too Much for Him.

COMMITTEE TESTS HIM

On the Trail of a Hidden Knife, He Nearly Hauls a Church Deacon Into a Saloon.

Dejected Brooklyn Democrats sat up and took notice of things again yesterday afternoon when they heard that Prof. Neuman, the professional "mind reader," was in town ready to test his powers by finding any article which might be hidden from him. The Democrats were hopeful that the professor could be induced to try to find the long lost harmony of the party in the borough. They felt that if he succeeded in locating it he would show beyond a doubt that he was a sure enough wonder.

It was proposed by "Tom" Byrnes of the Tenth District that the professor hold the pulse of Senator McCarren and, by psychic suggestion from that statesman, seek the long missing harmony. Other tests suggested were the finding of Timothy D. Woodruff, the "absent treatment" Republican leader of Brooklyn, at local Republican Headquarters, or of some one at work building an approach to the new Manhattan Bridge. The professor, however, rejected these suggestions. He admitted that such things were beyond even his powers.

But the professor did find a penknife which had been carefully hidden from him. He was put to the test by a committee of men, who are in business around the Borough Hall, all of whom asserted that they had never seen the mind reader before. The committee of four started out from the Clarendon Hotel, where the professor sat in a parlor closely watched by newspaper men, and by a circuitous route reached a shoe store at 397 Fulton Street.

With the co-operation of the proprietor of the shop they hid a penknife in one of many shoe boxes, all alike in appearance, on the shelves. Then they returned to the hotel for the professor. The mind reader was blindfolded and led out to a carriage.

Seated beside the driver the professor directed him where to drive. He went at first in the wrong direction and stopped in front of a saloon. Seizing one of the committeemen, who is a deason in an uptown church, the professor started to drag him into the place. The man was shocked and fell back. Thinking the professor was going to treat, the crowd, which had gathered, made a rush to get to the bar, but the professor changed his mind about going in and directed the driver to turn about and go up Fulton Street.

He stopped the carriage in front of the shoe shop and, holding another committeeman by the wrist, went into the place. Directing the committeeman to run his hand over the boxes on the shelves, Prof. Neuman finally reached into one of them and drew forth the hidden penknife. All the members of the committee expressed themselves as satisfied that the professor could not have been aided by any confederate.

P. E. More New Editor for The Nation.

The appointment of Paul Elmer More as editor of The Nation, succeeding the late Hammond Lamont, was announced yesterday. Mr. More has been for more than five years literary editor of The Evening Post, and since July, 1906, associate editor of The Nation. He is a former instructor at Harvard, is the author of a volume of poems, of a Life of Benjamin Franklin, six volumes of Shelburne essays, and other works.

Church Chimes for Coney Island.

Coney Island is to have a real chime of bells, church-going chimes, weighing many thousands of pounds. The bells are to be put in a steel tower in Steeplechase Park by Mr. and Mrs. George C. Tilyou in memory of their daughter Gladys. They are from the foundry of the Meneely Bell Company in Troy.

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We can show these very men just the type of suit they desire—suits that have nothing in common with the ordinary ready-to-wear kind. Broad-chested coats—narrow sleeves—moderate shoulders—trim waist; and trousers in the semi-peg style, cuffed at the bottom.

Suits, special at $16.50 and $18.

VOGEL BROTHERS
42 St. at 8 Ave.

"That's the Reason They Feel So Fine"

Look at them! Those young men of America! Every limb and muscle pulsing with strength and vigor—the red sap of life bounding through their veins in a flood of surging health and power. Are not these the type of the coming time—the men who shall rule the future—are not these also the type who know the charm and cheer and social and dietetic value of

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The King of All Bottled Beers

Every glass of it is a source of health and power. It satisfies the thirst, it brightens the mind, it develops energy and gives vigor to every organ of the body. For ages the tonic properties of barley and hop beer have been known, and its absolute wholesomeness has given strength to countless generations of the most victorious peoples of the world.

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Talks on Teeth

By G. GORDON MARTIN
(Incorporated)

What Beautiful Teeth!

One of our patients told us recently of a good joke she played on one of her friends.

"What beautiful teeth you have," the friend exclaimed.

"They are nice teeth," she admitted, "and," she continued, "there isn't a cavity in one of them."

The friend thought that, too, was remarkable.

After some more talk back and forth between them the lady with "the beautiful teeth" said: "I am going to confess to you. These teeth are ALL FALSE. They are the famous Martinolar teeth without plates. They are mine," she said, "for I bought and paid for them, but I am not telling everybody that."

And the friend said she was going to have some teeth like those if she had to have some of hers extracted to make room for them.

The point of the story is this:

The Martinolar teeth are so near like the best that nature can supply that not only do they deceive one's friends but dentists as well. And they are not alone beautiful to look at but they are just as fine to eat with, for once in place they are as firm as a rock in the mouth.

Miss Grace Henderson of Brooklyn, N. Y., in a letter to us says:

"I am very much pleased with the Martinolar teeth. . . . The missing teeth you replaced have given me the greatest comfort and satisfaction. Will be only too glad to recommend the Martinolar Method to others. We have thousands of letters from satisfied patients that are written in the same laudatory strain.

We cannot do dental work at long range.

You must come and let us look your teeth over, a service that will not cost you a cent. Do this at once, for when teeth begin to go, they go fast.

To those who are too far away to call at once we have a free book, entitled "Martinolar Dentistry," which tells all about the work and gives the names of people who have had this beautiful work in their mouths for years. In all probability you will see the names of some friends of yours in the long list.

Will you send for this book to-day?

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THE VERY HIGHEST QUALITY

CONEY IN THE HANDS OF GREEN POLICEMEN

Islanders All Stirred Up Over the Latest Action of the Authorities.

POSTS COVERED BY DIAGRAM

And the Police Matrons Have Been Changed, Too—But Magistrate Tighe Discharges Scenic Railway Men.

All Coney Island is aroused over what it terms "the latest outrage" perpetrated upon it by Police Commissioner Bingham. The "outrage" consisted in an order received at the Coney Island Police Station yesterday transferring twenty-five of the old men away from the station to posts in other parts of the city, and substituting in their places men who had never seen the island except as visitors.

Property owners and proprietors of amusement enterprises on the island are especially incensed over the Commissioner's action, because 70 of the 120 policemen assigned to the island were already men unacquainted with the Island's environs and characteristics. The men transferred yesterday were taken from the 50 old timers, so that now there are only 25 policemen on the island who know Surf Avenue from the Bowery.

Many of the men who went on post at 8 o'clock last night, when the order went into effect, took pains to write plainly on a piece of paper the boundaries of their posts for fear they might be caught off them without these directions. The men wandered about the streets viewing their surroundings with wonder, surreptitiously glancing now and then at their boundary notes to be sure they were still on post. To find the police station after they had once left it and turned the corner of Surf Avenue was a difficult matter for many of the men. In fact, the old-timers prepared to go out and round up the newcomers when relief time should come.

Among the men transferred were Sergts. Jeremiah Crowley and Fred Klincke, both of whom have been on the island for years. Crowley was sent to the Fifth Avenue Station and Klincke to Brownsville. Their transfer did not occasion so much anger, however, as did that of the two matrons, Mrs. Elizabeth Barling and Mrs. Mary Duffy.

Mrs. Barling, who was sent to the Amity Street Station, had been in the Coney Island Station for ten years. Mrs. Duffy, now sent to the Fourth Avenue Station, had been there twelve. Both women had made their homes on the island, and the transfers will work great hardships to them. Many of the men transferred had lived on the island, some of them having been attached to the station since the days of consolidation.

The only ray of light an dhope thrown over the Coney Island situation yesterday was the action of Magistrate Tighe in discharging the four men arrested on Sunday morning charged with violation of the Sunday law by operating scenic railway after midnight on Saturday. The Magistrate declared that the men had not, so far as he had been able to discover, disturbed any one by their conduct, and he added that the location of their amusement enterprise seemed to preclude the possibility of disturbing anyone.

DENOUNCE SUNDAY CLOSING.

Interference with Coney Island Pleasures Scored in Cooper Union.

"Coney Island is of more benefit to the poor people of New York than all the drug stores and doctors in the city," said ex-Congressman Cyrus B. Gale in his speech last night before the Liberal Sunday League at Cooper Union. "In closing Coney Island on Sunday the city is taking healthful recreation away from thousands of people who can only go there on that day.

"The rich man doesn't care about these blue laws. He goes out to his country club, puts on his cap and baggy trousers, and knocks a little ball around the fields. Then he goes back to the clubhouse. If a poor man goes to a vacant lot to play baseball with some of his neighbors all of them are arrested. You don't see policemen raiding the golf courses.

"It's the meddling ministers who are responsible for these Sunday closing laws. They're afraid that no one will go to hear them, so they bring pressure to bear on the Mayor. If I were the Mayor I'd tell these ministers to go away and mind their own business."

Herman J. Rubinstein, Secretary-Treasurer of the league, opened the meeting and described the purpose of the society.

The Rev. A. Wasson, an anti-prohibition minister, was one of the speakers. The others were Coroner Acritelli, Prof. Ernest Wickard of Columbia, and Antonio Zucca, Chairman.

Bell Saved Knockout for Younger.

Down three times in the last two rounds Billy Younger of Chicago was saved from a knockout by the bell at the limit of a ten-round bout before the Sharkey Athletic Club last night with Harry Cutch of New York. Cutch led through most of the match, the only even fighting being in the first and second rounds. In the fifth round Younger was down twice, as the result of missing wild swings. Through the rmainder of the bout Younger was severely punished, and was knocked down twice in the ninth round, once for the count of seven, and again for a count of nine. In the windup Cutch forced the Chicago boxer all over the ring, and just before the time limit floored him with a right uppercut to the jaw. The count began, but only went to five, when the bell rang and saved a knockout, though Younger did not recover for several minutes after the end of the bout.

Stuyvesant Athletes Win.

The Stuyvesant High School athletes defeated the freshmen of the New York University yesterday afternoon in a dual track meet on Ohio Field by a score of 55½ points to 34½. In a programme of ten events the Stuyvesant lads won six firsts, Cohen capturing both the 100-yard and 220-yard dashes, while Robert Hanson won the 120-yard hurdle, the running broad jump, and got second in the high jump. All of the events were closely contested and the times were very good. Brudin of the university won the 220-yard hurdle, and gave Hanson a hard fight to capture the 120-yard hurdle race, but the latter, in a fine spurt, won by a few inches.

Schuylkill Regatta's Big Entry.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., May 19.—Thirty-one crews have entered for the seventh annual regatta of the American Rowing Association to be held on the Schuylkill River on Saturday afternoon. Six of these are college eights, representing Harvard, Cornell, Pennsylvania, and Georgetown. The remainder are from the various clubs of this city, New York, and Baltimore. The New York entries are the heaviest in the history of the association.

CITY BREVITIES.

The new steamer Robert Fulton, a sister ship of the Hendrick Hudson, built for the Hudson River Day Line, arrived here yesterday from Camden, N. J. She will make her first trip on May 29.

George Jacobus, who for the last fourteen years has been head of the classical department at St. Paul's School, Garden City, under Dr. Gamage, has joined the staff of Adelphi Academy.

Fire Commissioner Nicholas J. Hayes gives warning that men are soliciting pay for advertising space in a publication entitled "The Manual and Register of the New York Fire Department Benevolent Association," which has no connection with the department.

Frank J. and James A. Quinn of West Fifty-first Street reported to the police last night that while they were in the Cathedral Club, at 144 East Fiftieth Street, their auto runabout had been stolen.

Samuel Williams, the negro who killed Robert Bolling on Jan. 14, 1907, was found guilty yesterday before Judge Mulqueen in General Sessions of murder in the second degree. He was remanded till Monday for sentence.

Supreme Court Justice Davis has appointed Edward D. Dowling and Samuel Levy receivers for the International Supply Company of 54 West 21st street on the application of Daniel J. Berry, a stockholder, in proceedings for the dissolution of the corporation on account of insolvency. The liabilities are [illegible]

HAINS MEDITATED SUICIDE.

Enough Opium in His Clothes to Kill Several Men—Search Disclosed It.

Three little packages of opium containing about 36 grains in all were found in the clothing of Capt. Peter C. Hains, Jr., on the day he began his term of imprisonment in Sing Sing for the killing of William E. Annis.

After he had been sentenced on Tuesday, Capt. Hains had a conference with his lawyers. Afterward he started in an automobile with Sheriff Harvey and Under Sheriff Phillips for the county jail in Long Island City. The machine was nearing the jail when Sheriff Harvey said:

"Well, Captain, we have been together some little time. We will miss you in the jail."

"Yes," replied Capt. Hains, "it will all be over to-morrow."

He said this in an absent-minded way, and at the same time his hand went toward his vest pocket.

Sheriff Harvey noted the movement of the hand, and began to wonder if there was any unusual significance in what the prisoner had just said.

When the jail was reached Sheriff Harvey and Mr. Phillips went to the Captain's cell with an entire change of clothing for the prisoner. The Sheriff ordered Capt. Hains to change his clothes and watched him carefully while the change was being made. Afterward the Sheriff carried away the discarded clothing.

The garments were searched. It was then that the opium was found. It was wrapped up in tinfoil and rolled. Sheriff Harvey went back to Hains's cell.

"Where did you get this opium?" he asked, exhibiting the packages.

"I do not know what you are talking about," replied the prisoner.

All attempts to get him to [illegible] were fruitless. It was said last night that no arrest is likely, nor is there apt to be an investigation.

Championship Won by P. S. No. 75.

Public School 75 won the track and field championship of Districts 2 and 3 of Richmond League yesterday afternoon at Seward Park with a total of 55 points. Public School 7 was second for the point trophy with a score of 48 points, and up to the final events the representatives of this school looked as if they might be able to pull out a victory. Public School 34 was third with 46 points. Seven schools, in all, competed for honors, and there was a list of entries that totaled close to the 500-point figure. The m[illegible]

Entries for Brooklyn Stakes.

The entry lists for eleven stakes on the flat, which were closed last Saturday by the Brooklyn Jockey Club for the Spring meeting at Gravesend, practically have been completed, and the totals are fairly satisfactory. The smallest entry was for the $5,000 Brooklyn Handicap, which received nineteen nominations. For the other stakes for three-year-olds and upward, the $2,500 Brookdale Handicap received twenty-one entries, the $2,500 Parkway Handicap thirty-one, the Myrtle Selling, $1,000 added, thirty-seven, and the Patchogue, selling, $1,000 added, forty-six. The $2,500 Broadway, for three-year-olds, has twenty-seven entries. The nominations for the stakes for two-year-olds were for the $2,500 Great American, thirty-two; the $2,500 Tremont, thirty; Criterion, $1,000 added, thirty-three; Manhanset, $1,000 added, thirty-five, and the Bedford, $1,000 added, thirty-eight. The weights for the Brooklyn Handicap will be announced next Tuesday, and it is obvious that James R. Keene's four-year-old Celt and S. C. Hildreth's King James will be the top weights in the order named.

The stakes of the Coney Island Jockey Club for the June meeting at Sheepshead Bay, thirteen in number, five for three-year-olds and upward, including the $5,000 Suburban Handicap, two for three-year-olds, four for two-year-olds, and two steeplechases, will close to-day.

Entries for Belmont Park Races.

FIRST RACE.—For maiden colts, two years old; special weights; five furlongs straight.

Weight.		Weight.
Glopper	110	Indot 110
Hammon Pass	110	Big Stick 110
Beau Nash	110	Brush Broom 110
Sweep	110	Firebox 110

SECOND RACE.—For maiden fillies and geldings, two years old; special weights; four and a half furlongs straight.

Crouse	107	Etta May	107
Flashing	107	Fair Louise	107
Black Annie	107	Semicolon	107
Grenvale	107	Dicker	107
Evening Song	107	Christina	107
Roland	107	Responseful	107
Anavri	107		

THIRD RACE.—The Norwood Stakes, for three-year-olds and upward; selling allowances; six furlongs straight.

Rosimiro	113	Chapultepec	113
Dreamer	111	Horace E.	111
Eyebright	111	Roseben	111
Fleming	111	Woodcraft	110
*Monfort	109	Lawton Wiggins	104
Adriuche	103	Waponoca	103
*Desirous	103	Sun Dance	98
Tiana	85		

FOURTH RACE.—The Ladies' Stakes, for fillies three years old; one mile.

Maskette	121	Field Mouse	121
Lady Bedford	121	Affliction	121

FIFTH RACE.—Steeplechase, for four-year-olds and upward; maidens and winners of one race only; special weights, with penalties; about two miles.

Kentucky Beau	149	Pompous	147
Helen Shea	147	Jiu Jitsu	138
The Dane	135		

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, ridden by jockeys who have not ridden two winners; special weights; selling allowances; six furlongs straight.

King Sol	121	*Simple Honors	114
*Adriuche	111	*Waponoca	106
May River	103	*Sherlock	101
*Racquet	101	*Witching Hour	101
*Taboo	98	*Tiana	96
*Pills	96		

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

JOHNSON AND O'BRIEN FIGHT TO A DRAW

Philadelphian's Fast Footwork Keeps Him Out of Harm's Way.

NEGRO RUSHES OPPONENT

But Seldom Lands Effectively—O'Brien Hits Johnson Frequently, but His Blows Lack Force.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, May 19.—Jack Johnson, the colored heavyweight fighter, did not enhance his pugilistic reputation to-night when he boxed "Philadelphia Jack" O'Brien a six-round draw at the National Sporting Club. The bout was a fast one throughout, with the local man leading most of the time. He jabbed and stabbed his opponent and kept him worried by his fast footwork.

Johnson exhibited his customary caution, and with rare exceptions refused to be drawn out by his clever opponent. Once or twice he essayed to force the fighting, but invariably received the worst of the argument, and as a result returned to his careful defensive methods. He showed himself to be the possessor of a stiff punch, which he landed several times on O'Brien, but was unable to show sufficient class to entitle him to a decision were this possible.

Only once during the contest did Johnson have O'Brien in a bad way, and this was in the fourth round, when Jack made a false lead, and before he could recover himself Johnson brought his right over with tremendous force. The blow missed its mark and landed under O'Brien's right eye. Had it reached the Quaker's chin the contest would probably have ended there. As it was, O'Brien was badly shaken up and resorted to clinching for the next minute to steady himself. With this exception O'Brien held Johnson safe, and would not allow his opponent to settle himself, but was constantly on top of him with his vicious jabs and stinging blows. These made the colored giant blink and wink as they landed with alarming frequency on his face.

The bout was not as exciting as the O'Brien-Ketchel contest in New York City, a few weeks ago, nor did it terminate in such a sensational manner, but as in that fight the elusive Philadelphian carried the fight to his man all the time and drew him out with repeated feinting. Johnson was entitled to the first and fifth rounds, when he landed a number of telling blows, while O'Brien secured a clear lead in the second and sixth rounds. The third and fourth were about even.

It was a daring task that O'Brien essayed, for the colored man had an advantage of pounds in weight and inches in height and reach. Johnson stepped into the ring weighing about thirty pounds more than O'Brien and towered above the Philadelphian three inches. Notwithstanding this big handicap the Quaker was brim full of confidence. He knew he was a past master at boxing and he figured that the defensive tactics of the colored man would give him an advantage in the end. He fought along these lines and so well did he adhere to this policy that even the most Parisian and prejudiced spectators could not honestly deny him a draw.

Philadelphia was never before stirred to such an extent over a pugilistic contest. The building was packed and the receipts were over $20,000. Of this sum Johnson received $5,000, while O'Brien accepted 30 per cent. of the gross receipts for his share. This gave him fully $6,000, or at least $1,000 more than the champion received.

The New York contingent, headed by "Big Tim" Sullivan and President P. J. Conway of the Irish-American Athletic Club, met with a raw deal. Special trains were announced to leave New York City at 7 o'clock, but the number of tickets sold was not sufficient to cover the cost of a special train, and at the last moment the New Yorkers were compelled to add $156 to the amount paid for fares before the railroad officials would permit the train to leave Jersey City.

Referee McGuigan said, after the fight, that O'Brien did remarkably well under the circumstances. He weighed 162½ pounds, while Johnson acknowledged his weight was 205, and it was probably more.

"Johnson looked tired and anxious in the fourth round, and O'Brien appeared confident throughout the bout. He certainly fought a game fight," said McGuigan.

Johnson had nothing to say after the bout except that he thought he had the better of it. O'Brien was enthusiastic over his showing. He said he to-day accepted a proposal to meet Al Kaufman in San Francisco in the near future.

A telegram was read from Billy Delany challenging Johnson on behalf of Al Kaufman for a fight at San Francisco. Johnson had Yank Kenny, George Cole, and Fran Nagoll as seconds, while O'Brien's were Alo Attell, Joe Riley, Jack Havilon, and Jack Hagan. A. J. Drexel Biddle, O'Brien's society friend, who seconded him in his recent fight with Ketchell, did not appear in the role of adviser to-night, but went into the ring and cordially grasped O'Brien's hands.

Stanley Ketchell came forward to be introduced. He shook O'Brien's hand and wished him success, then crossed the ring and greeted Johnson. The negro sized Ketchell up carefully, smiling broadly as he acknowledged the greeting.

O'Brien looked to be in splendid shape as he took off his bath robe. Johnson appeared rather bulky about the waist line, but his splendid muscles stood out in arms and shoulders. It was 10:35 when the gong sounded.

Fight by Rounds.

ROUND 1—Johnson rushed O'Brien to the ropes. O'Brien came back with a left to the face, and in the clinch Johnson rushed O'Brien off his feet. O'Brien put left to the face lightly, but Johnson only grinned and forced O'Brien to the ropes, shoving him to his knees. They feinted and fiddled carefully. O'Brien trying to draw Johnson on. Johnson put left on O'Brien's face without damage, and O'Brien landed left to face in return. O'Brien was in and out like a flash, and Johnson set himself for a counter, but it was smothered. O'Brien's quickness of foot stood him in good stead against Johnson. The round was even.

ROUND 2—O'Brien led for the face, but was blocked, and Johnson lifted him off the floor in the clinch that followed. The crowd hooted Johnson, but he only smiled and rushed O'Brien to the ropes. Marvelous ducking saved O'Brien from damage, and they sparred cautiously. O'Brien caught Johnson with a stiff left on the face three times, and the crowd cheered frantically. Johnson rushed him to the ropes, landing left on the body lightly. Both appeared winded, and Johnson waited for O'Brien to lead. Johnson went after O'Brien like a whirlwind, but quick footwork took the Philadelphia man out of harm's way. O'Brien did the cleaner work in this round.

ROUND 3—Johnson missed with his left and took a light stab in the face in return. O'Brien was in and out like a flash, landing left on the face, but took a stiff left to the stomach at close range. Johnson forced O'Brien, shambling after him rather slowly, and awkwardly missed two lefts and a right for the head. Johnson set himself for O'Brien's lead, but was slow in countering, and took a left stab on the nose. Johnson went after him viciously, and a left had O'Brien's mouth bleeding. Johnson appeared somewhat winded at the end of the round, which was about even, with O'Brien's work showing cleaner.

ROUND 4.—O'Brien put his left to the face and took a right on the body, and then they sparred cautiously. O'Brien caught Johnson a glancing smash on the face with his left, and Johnson's mouth showed the effects. Johnson slowed up and waited for O'Brien to lead. The crowd yelled for O'Brien to "come and show him up," but Johnson only grinned and walked in. He caught O'Brien a glancing right on the head and a left on the body, but O'Brien was going away and the blows lacked steam. O'Brien feinted and missed a left swing, going to his knees from the impetus of the blow. Johnson appeared slow and had no advantage in the round. If anything, it was to O'Brien's advantage.

ROUND 5—Johnson caught O'Brien on the face and O'Brien went down, but was up like a flash and fighting strong. Johnson tried to send in his right uppercut that proved so effective with Tommy Burns, but was blocked. A right to the face cut O'Brien's right eye badly, but he came back with a left flush on Johnson's mouth. Johnson rushed viciously, pinning O'Brien to the ropes, and was slowing down. O'Brien did most of the leading at this stage, and just as the gong sounded sent a hard left to Johnson's face.

ROUND 6—They shook hands gingerly for the wind-up and sparred cautiously. O'Brien led a left which landed on the body good and hard. Johnson only smiled and held up his hand to indicate that he had blocked it. O'Brien rushed in again and tried hard to land on the face and body, but was blocked in his efforts. Finally he sent a stiff left to the face, and took a hard right counter on the head in return. Johnson met O'Brien with a left to the face as he stepped in, and the round ended in a clinch.

WRIT SERVED ON JOHNSON.

New York Woman Foiled in Attempt to Attach Negro's $5,000 Purse.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, May 19.—An appeal by Jack Johnson, the world's champion prize fighter, to a New York woman for aid to his brother, Harry Johnson, who is now blind in Texas, where the Johnsons live, was disclosed to-night by a writ of attachment served on Harry B. Edwards, manager of the National Athletic Club of Philadelphia. The woman, Mrs. Clara S. Kerr, declares that she advanced $850 for the treatment of Harry Johnson's eyes in a Philadelphia hospital, and that Jack Johnson has never repaid her.

It was only the champion's shrewdness that prevented the deduction of her $850 from the $5,000 that he received from Mr. Edwards for his match with Jack O'Brien to-night. B. I. de Young, attorney for Mrs. Kerr, this afternoon sued out the writ, and it was served by Deputy Sheriff Leedom at the ringside after the contest. But Mr. Edwards showed Mr. Leedom a receipt for the $5,000 on one of his own letter heads, with the pugilist's signature sprawled clear across the page. Johnson had taken his pay at half past two in the afternoon.

Jeffries Ready to Talk Fight.

CHICAGO, May 19.—"Nothing that Jack Johnson can do in or out of the ring makes the slightest difference to me," said James J. Jeffries when he heard the result of the O'Brien and Johnson fight to-night. "I will be ready to talk fight to Johnson when I have finished my present engagement, some time in July. Then I will be ready to sign up for a fight within five months of the date of signing. If Johnson will meet me then and talk business, well and good, but I do not think he wants to meet me in the ring. The matter is entirely in his hands when July comes.

"The result of the fight is no surprise to me, although I expected Johnson would do better. O'Brien is a flashy man in a six-round fight, and could keep almost anyone off for that length of time. Johnson, with his superior height and weight, should be able to make a better showing than he did. On the whole the result is what might be expected, and will make no change in my plans."

Vanderbilt's Chandos a Victor.

PARIS, May 19.—W. K. Vanderbilt's Chandos won the Prix Noelle at Tremblay to-day. H. P. Duryea's Rose Noble ran in the Prix Partlet, but did not get a place.

RANCHMAN RESCUES WESTON FROM STORM

Veteran Pedestrian Finds Shelter from a Four-Hour Rain in Kansas.

PRAISES SUN FLOWER STATE

People Hospitable and Country Beautiful—Passes Into Colorado in 56-Mile Walk.

Weston's Transcontinental Walk, New York to San Francisco.

Fifty-seventh Day of Walk.

Weston is in his seventy-first year, and his task is to walk across the United States in 100 days, (Sundays excepted.)

Post Road Distance, 4,300 Miles.

	Miles.
March 15 to 20, New York to Utica	278
March 22 to 27, Utica to Chafee	250
March 29 to April 3, Chafee to Youngstown	225
April 5 to 10, Youngstown to Toledo	239
April 12 to 17, Toledo to Chicago	276
April 19 to 24, Chicago to Lincoln	170
April 26 to May 1, Lincoln to Mexico	246
May 3 to 8, Mexico, Mo., to Topeka	239
May 10 to 15, Topeka to Wakeeney	259
May 17, to Monument	66
May 18 to Sharon Springs	22
May 19, to Cheyenne Wells, Col.	58
Total	2,323

Written Exclusively for THE NEW YORK TIMES
By EDWARD PAYSON WESTON.

Special to The New York Times.

SHARON SPRINGS, Kan., May 19.—To Providence and that prince of ranchmen, A. C. Overhott of Lisbon, Logan County, Kan., P. O. address, Winona, Kan., I am surely indebted for saving me from disaster last night, just as I neared the stockyard pens, which is all there is of Lisbon, known as the first terminal of the Union Pacific Railway, and is the point formerly known as Sheridan, where the Indians massacred 3,000 people forty years ago, and also destroyed the entire village.

A furious thunderstorm seemed ready to burst over the country. I immediately took refuge under a temporary platform, which only partially shielded me from the storm. After I got comfortably settled, a wagon containing a gentleman, two ladies, and two young boys drove up to the wire fence, which separated the railroad from the stock pens. They all got out and came to where I was and said they were looking for me all afternoon, as they felt the shower was coming, and they thought they would urge me to go to their home, a half mile distant across the ranch.

They assured me that the storm would be very heavy and that I would have no protection there, so I reluctantly became their guest. The ranchman sent his family ahead with the wagon and we walked to his cozy home together. Just as we got to his gate the storm broke with all its fury, and I was drenched before I reached the piazza, a hundred feet distant. The storm, which was accompanied by a cold gale, lasted for four hours. If it had not been for the thoughtfulness of my host in coming for and urging me to go to his house I should certainly have been attacked with pneumonia or lumbago. As it was, I enjoyed the perfection of hospitality, retiring at 8 P. M., there being no prospect that the storm would cease before midnight.

Not content with inviting me there, my hosts arose at 3:45 A. M. and prepared a bountiful breakfast, which I enjoyed. At 4:50 A. M., accompanied by my genial host, I returned to the track and made my way to Sharon Springs, where I arrived at 11:40 A. M., a distance of twenty-five miles. After partaking of a hearty dinner, prepared by Mrs. King of the Central Hotel, I shall leave here about 2 P. M. and expect to arrive at Cheyenne Wells, to make my first stop in Colorado, between 10 and 11 P. M.

In leaving Kansas, I want to say that though I have traveled all over England and part of France and a large part of America, thus far I have never yet passed through such a beautiful and health-giving country and such genial and hospitable people as are located in the sunflower State. To me it has been a paradise in every town and village I passed. Some one would invariably appear with some refreshing drink. I want to acknowledge my indebtedness to the Union Pacific Railroad for the assistance rendered me by all the station agents, also to the section men for their extreme kindness and courtesy, and at the same time to congratulate the company on having the finest roadbed I have yet passed over.

EDWARD PAYSON WESTON.

On Local Tennis Courts.

In a fast three-set match Gustave F. Touchard won his place in the final round of the singles yesterday in the tournament on the courts of the Harlem Lawn Tennis Club. Touchard defeated Edgar F. Leo, 4—6, 6—2, and 6—1. The summary:

Men's Cup Singles.—Third Round—Wylie C. Grant defeated Richard H. Palmer, 6—4, 6—2.

Fourth Round—Wylie C. Grant defeated Julio M. Steinacher, 6—2, 6—2; Gustav F. Touchard defeated George S. Groesbeck, 6—1, 6—1.

Semi-final Round—Gustave F. Touchard defeated Edgar F. Leo, 4—6, 6—2, 6—1.

Men's Doubles.—First Round—Gustave F. Touchard and Dr. William Rosenbaum defeated W. Robinson and Harry Todd, 6—2, 6—3; Wylie C. Grant and Theodore R. Pell defeated Dr. E. Goldmark and C. Goldmark by default; O. H. Boggs and C. Brown defeated Dr. R. Chapman and W. D. Chase, 3—6, 6—3, 6—3; J. M. Steinacher and G. P. Parkes defeated R. H. Palmer and G. O. Wagner, 6—2, 5—7, 6—3.

Second Round—B. M. Phillips and E. F. Leo defeated L. J. Grant and G. Steinacher, 6—1, 6—0; G. S. Groesbeck and F. C. Baggs defeated P. E. Mead and H. Kellock, 6—3, 7—5.

West Side Tennis Club results:

Men's Championship Singles.—Second Round—L. E. Mahan defeated Calhoun Cragin, 6—2, 6—1; Seymour Johnson defeated J. C. Tomlinson by default; Carleton C. Kelley defeated G. A. L. Dionne, 6—3, 3—6, 9—7.

Third Round—Hugh Tallant defeated H. P. Smith, 6—2, 6—2; L. E. Mahan defeated Ross Burchard, 6—1, 6—0; Ewing Taylor defeated C. M. Bull, Jr., 6—2, 6—3; W. S. Slade defeated A. S. Runyon, 8—6, 6—3.

Fourth Round—Hugh Tallant defeated William B. Cragin, Jr., 6—2, 6—2.

Men's Doubles.—First Round—L. E. Mahan and Hugh Tallant defeated H. P. Smith and R. B. Miller, 6—2, 6—2.

Second Round—C. W. MacMullen and E. V. Frothingham defeated C. U. Post, Jr., and A. B. Gladwin, 6—1, 6—3.

ROAD DRIVERS' MATINEE.

Close finishes and split heats were features of the opening event of the New York Road Drivers' matinée season on the Speedway yesterday afternoon. With one exception all of the dozen classes on the programme brought out satisfactory contests, while the average time made in both trotting and pacing divisions was fast, considering the fact that this was the first chance for fast horses to start in an actual race.

Ismalian was one of the newcomers to win a blue ribbon, but in the majority of events the coveted ribbon went to an old-timer. The fastest time in the pacing division was 1:04½, made by Who Knows, while the next best was a second slower, made by Claro, who simply walked after taking the lead before the quarter was reached. Sid Axworthy set the season's trotting record at 1:05¾, while the California trotter, Wilmar, won a heat in 1:06½, showing plainly that before the matinée season is far advanced heats around 1:02 might be fully expected.

Summary of the races:

Class F—Trotting, Second Division.

Tommy Brown, b. g., L. Metzger, (Ottinger) 1 9 1
Greame Grattan, b. h., H. L. Toplitz, (Gibbons) 2 1 2
Carmine, b. m., John Lennon 3 2 4
Black Pandit, bl. m., George H. Huber 4 4 3
Jonesy Smith, bl. m., J. W. Smith ..... 5 dis.
Time—1:14½; 1:15¼; 1:15.

Class B—Pacing.

Claro, ch. g., Joseph F. Gibbons 1 1
Alone, b. m., F. J. Kilpatrick 2 2
Kate Nelson, br. m., Edward J. La Place 3 3
Time—1:07¼; 1:05½.

Class E—Trotting.

Ismalian, ch. g., Thomas G. Hinds 1 1
Pot Roast, br. g., E. S. Brower, (Campbell) 2 2
Annie Q., b. m., M. C. Raynolds 3 3
Time—1:11; 1:11.

Class E—Pacing.

Free-for-All Trotting.

Sid Axworthy, ch. g., Charles Weiland 1 1
Wentworth, bl. g., Charles Weiland, (Kilpatrick) 2 2
To Beat 1:11 Pacing.
Sally A., b. m., C. Hackett ..... Won
Time—1:09¾.

Class B—Trotting.

Wilmar, b. g., F. J. Kilpatrick 1 1
Rose Electrite, b. m., E. Bottemus 2 2
Princess Pique and Dicker scratched.
Time—1:06½; 1:08¼.

Free-for-All Pacing.

Who Knows, bl. g., Thomas B. Leahy 1 1
Bessie Pandit, br. m., G. H. Huber, (Hinds) 2 2
Time—1:04½; 1:06¼.

Class F.—Trotting. First division.

Golden, Jr., b. g., (James Campbell) 1 1
L. W. Russell, Jr., ch. g., (F. J. Kilpatrick, ... 2 2
Time—1:23¾; 121.

Harry Hopper, Jap, and Hymetia scratched.

Class C.—Pacing.

Ogden Smith, blk. g., (J. W. Smith) 3 1 1
Ready Boy, br. g., (Edelmeyer) 1 3 2
Red Bird, b. m., (Ben Cohen) 2 2 3
Time—1:09¾; 1:09; 1:10.

Hiram Abiff was scratched.

Class C.—Trotting.

Judge Boardman, b. g., H. L. Toplitz, (Gibbons) 1 1
Composer, b. g., (Andrew Crawford) 2 3
Time—1:10; 1:07¼.

Lucy was scratched.

Class D.—Trotting.

Joe Jap, blk. g., (H. B. Clarke) 1 1
Earl B., b. g., (P. Kennedy) 2 2
Mons Wilkes, b. m., (Thomas G. Hinds) 3 3
Time—1:07; 1:07¼.

Subject:
$45 Sack Suits.

This is subscribed to the man who spends much time and who suffers much annoyance at the hands of the custom tailor, in addition to which he is asked to pay $75 to $80 for a sack suit.

If that man's objective point is exact fit, distinctive style and exclusive fabric, our $45 suits offer all.

WM. VOGEL & SON

Two Broadway Stores { At Houston Street / At 44th Street

Pictures in The Times Next Sunday

There will be an unusually interesting series of pages in the Picture Section of The Times next Sunday, pictures of deep current interest and that will tell much. There will be two full pages of photographs that show history in the making, striking pictures of distinct importance that show the capture of Constantinople and the downfall of Abdul Hamid. Quite different, but, in another way quite as enjoyable, will be two full pages devoted to reproductions of the more notable canvases shown in the Salon of the National Society in Paris. There will be ten of these pictures, and there will be sixteen of those which portray the successful climax of the revolution in Turkey. There will be many other timely and entertaining pages. These will contain a series of unique photographs of Mr. Roosevelt on shore at Aden; six photographs depicting the visit of the Japanese war vessels to San Francisco; pictures of the rejoicing in Holland over the coming of an heir to the throne; many New York City pictures of interest—in all, a gathering of vital photographs from all parts of the world—a collection that will be of interest to every one.

To make sure of getting the Picture Section orders for The Sunday Times should be placed with newsdealers well in advance of the day of publication.

Ready May 27:
Michael Thwaites's Wife
By Miriam Michelson, Author of "In the Bishop's Carriage," etc.

Ready To-day
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"ADEQUATE," "INCONSEQUENTIAL."

Attorney General WICKERSHAM'S vocabulary promises to be as amusing as his predecessor's jest book, and less irritating. The Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway, having charged a shipper the sum of two local rates instead of a smaller through rate, was fined $1,000 on each count. Revising the pleadings, Mr. WICKERSHAM expresses his approval and acceptance of this result because the fine is "adequate." The case was one which easily enough might have lent itself to another treatment. There was the same element of discrimination that justified the $29,000,000 fine in the minds of those whose sense of proportion is different from Mr. WICKERSHAM'S. Nobody defends discrimination between patrons of railways. Everybody agrees that railways which do this ought to be punished, to the end that the practice may be stopped. "Adequate" is the appropriate word to be used in such cases. Nobody takes particular notice except the railway which pays the fine, and all is well. Practical men would know how to base a campaign on such an incident, and it might even be good for a little panic, and a message about the crimes of railways.

It was an out-and-out rebate case which Mr. WICKERSHAM settled the other day by simply writing a letter. A big shipper, no less obnoxious in popular esteem than the Beef Trust itself, was detected in accepting excessive damages for goods lost or injured while in the railways' care. The excess damage, of course, reduced the shipper's freight bills, and gave the same advantage as that for which the Standard Oil Trust was fined. The practice is indefensible and ought to be stopped. But Mr. WICKERSHAM, however, found that the practice was so ancient that it was established before the laws against rebating. Moreover, while adaptable to the purposes of discrimination, the United States Attorney General did not find that it had been so used. Accordingly he wrote a polite letter to the offending shipper saying that the practice should be stopped, although the sums involved were "inconsequential."

To appreciate the soothing quality of this word it must be recalled that the rebate evil has heretofore been bathed with vitriol, and that gallons of gall and uncounted adjectives have been used in connection with this identical case. And one polite letter stopped it. Mr. WICKERSHAM is reckless in his waste of opportunities. Mr. TAFT actually seems to encourage this tendency toward peace and prosperity, associated with the stoppage of wrongs. The earlier way was to squander a half million dollars in prosecutions distinguished by the escape of the defendants. Such conditions encouraged reaction against the prosecution of defendants, who, though wrong, were placed in the attitude of victims of unsuccessful litigation. There is as much balm in Mr. WICKERSHAM'S vocabulary as there is weight in his words. So long as it thwacks the wicked for the prevention of wrong, and the encouragement of the righteous, rather than for the subversion of our commercial common law for the joy of disturbance, he will have the approval of the public.

LOOK OUT, AS WELL AS IN.

Mr. JOHN BARRETT has had a very wide experience in many lands in the study of our trade relations and in diplomacy. The Orient and South America are as familiar to him as Europe through the investigations and negotiations with which he has been intrusted by his Government. From this extended experience he has learned—what our statesmen at Washington and elsewhere seem congenitally incapable of realizing, and many of our business men are not any wiser—that every really profitable business is of advantage to buyers as well as to sellers. To this he adds the corollary that every sound business prospers as it is extended to wider markets and a greater range of customers.

That is the substance of his advice to the manufacturers the other night to watch the schedules of the tariff and see that they do not cut off exports the stopping of which will do the country more harm than the duties can do good. He referred especially to the trade of the United States with the countries to the south of us. These are very much in the condition in which our own country was seventy years ago. They lack skilled labor, capital, and, in some instances, cheap fuel, but they are splendidly rich in raw products. With such peoples it is entirely practicable for us to carry on a mutually profitable commerce, if we will only consent to reduce the artificial barriers we have erected. But our whole fiscal system, so far as concerns international commerce, is openly directed to checking, stifling, penalizing it for the temporary advantage of favored classes at the expense of the mass of the people.

MR. ROGERS AND STANDARD OIL.

HENRY H. ROGERS and the concerns of which he was a part, and a very great part, have been continuously under legislative and judicial investigation for almost forty years, and it cannot be said that in any particular case the law ever got the better of him. In the broad result, however, the law has got the better of him, of his corporations, and of his kind, for it must be the general conviction now that the astonishing career of Mr. ROGERS can never be repeated in this country. Mr. ROGERS was one of that class of whom we see so many examples who, with opportunities and with the ability to make a great fortune, made that fortune colossal by not giving the other fellow a fair chance, by strangling competition, by creating and enjoying the conditions of monoply. The history of the secret rebate, if fully written out, would be in its notable chapters the history of oil and steel. The story of those devices and agreements of trade by which in this country great industries have possessed themselves of all the secrets of their rivals, have hemmed them in, stifled and crippled them to the end that a field by natural law free to all should become the field of one, would have as its chief sources the chronicles of the Standard Oil Company. Pretty certainly we have put a stop to that. Men with the genius for business that Mr. ROGERS possessed and with the opportunities incident to the development of our resources will come to the fore, will fill the public eye with their exploits, will make great fortunes, as great perhaps as his, but not in his way, not by his methods. Men have not been altogether regenerated; there is more yet to be done for their morals and their souls. But they have been chastened and corrected and means to the end of money getting that we used to tolerate have been not merely condemned, but made dangerous by exemplary fines and the shadow of the common jail.

We must suppose that Mr. ROGERS knew of the methods by which Standard Oil prospered and rose to dominance. We may even assume that he instigated and applied some of them. Certainly he profited by them. That he ever felt very keenly how unfair and flagitious they were is doubtful. All is fair in a big business has been, if not a rule of conduct, at least a precept of such common acceptance that growing opulence has in countless instances found in it comfort and a shield against the reproaches of conscience while pursuing policies that drove the competitor to despair and the bankruptcy court and left humble homes bare of luxuries and with the scantest provision of necessities. Mr. ROGERS was accused of many wicked things in which he had no part. Miss TARBELL, not a lenient commentator, concludes that he never had knowledge of the attempt to destroy the plant and business of a rival company of which the public heard much about a quarter of a century ago. With all the investigations that have been had, and they began in 1870 and are still in progress, no punishable offense has ever been formally proved against him, and only inferential complicity established in practices that everybody now denounces, but against which the restraints of the law are only coming to be effective. Undoubtedly, though, Mr. ROGERS'S share in the unfair and abhorrent methods of Standard Oil was so considerable that he ought therefor to have suffered from the increasing torments of remorse, and undoubtedly he did not so suffer. He was spared, we may imagine, in part through merciful insensitiveness of moral composition, and in part because of philosophical observation of the doings of other men and of their indifference of a public opinion not yet quickened.

There is something to be said upon the other side. Not profitably to be said, however, we think, in the form of a homily upon the career of Mr. ROGERS as a self-made man, rising by self-denial and tireless industry from humble conditions to a great place in the industrial and commercial world, and then doing good things with his millions. Tens of thousands of American boys do that, boys with Mr. ROGERS'S virtues of industry and frugality in youth, even with his talents, but only now and then a boy has Mr. ROGERS'S opportunity. To have made the most of that and to have made the most of it not only for himself, but for the common benefit, for the country, for the world—that is Mr. ROGERS'S achievement, and it is a great one.

To Mr. ROCKEFELLER and to Mr. ROGERS must be given the credit of developing and building up, of making the great business of refining and distributing all over the world that illuminating oil which is one of our natural resources. That they made themselves enormously rich, richer than they could now make themselves under our laws as we enforce them to-day is postulated, and we may admit that they ruthlessly drove competitors to the wall. But we are not at all of those who believe that these men have plundered universal humanity. Undoubtedly the world fills its lamps to-day, and for years has filled them, with cheaper oil than an industry less centralized and less intelligently controlled could have provided. Mr. ROCKEFELLER and Mr. ROGERS had business genius. The Standard Oil Corporation in its strictly business methods is the model of great industrial organizations the world over. It has carried to wonderful perfection of detail the economy of the by-product. It has made very real and effective the saving that results from concentration, from the control of tributary industries—the making of its own barrels from the wood of its own forests, for example—and it has devised and applied countless methods of saving money, labor, and time in every process. Of these enlightened business methods the world has had a good share of the benefit. If there had been fifty smaller Standard Oil Companies under the management of the average, minor Rockefellers and Rogerses the page of industrial progress we read of the modern business methods of Standard Oil might have been largely blank.

THE MAYORALTY.

Now is the time, to-day, this very hour, for the various organizations of taxpayers who have at heart the welfare of the city to interest themselves actively in the Mayoralty nomination. The politicians are all at work. They do not talk much, but their minds are fixed on the principal political event of this year. If an attempt is not made now to secure the nomination of an able man of independent character, for whom citizens can vote without regard for their party affiliations, it will be difficult to control the politicians in the Fall.

Candidates are plentiful, but thus far all are strictly party candidates. It is understood that the Republican organization inclines to fusion, but with a Republican at the head of the ticket. It matters very little whether the next Mayor is Republican or Democrat, or who nominates him, if he is a man of high character of the right measure of ability and practical experience to administer the affairs of this city.

MEAT PACKERS AND ART.

The attention of meat packers, and other Americans of supposedly large wealth, is directed by Mr. VANDERVELDE, Socialist leader in the Belgian Chamber of Deputies, to the splendid collection of pictures the King of the Belgians is about to put on the market; also to his Egyptian antiquities. VANDERVELDE and the Brussels newspapers are afraid these treasures will come to America in exchange for $2,000,000 accumulated in meat packing or some other National industry.

We fancy that the Socialist leader and the newspapers are unduly alarmed. They must observe that the objectionable American millionaires are not scrambling for that Arundel Holbein, though the whole British Nation seems to have joined in dangling it before their covetous, meat-packing eyes. The Holbein is a good picture, but $350,000 is a preposterous price to ask for it. At the present writing the COLNAGHIS have it safely in their possession. American meat packers are getting wary. They can buy a great deal of sound art with the price of that Holbein, and have enough left to spend at Carlsbad and Marienbad.

As for King LEOPOLD'S pictures, if his taste in art can be judged by his manner of living, it would be risky to buy any of them for investment. The tourist season is at hand, and every American, as is well known, carries a few hundred thousands abroad with him every year. But Europe's expensive pictures seem to be a drug in the market. In spite of the pleasant little comedy of apprehension and fear of Yankee looters acted every year, the American millionaire has learned to buy the pictures he wants when he wants them, and not to be fooled into paying extravagant prices for them.

Lord ROBERTS, in Tuesday's debate on army matters in the House of Lords, stuck to his alarmist pose. He has "invasion" on the brain. Lord ROBERTS is a good soldier, but a poor statesman, and, in the circumstances, a worse politician. He has done more to stir up British dislike of the Germans than "An Englishman's Home." The inventors of such silly yarns as that about a German depot of arms in the heart of London, if they do not derive their inspiration directly from him, merely appeal to the spirit he and other ill-advised alarmists have stirred up.

The Protestant Episcopal clergy are not to be blamed for their opposition to divorce. They can exert a beneficent influence on society by urging the communicants of their Church to make the best of mistaken marriages. But it is going too far to discountenance the remarriage of an innocent party to a divorce, in any circumstances. Obviously such a rule must be often disregarded. The diocesan convention of Western New York will weaken rather than strengthen the influence of the Church on domestic relations, if it adopts Bishop WALKER'S plan, without any qualifications. The matter might better be left to the judgment of the ministers.

The appointment of Mr. WILLIAM S. WASHBURN to the vacancy in the Federal Civil Service Commission is in strict accordance with the spirit of the merit system. The new Commissioner was formerly an officer of the Commission in Washington, and was promoted to a position of responsibility in the Civil Service organization in the Philippines. He has been there for some years and returns to Washington with a very creditable record. In the Commission, at the National capital he will find himself thoroughly familiar with every branch of its duties as well as with the difficulties that are likely to arise. The work of the Commission, which primarily is to advise the President, and to aid him in the application of the principle of appointments for fitness—brings it into very close relations with him, and it will be especially advantageous to have among its members one who has attained his reputation and experience in the Possessions to which the President has devoted so much of his own labor.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

The Sultan Understand.

Adequate explanation of the otherwise mysterious fact that the Sultan is still alive, though he has now been for several weeks in the hands of men who have many reasons and not a few rights, as well as the power, to terminate his existence, can probably be found in the fact that his signature is required for getting hold of the millions deposited by him in foreign banks.

A dispatch from Constantinople says that the new Grand Vizier has sent to Salonica a small committee, composed of men whose names from easily imaginable motives are not divulged, to persuade the wretched old man that it will be well for him to sign checks for this money without delay. They are to remind him, it seems, that his life has been spared; that an income of $5,000 a month has been provided for his maintenance; that the foreign deposit really belongs to the nation from which they were extorted, and that, all things considered, he ought in gratitude and patriotism to give them back.

The likelihood that ABDUL HAMID would heed such arguments as these is amusingly minute, but it is fair to assume that the members of that committee are large, stern men, with fierce, bushy whiskers, and that the suavity of their talk will convey less information to the observant Sultan than the frequent wandering of their hands to their daggers or cimeters. It is just possible, too, that somebody will happen to bring a silken bowstring into the room and with careful carelessness dangle it in sight as an unobtrusive suggestion that compliance with the committee's request would be wise.

The chances are that the Sultan will sign the orders, which will doubtless be ready for his pen, but it will be reluctantly and with despairing realization of the fact that by so doing he will deprive himself of his last claim to leniency from the men whom he plotted to destroy. His hidden millions lost, he will have nothing left with which to purchase immunity, and will have to trust entirely to the apprehensions of his jailers as to what might happen if they offended the fanaticism of the provincial Moslems by putting to death the Commander of the Faithful. That may save him for a while, but deposed Sultans have always been the worst of risks from an insurance point of view, and their rarely broken habit has been to die of some vague disease at the early convenience of their successors.

Meanwhile the banks that have his money on deposit must be watching the course of events with interest, and any checks that come to close the accounts will presumably have to be well authenticated before they are paid.

Spiritualists Win a Vindication.

It is natural, but perhaps a little unfair, that the newspapers which were so much interested in the earlier stages of the Vanderbilt-Pepper litigation should have made yesterday only the briefest of records of its ending. That ending was, in effect, a practically complete vindication of the accused "medium's" honesty in the matter of real estate transfers, and a confirmation of her husband's original claim that the putting in her name of the house they were jointly to occupy was not at the command of any "Little Bright Eyes" in another world, but the most familiar of transactions, based on nothing more mystical than financial caution and marital affection.

As news, Judge FAWCETT'S dismissal of the indictment against Mrs. PEPPER-VANDERBILT did not have, outside of Spiritualistic circles, more than small value, while during the progress of the various trials that have been going on for some two years much amusing testimony as to the limitlessness of human credulity was elicited. The trouble with that evidence, as it turns out, was that it had little or no relevancy to the question at issue. While it was proved beyond question that the sometime Mrs. PEPPER talked and wrote a lot of amazing nonsense, under pretense or delusion of being a chosen channel of communication between the living and the dead, and that Mr. VANDERBILT gave grave credence to stuff at which he ought to have laughed, it was not proved that his house was acquired by means of these queer messages. Therefore the whole case fell to the ground.

A further analysis would probably resolve the affair into one of the family quarrels that so often arise when an old man decides to marry again, to the mental worriment and financial loss of adult children by the first wife. That, however, is a matter of no public concern. It is a pity, though, that nothing of definiteness has been added to the legal status of Spiritualism and mediumship, and we will still have to puzzle unassisted over the problem how it is that belief in crazy things is not incompatible with sanity. Somehow or other it isn't, else would most of us have to be shut up in asylums.

Pleasing, But Not Promising.

As a means of restoring the prosperity of Ireland, the persuasion of many Irish-Americans to make "pilgrimages" to that troubled isle appeals rather strongly to sentiment, but practically it is not very promising of large and desirable results.

Ireland is an interesting land, especially when what the eye sees is enlarged and interpreted by a knowledge of history, but all the visitors thus to be attracted already go there, and any material increase in their number would be perilously close to one phase of charity, and charity is not what Ireland needs. Of course a lot of tourists, however summoned, would spend a lot of money as they traveled about, but there are profits and profits, and in most if not all countries the business of catering to and amusing aliens is the reverse of conducive to dignity and self-respect among the natives. Even the innocent "Summer boarder" has on the whole a bad effect on his entertainers, and when they trust entirely to him for support their deterioration is far advanced.

The revival of Ireland's agriculture and industries must be based on a firmer foundation than the tourist trade if it is really to amount to anything to be proud of.

ARMENIAN VIRTUES.

Those Who Know Them Best Esteem Them Most Highly.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the recent massacres some of the Armenians resisted slaughter and died fighting. Commenting on this fact, a writer in your columns says, in substance, that this is to the credit of a race which has hitherto shown no qualities more strenuous than those which go to produce craft.

Any one holding such an opinion must have a very imperfect knowledge of Armenian history, either ancient or modern, and a very limited acquaintance among the Armenians of the present day.

Away back in the year 451 A. D., we find the Armenians resisting the invasion of a vastly superior number of Persians, bent upon converting them by force to fire worship. According to a historian of the fifth century, they resisted with such tenacity as to call out from a Persian leader the words:

> These people have put on Christianity not like a garment, but like their flesh and blood. Men who do not dread fetters, nor fear torments, nor care for their property, and, worst of all, who choose death rather than life—who can stand against them?

Since then the Armenians have gone through a long series of wars, persecutions, and tragedies, in which they have shown the same stubborn attachment to their principles. It is only about fifteen years since the great massacres, in which 300,000 perished, and most of these could have saved their lives by embracing Mohammedanism. Wendell Phillips said, after Harper's Ferry:

> Actually, in this Sodom of ours, twenty-two men have been found ready to die for an idea. God be thanked for John Brown, that he has discovered or created them!

The Armenian massacres—those of a few days ago, as well as those of earlier years—show that in Asia there are still thousands of men and women ready to face death rather deny their faith. I wonder how many of the Americans that cast contempt upon the Armenian character would do as much?

Here are a few opinions from persons who have known the Armenians well:

Dr. Cyrus Hamlin, who taught among them for thirty-five years, wrote: "The Armenians are a noble race."

James Bryce, who traveled in Armenia and studied the people, says:

> Among all those who dwell in Western Asia they stand first, with a capacity for intellectual and moral progress, as well as with a natural tenacity of will and purpose, beyond that of all their neighbors—not merely of Turks, Tartars, Kurds, and Persians, but also of Russians.

Justice Brewer has spoken of "the heroism of the Armenians." Dr. Grace N. Kimball, who lived for years in the heart of Armenia, calls them "a race full of enterprise and the spirit of advancement, much like ourselves in characteristics, and full of possibilities of every kind." The Rev. Frederick G. Greene, who was born and brought up among them, expresses himself to the same effect.

Lamartine calls the Armenians "the Swiss of the East." Dulaurier compares them to the Dutch. American missionaries describe them as "the Anglo-Saxons of the Orient." Mrs. Isabella Bird Bishop, after confessing that she had had to overcome a preconceived prejudice against the Armenians, writes:

> It is not possible to deny that they are the most capable, energetic, enterprising, and pushing race in Western Asia, physically superior and intellectually acute.

Miss Fidrence E. Fensham, Dean for years of the American College for Girls at Constantinople, has had large numbers of Armenian girls among her students. She says they are not only able intellectually, but very faithful and trustworthy.

Mrs. Julia Ward Howe, in a letter published in The Boston Herald of June 19, 1895, wrote, in answer to some aspersions cast upon these oppressed people:

> There are unprincipled persons among the Armenians, as among all other races, and some Americans have been prejudiced against Armenians in general by contact with the demoralized Armenians of Constantinople. But in Constantinople corruption extends to all nationalities. Ubicini draws a very just distinction between the Armenians of Constantinople and the Levantine ports and the Armenians of Tauris or Erzeroum, the cradle of the race, where the independent and chivalrous character of the people has remained comparatively little changed by the lapse of ages. The contrast is as great as between the enervated Greeks of Phanar and the hardy Greek mountaineers of Epirus and Macedonia. The bulk of the Armenians are primitive and hard-working agriculturists, living in the interior, and what Lord Byron said of them years ago holds good to-day: "It would perhaps be difficult to find in the annals of a nation less crime than in those of this people, whose virtues are those of peace, and whose vices are the result of the oppression it has undergone."

During the last sixteen years it has been my fortune to be personally acquainted with a very large number of Armenians, the educated and the ignorant, the rich and the poor. Among them, as among people of every nationality, there are all sorts, good, bad, and indifferent. Some of the noblest characters that I have ever known have been Armenians; and even among the poor and uneducated I have often found an amount of courage, energy, and perseverance, combined with a kindness and charity, that would do honor to any nation. It has fallen to my lot to send out a large number of Armenian refugees—generally young men—as household servants, to receive reports of them from their employers, and in many cases to keep track of them year after year. The proportion of dishonesty among them has been surprisingly small.

The Rev. Edwin M. Bliss says, after long experience among the Armenians in Turkey: "Those who know the race most widely and most intimately esteem it the most highly."

ALICE STONE BLACKWELL.

Dorchester, Mass., May 17, 1909.

NATIONAL GUARD SERVICE.

Requires Much Time and Expense with Small Return from State.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As far as my observation goes, THE TIMES has been the most active—and rightly so—of the opposition to locating the proposed armory of the Eighth Regiment in Crotona Park.

It is unfortunate, however, that this controversy has stirred up, also, an antagonism to the National Guard, as a whole, and this should not be.

Aside from those who have served, and are serving, in the Guard, comparatively few people seem to realize what a young man has to give up—financially and in the way of pleasure—to serve his State. There is an idea that a regiment of the Guard is a comfortable social organization, established by the State in return for remotely possible service in time of trouble for several hundred young men.

How unfortunate this conception is! Not only to the Guard but to the unthinking public as well. In my old regiment, the Twenty-second Engineers, the officers are required to have a technical education, and last Winter for a time they were required to be at the armory every night in the week, except Saturday and Sunday. In ordinary times the officers have to report for duty three nights a week in the drill season and on "headquarters' night" the year around. In all regiments the officers provide their own uniforms and sabres, and these outfits cost $250 at the very least, and at this price only the dress, undress, and service uniforms are included. Officers and men must provide themselves with russet and black shoes and white and olive-drab gloves—in the case of officers, these are of kid or dogskin at $1.50 a pair. Officers and men must pay for any repairs or alterations to their uniforms, and the entire equipment must at all times be in perfect order for National and State inspection.

In return the enlisted man is paid a small amount for camp duty, which in most regiments is turned into the company fund, and the officers are allowed a small amount each year for uniforms—not sufficient to buy a full set of belts, and generally turned over to their wives as a peace offering for the many absences from home on duty nights. After serving five years and obtaining an honorable discharge, there is exemption from jury duty—and by next month of a reward from a grateful State which, however, hasn't shown sufficient gratitude to give her volunteers even a bronze medal for their services during the Spanish war. Most of them did not see active service, but all looked for it, and many lost good positions, as unfortunately employers, as a whole, have little sympathy with the Guard.

TWENTY-SECOND.

New York, May 18, 1909.

OLD CHARGES, JEROME SAYS.

Jackson's Ice Trust Allegations Long Since Refuted, He Declares.

District Attorney Jerome appeared not in the least disturbed yesterday by the charges made in the annual report of ex-Attorney General Jackson that he had attempted to block every fight which the ex-Attorney General had instituted against the trusts.

Mr. Jerome said that after scanning the charges as reported in the dispatches from Albany he had utterly failed to find anything either new or true. Mr. Jerome dismissed the matter by declaring that the allegations had all been thrashed out before Commissioner Hand when he was hearing the charges and arguments to oust him from office, and had then been disposed of.

Mr. Jerome seemed to think that the animus in the Jackson charges was traceable to the Vidaver incident. Nathan Vidaver, a special deputy for Mr. Jackson, was arrested and indicted on charges alleging that the special deputy had accepted a bribe from William H. Montgomery, then managing the affairs of the Hamilton Bank.

According to Mr. Jackson, the District Attorney conceived "the contemptible, cowardly scheme," to discredit him before the Grand Jury and thus block his fight on the Ice Trust at a dinner party at which were present Mr. Montgomery, his counsel, Howard Gans, and Mr. Jerome. To this Mr. Jerome replied that he had never had any dinner party with Mr. Montgomery and Mr. Gans, but did have luncheon with them at Haan's restaurant. The result was an alleged trap set for Vidaver, who, a week later, was arrested in the Astor House after Montgomery had, according to the report, handed the special deputy $500.

Under the heading "Indictment of the Ice Trust," Mr. Jackson says in his report:

> "The accomplishment of even an indictment against this arrogant and evil monopoly, strongly intrenched by the distribution of its stock in influential quarters, was attended by unusual difficulties and subjected the Attorney General and his assistants to cowardly and malicious personal attacks by the District Attorney of New York County, under the cover of his office and the Grand Jury, in revenge for his being displaced by the Attorney General in this prosecution, with the purpose to discredit and nullify the efforts of the Attorney General to enforce the laws after the District Attorney had refused to act.
>
> "If there had been any hope of redress under existing circumstances, I would have preferred charges against this official and prosecuted him in the criminal courts."

Ex-Attorney General Jackson issued a statement yesterday denying a newspaper report that he had ever made an attempt to withdraw his report of 1908, declaring that he never had any intention of withdrawing or correcting it other than its typography. He said he had only requested the printer to send him a copy for inspection and the correction of the proofs. He added that he was unable to account for the origin of the erroneous report.

KAISER'S GIFT TO J. P. MORGAN

Emperor Presents His Portrait—Gifts Also to Sir Purdon Clarke and Others.

Announcement was made yesterday that Emperor William, in recognition of their good offices in connection with the exhibition of German contemporary art, recently held at the Metropolitan Museum, has presented to J. Pierpont Morgan, President of the Museum, his portrait bearing his signature; to Director Sir C. Purdon Clarke and to Hugo Reisinger the Commander's Cross of the Order of the Crown of Prussia.

To Edward Robinson, Assistant Director of the Museum, the Emperor has also given the officer's Cross of the Order of the Red Eagle. The German Consul General, Mr. Franksen, presented the decorations to Mr. Reisinger and Mr. Robinson yesterday. Mr. Morgan and Mr. Clarke are abroad.

A TAX ON TEA.

States That 10 Per Cent. Impost Would Exclude the Low-Grade Kinds.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am in favor of placing a duty of 10 cents per pound on tea for the following reasons:

First, as one of the oldest tea merchants, I am satisfied that the only way the people of this country can depend on getting good and pure teas is by the imposition of a specific duty. Then no one would risk importing any low grade stuff. If they took it out of bond they would have to take better grades to mix with it. This would entail the payment of the duty on all, which would make it unprofitable.

Second, because the consumer would get a better tea—more pleasing to the palate—the increase in cost being so infinitesimally small that it would not be noticed.

Third, a pound of tea costing 50 cents will make, on an average, 225 cups of good, strong tea. The increase in the cost would be the 225th part of 10 cents, while the quality of the tea would be so much better that it would please the palate and help to increase the consumption of tea in this country.

It was a mistake to take the duty off tea and coffee; it was easily collected; it was a protection to the consumer—insuring them better goods; it kept out all the very low grade teas which were imported previous to the duty being placed on them.

We have a pure food law which is gradually improving food products throughout the country; compelling them to be made pure and healthy. A tax of 10 cents per pound on tea will keep the low grades out. Give it to us.

L. J. CALLANAN.

New York, May 18, 1909.

THE SCRATCH MATCH.

Says There Is a City Ordinance Prohibiting Its Sale.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The scratch match has assumed the proportions of a veritable nuisance. In addition to the hazard from its storage and use, it is the cause of a marked disfigurement to property. In fact, this is becoming quite noticeable. During a short walk south on the east side of Broadway the casual observer may see marked traces of its use on these buildings: Nos. 176, 170, 128, 96, 48, and 42 Broadway and No. 2 Wall Street. This is only a very small section of the city, but it represents a disfigurement which is going on all over the town. Fine marble walls and newly painted surfaces are no bar to these vandals, and they seem to be perfectly oblivious to the rights of owners of property.

I understand that there is a city ordinance prohibiting the storage, sale, and use of this kind of match, and I would respectfully ask why the authorities and Board of Fire Underwriters continue to wink at their use?

New York, May 18, 1909. GOTHAM.

EXIT DEA.

New York's going out of town!
She, with many a hat and gown,
Flies to add to her renown,
For spending!
What with francs in gay Paree,
And in London, £, s., d.,
Her largesse is sure to be
Unending!

To tradition she will cling;
See, while on her annual fling,
Everybody, everything
Worth seeing!
Spite a furtive smile and stare
Foreigners will all declare
They have never seen so fair
A being!

Criticism she'll invite,
As a new-born goddess might,
And her critics will be quite
De-lighted!
Then, when home, she'll tempt the fates,
Saying promptly that she rates
Best of all the various States,
Ta' United!

LA TOUCHE HANCOCK.

TAFT WILL PRESENT MEDALS TO WRIGHTS

Plans Completed for Great Reception to Ohio Aviators in Washington in June.

FLIGHTS NEAR WHITE HOUSE

Admiral Dewey on Committee—Tests Expected to Result in Adoption of Aeroplane for Army Use.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—Great preparations have been made for the reception to Wilbur and Orville Wright when they return next month to complete the demonstrations at Fort Myer, which are expected to result in the adoption of their aeroplane by the United States Army. They will be accorded all the honors usually reserved for those to whom the Nation is indebted, and the President personally will decorate them with medals provided by the Aero Club of America. In addition a committee of men of National importance will welcome them.

The plans for the reception of the Wright brothers were practically completed to-day at a meeting of the Board of Governors of the Aero Club of Washington. Mr. Walsh only a few days ago was elected President of the Aero Club of America, but the local organization will have charge of the reception arrangements. Mr. Walsh will not be present to take part in the affair, as he is leaving Monday for his home in Colorado, but his place will be taken by John Barrett, Director of the International Bureau of American Republics, who will serve as Chairman of the committee.

The Wrights will be met at the train by a committee, and will be taken in triumphal procession down Pennsylvania Avenue to the Cosmos Club, where they will be domiciled. There will be an informal reception on the evening of their arrival, giving the aviators an opportunity to renew the acquaintances they made when here before. Orville Wright, whose final flight here last Summer resulted in the death of Lieut. Selfridge of the Signal Corps and in injury to himself, is especially well known in army circles.

On the morning following their arrival the brothers will give an exhibition flight in their aeroplane. This will take place in the ellipse behind the White House, and President Taft with a number of the members of his Cabinet will be present. Following the flight a buffet luncheon will be given at the Cosmos Club in honor of the Wrights and the visiting members of the Aero Club of America, the local club being host.

Immediately after the luncheon the Wrights will be escorted to the White House, where President Taft will present them with the medals designed to mark the supremacy of American invention in the field of aerial navigation. There will be other speeches besides the President's, and the Wrights also are expected to make brief addresses. A second flight in the afternoon and a banquet in the evening will complete the activities of the day.

In addition to Chairman Barrett the members of the Reception Committee are Brig. Gen. James Allen, Admiral Dewey, Representative Herbert Parsons, Gen. Clarence E. Edwards, Major Gen. O. Squier, Charles J. Bell, Gen. M. V. Z. Woodhull, Prof. Willis L. Moore, Dr. David Fairchild, and Edward B. McLean.

Mr. Barrett will at once communicate with De Witt C. Morrell of New York, Chairman of the Aero Club of America, and with the Wright brothers, who are now at their home in Dayton, Ohio, for the purpose of fixing definitely the date for the reception here. It is expected that the affair will be held about June 10.

NATIONAL BANKS LOSE GROUND

State Deposit Guarantee in Oklahoma Reduces Number and Business.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—Owing to the Oklahoma deposit guarantee law, which went into effect in February, 1908, there has been a decrease in the State during the past year of sixty-seven National banks. The statement of the 242 National banks, as given by the reports of condition on April 28, 1909, show a decrease in loans and discounts since the last call (Feb. 5, 1909,) of $635,300 and a decrease in the same item as shown a year ago (May 14, 1908,) of $1,085,890.

Individual deposits show a loss of $721,973 since the last call, but a gain of $651,339 over a year ago. Total resources show a loss of $3,060,865 since the last call, and a loss of $2,422,358 over a year ago.

MORGAN GIFT TO MT. VERNON.

Washington's Dress Sword Added to Collection at Mansion.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—A valuable contribution has been made by J. Pierpont Morgan to the collection of Washington relics at Mount Vernon.

At the annual meeting of the Board of State Regents of the Mount Vernon Ladies' Association it was announced that Mr. Morgan had presented to them the sword worn by Gen. Washington when he resigned command of the Continental army in December, 1783, at the time of his first inauguration as President and on all subsequent state occasions. The gift was made through Miss Amy Townsend, Vice Regent from New York State.

TO ROME FOR THE JUBILEE.

Many Clergy on Carpathia—Some of the Savoie's Passengers.

A number of Catholic clergy and laity sail to-day on the Carpathia of the Cunard Line. They will attend the celebration of the golden jubilee of the American College in Rome. Among them are:

The Most Rev. Diomede Falconi, Apostolic Delegate, Washington; the Right Rev. F. Burke, Bishop of St. Joseph, Mo.; the Right Rev John I. Barrett of Brooklyn, the Right Rev. Owen B. Corrigan, Auxiliary Bishop of Baltimore; the Most Rev. John M. Farley, Archbishop of New York; the Right Rev. John F. Kearney, the Right Rev. Benjamin J. Kelley, the Right Rev. Charles E. McDonnell, Bishop of Brooklyn; Mr. and Mrs. Frank Crowe, Dr. D. A. Sinclair, and Baroness Ledwig Lekow.

On the Savoie to-day will sail:

A. L. Alness, Mr. and Mrs. Juan Pedro Baro, Count and Countess Mannsfeld, Mr. and Mrs. W. Bourke Cockran, Henry Eder, Mrs. Thomas Ewing, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. I. D. Einstein, Mr and Mrs. Edward H. Finlay, Prof. and Mrs. Richard Gottheil, M. Hallmann, French Vice Consul at Philadelphia; Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Jaros, Lagarigue de Survilliers, Mrs. Charles H. Marshall, Mrs. John Pierce, and Mrs. Rosa de Pelaez.

Dr. Hutchison Wires He Is Well.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., May 19.—The receipt to-day of another telegram from Dr. Percy Hutchison, the missing Harvard instructor, further convinced the local authorities and his family that the missing man will eventually return home. The telegram received to-day stated that Dr. Hutchison was well and hoped to return soon.

RUBINSTEINS OUST MRS. WALLERSTEIN

The Club Meets and Elects Mrs. Chapman President in Her Place.

HAS A LAWYER RIGHT THERE

But the Deposed Ruler Now Has a Brand New Club of Her Own —So There!

The Rubinstein Club, which is just a little more than of age and has come out as a debutante in the courts recently and had its name in the papers a good many times, had a peace meeting yesterday at the Waldorf-Astoria and elected as its President for keeps the head of one of its opposing factions, Mrs. William Rogers Chapman.

To see that Mrs. Chapman was legally elected Maurice Dean, a young lawyer, was on hand, as was Miss Anne Rhodes, who is such a good parliamentarian that at the last exciting Woman's Club Federation meeting the President suggested that she leave the room for asking questions of privilege.

Mrs. Harry Wallerstein, head of another faction of the club, who got an injunction to prevent it from meeting, and was expected to be present yesterday and perhaps say things, did not make her appearance. Neither did Marie Cross Newhaus.

As far as Mrs. Wallerstein was concerned, she did not care anything about the Rubinstein Club anyway, she told every one who cared to ask her. She has started an organization of her own, the Chopin Club. Victor Herbert is to compose music for it, and the Chopinites will sit under their own vine and fig tree and play and sing their own music, and the Rubinsteiniteh can go Rubinsteining if they like.

Mrs. Newhaus has also started a new club. That is the Beaux Art, which has been in running order for some time, and in addition to that she will have Mozart Saturday afternoons. But then Mrs. Newhaus has not left the club.

"Dear Marie," said Mrs. R. F. Cartwright; "she has just the daintiest little organization that ever was. But of course she hasn't left the Rubinstein. Why, as Vice President, she has been one of the hardest workers. An office has been offered to her again, I know, but she wouldn accept it."

Mrs. Newhaus got $200 salary from the Rubinstein.

The meeting yesterday was avowedly to depose Mrs. Wallerstein from the Presidency and put some one else in—every one knew that that some one was Mrs. Chapman—and if Mrs. Wallerstein had appeared—

"Well, we were ready for her," said one of the members in meaning tones.

"She did not tell what would be done. As it was, nothing happened but the harmony which the Rubinstein Club stands for making. It has been discord for some time past, however. The only trouble was that the voting took a long time.

"It shouldn't," said the Horatio at the gate of the club, who kept out all interlopers. "It's a straight ticket, but every woman stops at the ballot box to talk the whole thing over."

According to Lawyer Dean, the Rubinstein Club, as it stands now, has legally the right of way. There are 300 members, and of these 226 have "signed acknowledgment of confidence" (those were the lawyer's words) in Mrs. Chapman. Officers have never been elected in the Wallersteinian era of the club, the last five of its twenty-two years of existence. The club at the beginning of that era was incoporated, and two weeks before its incorporation a group of the bright and shining lights met, declared Mrs. Wallerstein the President, and put each of themselves in some other office.

But an election should take place the first Monday in each year, (Section and Chapter given by Mr. Dean.) If not, after a certain period any member can call a meeting legally. That is what Mrs. Chapman did yesterday. The gathering, representing the organization, voted to set aside Mrs. Wallerstein's injunction not to meet, elected her successor, and in a resolution with many whereases told what they would do if "said Adelaide Wallerstein attempts to prevent the holding of a meeting," &c. But Mrs. Wallerstein was so busy practicing Chopin's harmonies that she forgot that she found Mrs. Rubinstein met, though she got an invitation.

"And it is reported everywhere that Mrs. Wallerstein has put so much money into the club," said Mrs. Cartwright. "Not at all. There was $900 in the treasury when she came into the organization, and she has given that out with a lavish hand. I had a conversation over the telephone with her about it one day, and she said:

"'Think of the money I have spent for dresses to wear to that club!'

"'Yes,' I answered, 'and if your behavior had been as good as your dresses it would have been all right.'

"My husband came and dragged me away from the telephone then. He didn't know what would happen.

"Mrs. Wallerstein gave $500 to the D. A. R. Memorial Building, but she pledged the Rubinstein Club for $1,000 without asking any one, and they wouldn't stand for but $500, so she gave the rest of it. And the club didn't like having $25 worth of flowers sent to a member's funeral when they weren't consulted about it, or any number of honor guests to pay for at dinners when they weren't consulted."

"Mrs. Wallerstein simply wanted to run everything in her own way, and we couldn't stand it any longer," said one of the members, "and if she should persist in making us trouble Mr. Dean will go to the Attorney General about it."

Mrs. Chapman was congratulated on all sides after the election, and some one asked what would hapen if Mrs. Wallerstein should apply for membership in the recently harmonized organization.

"She might do that, of course," said Mrs. Chapman hesitatingly, "and—well her application would be referred to the Membership Committee, and of course I don't know what they would do." But every one laughed.

As retiring Secretary and Treasurer Mrs. Chapman presented her report for five years—the first time it has been called for—a detailed and, to the members, interesting report in its relation of expenditures. The ticket was elected unanimously, with Mrs. William Rogers Chapman President.

T. F. RYAN OFF TO REST.

A Passenger on the Lusitania—Polo Player Goes for English Match.

Among those who sailed yesterday on the Cunard liner Lusitania was Thomas F. Ryan. Mr. Ryan said he was going abroad for the Summer on a much needed rest. In reply to a question as to the coming Mayoralty contest, Mr. Ryan said that the Democratic Party in this city needs a strong man and a first-class one. "But I have no preference for any candidate," he added, "nor have I a candidate in mind, as has been suggested."

Foxhall Keene was a passenger, as was Delevan Milburn, the fourth member of the American polo team, which is to compete in England for the international trophy. Mr. Keene said that in his opinion the American team has a good chance of regaining the trophy, which was taken to England in 1886. Mr. Keene will attend the matches, and while he is not entered, he said that he would be ready to act as substitute in an emergency.

William Morris, the theatrical manager, sailed on his annual tour in search of foreign vaudeville talent. Walter Miller Tom McCreery, and Lawrence McCreery, three well-known jockeys, sailed to ride in England. Others on board were Sir Frederick Fison, Dr. H. Nelson Harness, Baron de Stael, Gen. J. B. Quiros, and Dr. Charles L. Reese.

ROYALTY AT SZECHENYI DANCE

Party Considered Most Brilliant Event of Budapest Season.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, May 19.—Count and Countess Laszlo Széchényi gave a magnificent dancing party last night at the Park Club in Budapest, which was attended by the Archduchess Isabella, who came from Pressburg especially for the occasion, with her daughters Gabriella and Isabella Maria; the Archduke Joseph with his daughter Augusta, and 500 representative people, practically the entire Hungarian aristocracy.

Countess Gladys was treated with great distinction by the members of the imperial house, and the party was considered the season's most brilliant event.

ASQUITH AT LADY GRANARD'S.

Wife of the Premier Assists in Greeting Guests at Reception.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 19.—Lady Granard gave a political reception last night to meet the Premier and Mrs. Asquith, who stood with Lord and Lady Granard at the head of the stairs to greet the guests.

Before the reception Mr. and Mrs. Asquith gave a dinner party, at which the Duchess of Marlborough, who is giving a big musicale next week, was the chief guest, going in to dinner with the Premier.

HALF RATES TO GARDEN FETE.

Admission to Hope Farm Benefit Cut to $1—Attendance Increases.

The price of admission to the garden fete in the Lenox Library Field, for the benefit of Hope Farm, has been cut from $2 to $1, and it is believed that this will induce a very large attendance to-day.

The attendance yesterday and last night was much larger than on Tuesday, and Delmonico served many dinners in the open air restaurant. The vaudeville performance for children in the afternoon, "The Smallest Horse in the World" and "The Bartered Bride" ballet drew many spectators and much applause.

Among those who were at the fete in the afternoon and evening were Col. John Jacob Astor and Mrs. Astor, Mr. and Mrs. Stewart Barney, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Dana Gibson, Elisha Dyer, C. D. Wetmore, Mr. and Mrs. James H. Kidder, Mr. and Mrs. Norrie Sellar, Mr. and Mrs. W. Watts Sherman, Mr. and Mrs. J. Gordon Douglas, Mrs. Oren Root, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Harriman, Mrs. James B. Eustis, Miss Elizabeth Bonwright, Mr. and Mrs. Philip M. Lydig, the Misses d'Acosta, Miss Maria Moran, Mrs. Herman Tappe, Mrs. Belmont Tiffany, Mrs. Lawrence Waterbury, Mrs. William S. Montgomery, A. M. Richard and Miss Alice Richard, Mrs. Newbold Edgar, Miss Agnes Edgar, Mrs. H. Bramhall Gilbert, James Montgomery, Francis Gilbert, Miss Gladys Clark, Miss Norma Bidwell, Miss Adele Cregan, Miss Eleanor Whitridge, and Miss Jean Whitridge.

MISS CHAUNCEY TO WED.

Her Engagement to Seth Low Pierrepont Announced—Ceremony on June 2

Mr. and Mrs. Elihu Chauncey of 11 West Thirty-eighth Street announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Nathalie Elizabeth Chauncey, to Seth Low Pierrepont, Third Secretary of the American Embassy at Paris and grandson of the late Henry Evelyn Pierrepont of Brooklyn. His father is H. E. Pierrepont of 216 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn.

Mr. Pierrepont arrived from Europe on leave of absence a few days ago, and as he has to return to his post soon the wedding will take placé in old Trinity Church, lower Broadway, on the afternon of Wednesday, June 2. Mr. Pierrepont's brother, Robert Low Pierrepont, married Miss Kathryn Reed. He is a nephew of the Misses Julia and Anna Jay Pierrepont. At Columbia, in 1904, Mr. Pierrepont was manager of the Freshman crew, and two years later was elected manager of the 'Varsity crew.

Miss Chauncey, who made her debut about eight months ago, is a member of the old New York Chauncey family and is not related to the Brooklyn Chaunceys. She will have among her wedding attendants the Misses Margaret Roosevelt, Eleanor Townsend, Anna Pellew, Evelyn Witherbee, Janet Townsend, and Katherine Tillman.

Mr. Pierrepont's best man will be his brother, R. Stuyvesant Pierrepont, and his ushers will be his brother Robert Low Pierrepont, John McVickar Haight, Howard Corlies, Philip L. Goodwin, John Egmont Schermerhorn, and Perry D. Bogue, Charles H. Jackson, and Roger H. Bullard.

Miss Harris's Wedding Plans.

The marriage of Miss Helen F. Harris, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Hamilton Harris of 141 Madison Avenue, and Norman L. Snow will take place on June 5 at 3 o'clock in St. Thomas's Church, New Windsor, N. Y., and will be followed by a reception at Elfwood, the Harris country place. Miss Harris's younger sister, Miss Nancy Harris, will be the maid of honor, and Mr. Snow's best man will be Richard R. Hunter.

BOARDMAN—COLLINS.

Dixon Boardman, son of Mr. and Mrs. William H. Boardman of 40 East Twenty-fifth Street, and Miss Adele Collins, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Francis Howard Collins of 572 Madison Avenue, were married yesterday afternoon in the Louis XVI. Room in the St. Regis. A reception followed in the drawing room suite.

Miss Collins, who was given in marriage by her father, wore a gown of white liberty satin with point lace, and carried lilies of the valley. Her attendants were Miss Anna Reynolds, maid of honor, and Miss Helen Chisholm, flower girl.

Francis Boardman was his brother's best man and his ushers were Harold Collins, Harry Cox, Richard S. Tillinghast, and Bradford Boardman. About 100 guests were present.

Mr. Boardman, who was graduated from the Yale class of 1902, and his bride will make their future home in London.

LE BOUTILLIER—TIFFT.

The wedding of Philip Le Boutillier and Miss Gertrude Havens Tifft, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry V. Neville Tifft of 309 West Seventy-sixth Street, took place yesterday afternoon in Madison Square Presbyterian Church. The Rev. Dr. Parkhurst, assisted by the Rev. Dr. Fagnani, officiated.

The bride was given in marriage by her father. Her matron of honor was Mrs. Frederick H. Cone. The bridesmaids were the Misses May Fisher, Mildred Woolworth, Georgiana Havens, Rachel Johnson, and Esther Porter.

John A. Le Boutillier was his brother's best man and the ushers were Harold Imbrie, Thomas F. Wilcox, Henry C. Smith, Thomas Le Boutillier, 2d; Henry Neville Tifft of New York, and Thomas W. Clancy of Chicago.

A reception followed at the home of the bride's parents.

Women in Tennis Match.

Mrs. Marshall McLean and Mrs. George H. Chapman, the former the ex-National champion, and the latter the Hudson River and New Jersey holder, yesterday won the postponed final of the women's doubles in the tournament which opened the courts of the West Side Tennis Club here last week. They faced the pair of former National champions, Miss Elizabeth H. Moore and Mrs. William H. Pouch, and defeated them 6—2, 6—4. Both Mrs. McLean and Mrs. Chapman played cleverly. The former was very good on long drives for placement, while Mrs. Chapman accomplished some exceptionally fast play at the net.

WOMAN CLEANS OUT BROKERAGE OFFICES

Enterprising Creditor of Tracy & Co. Tries to Make Sure of Her Claim.

SHE'LL HAVE TO EXPLAIN

Employe of the Defunct Firm Also Must Tell Why He Connived at Her Plan.

When the deputy of Receiver Benedict of the failed Stock Exchange house of Tracy & Co. went up to the branch office of the firm at 22 West Thirty-third Street yesterday to take charge of the assets he found the place bare. The office boy and a clerk or two, who had come down to await developments, told the receiver's man that the furniture had been taken away on Tuesday in a furniture van. They didn't know where it had gone or who was responsible. The Thirty-third Street branch is opposite the Waldorf, and in that district brokerage houses put a lot of money into office fixtures. The stuff that had disappeared without the receiver's authority was worth well up into the hundreds.

The receiver appealed to his counsel, Hays, Hershfield & Wolf, who have had experience in Stock Exchange failures and keep a regularly constituted office sleuth. This young man found the missing furniture at a storage warehouse. The firm immediately applied for a court order restraining its sale or removal.

The lawyers' sleuth decided it was what Mulberry Street would have called an "inside job" if it had been a real burglary. He telephoned to his office that it was an enterprising woman creditor who had taken this method of making sure of her claim. The law firm kept her name dark yesterday, but they expect to have her up before the United States court to-day for contempt.

The removal of the furniture was made easy, the lawyers suspect, through the good-will of an employe of the Thirty-third Street office, and this young man also will have a chance to explain matters to the Federal officials.

Mr. Benedict said it would be some days before the accountants are able to approximate the assets and liabilities. He was kept busy nearly all yesterday talking to creditors. Those who were in touch with the firm's affairs said that there had been no evidence, so far, that any of the securities to which creditors made claim as owned outright were missing, and it was believed that all stock title to which did not properly rest with the firm would be found in the strong box.

W. W. Tracy, the senior partner, has worked hard over the books, it was said, staying at the Wall Street office until late at night. He is giving the receiver all the aid in his power. He has been out of touch with the office affairs for some months and has been practically out of the market, it was said on his behalf, for many months.

The transactions under the rule on the Stock Exchange on Tuesday, by which the outstanding Tracy & Co. contracts were closed out showed a profit to the firm over all of their obligations. A check for $37.47 on the Stock Exchange Clearing House representing the credit balance was paid to the receiver yesterday. Such an occurrence is a rarity in Stock Exchange failures.

MRS. TAFT STILL IMPROVES.

But Her Breakdown Is Likely to Curtail Society's Spring Activity.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—Mrs. Taft continues to improve, but was unable to lend her presence to the Potomac Park concert this afternoon, where the usual fashionable throng filled the esplanade and the broad green about the band stand.

The Potomac concerts, which were entirely experimental when proposed by Mrs. Taft, having proved so successful, the Marine Band will continue to play there throughout the Summer on Tuesday and Saturday afternoons and will also give a concert on the plaza of the Capitol on Wednesday afternoons, making three public concerts by this organization instead of two as formerly.

The nervous breakdown of Mrs. Taft has sounded a warning for other participants in this unusually gay Spring season, and is likely to lead to a curtailment of the round of dinners and luncheons which have been little less numerous than in midwinter.

The Vice President and Mrs. Sherman, who have been feted beyond all precedent, are now declining all dinner invitations both from official and resident hosts. Mrs. Sherman, however, continues to observe her day at home, and will keep several luncheon engagements of long standing before leaving for her home at Utica on May 31.

The Secretary of State and Mrs. Knox brought their hospitality to a brilliant close this evening and will accept no more formal invitations. Mrs. Knox proposes remaining at their K Street home with the Secrstary through June, with short visits to their country home at Valley Forge.

Social Notes.

Mr. and Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish are now at Monte Carlo. Mrs. Fish was quite ill during her motor tour of Spain, but is now well. They will return to this country not later than July 1 and will spend a few days at Garrisons before opening their Newport villa on July 10.

Mr. and Mrs. William Hamilton Harris and the Misses Harris purpose leaving town next week to open their country place, Elfwood, at New Windsor, N. Y.

Mrs. W. H. Hawkins and Miss Beatrice Hawkins of Pittsburg, who spent some days at the Waldorf-Astoria, have returned home.

Lindsay Fairfax, who has been in town several days en route from Virginia, left yesterday morning for his Lenox home.

Mrs. W. H. F. Lee of Ravensworth, Va., has returned to Virginia from a visit here to her son, Dr. George Bolling Lee.

Miss Esther Shepard, daughter of Judge and Mrs. Seth Shepard of Washington, and George Gould Lincoln will be married at the home of the bride's parents in that city to-day.

Mr. and Mrs. John C. Black of Chicago, who have returned after several months in Europe, are at the Hotel Wolcott, where they entertained at dinner last evening.

Miss Amy Grant will give the second of her May recitals this afternoon at her studio, 78 West Fifty-fifth Street. The subject of to-day's recital will ibe "Pelléas and Mélisande," and the subject of next Thursday's will be "Electra."

The Woman's Municipal League will hold its final public meeting of the season this morning at 19 East Twenty-sixth Street.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Stevens Ulman are booked to sail on the Rotterdam on Tuesday to remain abroad until October. Mr. and Mrs. Bushrod R. Bayne will sail on the same steamer.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph S. Ulman and their child are booked to sail on the Kaiser Wilhelm II. June 1.

ASKS $25,000 FOR WRONGS.

Modiste Sues Italian for His Failure to Keep Alleged Promise to Wed.

Salvatore Del Gaudio, manager of a medical Institute at 30 West Twenty-ninth Street, was the defendant yesterday before a jury in Justice La Fetra's part of the City Court in a suit brought by Rosina Pecora, a modiste, to recover $25,000 for breach of promise of marriage.

Miss Pecora, a tall, handsome Italian woman, bearing a child in her arms, was the only witness called. Her story, brought out through her counsel with the aid of an interpreter, told of the defendant and herself being acquaintances in Naples, Italy, almost from childhood, and that in 1904 the defendant asked her to marry him. Shortly afterward, she alleges, he went to America, but said he would return to her, when the ceremony would take place. He did return to Naples in 1906, and again said they would be married, but was called back to America by cable, she says, telling her if he did not return she should follow him.

In the meantime, she continued, the death of her mother occurred and her trip to America was delayed for some four months. Finally she came over, and was met by the sisters of the defendant, who took her to their house, where she remained several days, later going to live with her sister.

He often spoke to her of the coming wedding, she said, but one day astonished her by saying that he was paying attention to an American girl, but that it would be all right and that they would be married just the same. Finally she decided to bring suit for breach of promise, and did so in October, 1907. About five months later, she alleges, he sent for her and she went to see him at his office. There, she contends, she was induced to sign a paper which he declared was a "marriage contract."

"I asked him," said the witness, "if that was the way people were married in America, and he said 'Yes.' The paper was not read to me by the notary who was called in to witness my signature, nor did the witness, a doctor in the institute, tell me what was in it."

"What happened then?" queried her counsel.

"Well, then we went to my home, and lived there for some months," said the witness, "and one day while talking over matters, he told me that I was not his wife and that the paper I signed was not a marriage contract, but a release for him in my summons for the suit I had brought against him some months previous. Then he went away."

The defendant denies all of her charges. The trial will continue to-day.

BINGHAM ASKS WOMEN'S AID.

Wants a Stricter Firearms Law—Pistol That Killed Petrosino Found.

Police Commissioner Bingham has asked the clubwomen of the city to come to his assistance in regard to the registration of firearms, and the Public Safety Committee of the Federation of Woman's Clubs is going to consider the matter at its meeting in the Hotel Astor this morning. Mrs. Robert Francis Cartwright, Chairman of the committee, will preside.

The Commissioner, in a letter which was delayed in reaching the committee, told the members that the revolver with which Petrosino was killed was found, and if it had only been registered, even if it had not been used by the man who bought it, it would have been possible to trace it.

He asked the women to use their influence to have a law passed compelling persons owning revolvers to have them registered.

THEODORE T. OVINGTON DEAD.

President and Founder, with His Brother, of Ovington Brothers Co.

Theodore Tweedy Ovington, President of Ovington Brothers Company, retail dealers in china and glassware at 314 Fifth Avenue, died yesterday at his home, 3 Monroe Place, Brooklyn. He was 79 years old. He had been in a critical condition for over a year previous to his death. He leaves a widow, one son, and three daughters.

Mr. Ovington was born in this city in 1830. He was a son of Henry Alexander Ovington. When he was 16 years old he and his brother, Edward J. Ovington, two years his junior, started in the china business at Fulton Streeet, near the old Brooklyn ferry. The site chosen was then the centre of business in Brooklyn. Thirty years ago they moved from the old location to the corner of Fulton and Clark Streets. Five years later the building was destroyed by fire. They then erected a five-story brick building, in which they resided until 1895, when they moved to Flatbush Avenue, near Nevins Street. At the same timethey opened a branch house at 314 Fifth Avenue, which later became the main part of the business. Several years ago the Brookiyn house was abandoned.

Edward J. Ovington, the other brother, died two months ago.

CAPT. R. CUMING DEAD.

Carried News of Cervera's Strength to Sampson—Guarded Cervera.

Rochester Cuming, a nephew of the late R. H. Rochester, formerly Treasurer of the Western Union, died at his home in Englewood, N. J., early yesterday morning after a week's illness of pneumonia. For the last five years he was Captain of the auxiliary yacht Mohican, owned by Oliver Harriman, a nephew of E. H. Harriman. Capt. Cuming was graduated from the St. Mary's Schoolship, and served as a cadet on the New York of the American Line. He was promoted until, at the outbreak of the Spanish war, when the New York was renamed the Harvard, he was chief officer.

Capt. Cuming served as Lieutenant through the war, and took to Admiral Sampson the information of the strength of Cervera's fleet in Santiago Harbor. Later he was placed in charge of the Spanish Admiral and the many prisoners, and took them to the Portsmouth Navy Yard.

At one time he owned a fleet of sailing vessels that carried fruit between Canadian ports and Rochester. He was 38 years old. He was a son of the late Allen J. Cuming of New York. He leaves a widow, who was Elizabeth Jane Coe, a daughter of Capt. William P. Coe of Englewood.

Thomas S. Leoser.

MORRISTOWN, N. J., May 19.—Thomas S. Leoser died suddenly at his home, 24 Franklin Place late last night after a short illness. He ws editor of Bonfort's Wine and Spirits Circular, a trade journal of New York. He was a graduate of Lehigh University, a member of the New York Yacht Club, the Loyal Legion, Scottish Rite, and connected with The Journal of Commerce. He was 42 years old and a son of Col. Charles McKay Leoser. He is survived by a widow and two sons and a brother, Charles McK. Leoser.

Obituary Notes.

GEORGE HOYER of York, Penn., died in that city yesterday, aged 61 years. He was born in Cumberland County, and began life as a conductor on the Baltimore division of the Pennsylvania Railroad. He later came to York and engaged in the mercantile business. He was a member of the York Wallpaper Company, the old York Match Company, and a Director in the Farmers' National Bank.

Dr. SALVATORE GOMEZ, formerly of this city, died in Cuba on Sunday. He was 47 years old. He was born in Cuba, but was educated in Brooklyn, and practiced medicine here until 1898, when he went to Cuba as a soldier. He had practiced medicine there ever since.

ROBERT O. BASCOM, District Attorney of Washington County, N. Y., died at his home in Fort Edward yesterday of spinal meningitis. He was Secretary of the New York State Historical Society and a member of many other historical and fraternal societies.

LAWRENCE A. GAFFNEY, a retired hotel keeper, who many years ago was prominent in Democratic politics in Brooklyn, died on Monday at his home, Cedar Manor, Jamaica. He was a veteran of the civil war, and in his political activity was Hugh McLaughlin's lieutenant in the Fifth Ward of Brooklyn.

I. ALBENIZ, the Spanish composer, died at Cambo les Bains, France, yesterday.

ESTABLISHED 1847.
W. H. McBRAYER'S
CEDAR BROOK
Bottled in Bond under Government Supervision
The World's Finest Whiskey
Fred Risch, Gen. Distrib., Flatiron Bldg., N.Y.

BREAD 15C. A LOAF; FAMINE ON EAST SIDE

More Shops Close and Strikers Make Plans to Start Co-operative Bakeries.

TELL TROUBLES IN A PLAY

Give "The Bread Strike" to Win Sympathy—Attack Pushcart Man—Bosses Talk Arbitration.

The lockout in the east side bakeries continued to extend yesterday, and 7 and 8 cent kosher loaves, which had been selling in some districts for 10 cents, jumped to 15 cents. The strike leaders admitted that there was a bread famine, but said that when the distribution of bread from the union bakeries was systematized there would be some relief. They also discussed the possibility of starting co-operative bakeries, with the assistance of the other unions in the east side, and a meeting to talk the matter over was held in New Starlight Hall, 145 Suffolk Street. This question will be definitely settled to-morrow.

There was a rumor through the east side that two of the strike leaders had disappeared and with them a large part of the union funds. But this was denied at the headquarters of the union.

Wolf Cohen, who left 69 Norfolk Street with a push cart of non-union bread in the morning, came to grief when he turned into Delancey Street. He was set upon by strikers, who overturned the pushcart and trampled the bread. He fought back, and then yelled for help. Four policemen from the Eldridge Street Station came to his rescue and chased his assailants into the strike headquarters at 127 Delancey Street. The police finding the door locked, burst it in and arrested five men who Cohen said had attacked him. Later, when they were arraigned in Essex Market Court Cohen declined to appear against them, and they were discharged.

The strikers have adopted a new plan of creating sympathy by enacting a play entitled "The Bread Strike," in a theatre in Broome Street. It purports to show police clubbings, meetings of the strikers, and other incidents of the strike. One performance was given, in which strikers, assisted by a few professionals, took part.

Secretary Brayer of the East Side Boss Bakers' Association sent a reply yesterday to the State Board of Arbitration suggesting arbitration of the trouble. Secretary Brayer said in his letter that the bosses offered arbitration to the bakers before the strike, but the bakers rejected it. The association, he said, was willing to confer with the bakers individually or in groups, but not as members of the union, and would not confer with members of the union who were not bakers.

In explanation of this Secretary Brayer said later that Strike Leader Kasimirsky was a clothing operator by trade, and was never a baker, and that some of the other leaders were not bakers.

COMEDY OF JOHN CORBIN.

"Husband" to be Produced by the Shuberts Next Season.

"Husband," a new comedy by John Corbin, will be produced by the Shuberts next season. Annie Russell, formerly a Wagenhals & Kemper star, will have the leading woman's rôle, and her husband, Oswald Yorke, will also be featured. The play will have its first production at one of the Shubert houses in this city.

Aerial Gardens to Open on May 31.

The Aerial Gardens on the roof of the New Amsterdam Theatre, it was announced last night, will open for the Summer on Monday evening, May 31. Marie Dressler in Richard Carle's song show "The Boy and the Girl" will be the opening attraction. The Gardens have been remodeled, and some 10,000 plants, flowers, and potted palms have been installed, with thousands of colored lights hidden in the shrubbery.

Conried Estate Won't Exceed $50,000.

Surrogate Cohalan granted permission yesterday to Mrs. Augusta Conried, widow of Heinrich Conried, to administer the estate of her late husband. She estimates the value of the estate to be $1,000 in real, and "upwards of $10,000" in personal property, but says it will not exceed $50,000. Mrs. Conried, who lives at 61 West Seventy-first Street with her son, Richard G. Conried, says that she has made a diligent search for a will but cannot find one. She will be compelled to give a bond of $100,000.

Bench Eulogizes ex-Judge O'Brien.

Justice McCall, in the Supreme Court yesterday, referred to the death of ex-Judge Dennis O'Brien, of the Court of Appeals, and granted a motion made by D. M. Neuberger, a lawyer, that a suitable entry be made on the records of the court in recognition of the loss sustained by the Bench, Bar, and community in Judge O'Brien's death, and said "that a void was left which perhaps never could be filled." Justice McCall characterized Judge O'Brien as an able and upright Judge, who was possessed of convictions, and, above all, was fearless and courageous in maintenance of them. Several of the other Justices of the Supreme Court also paid tributes to Judge O'Brien.

Art Co. Loses Suit Against H. Dexter.

A jury in Justice Conlan's part of the City Court returned a verdict yesterday in favor of Henry Dexter, of 42 West Fifty-sixth Street, ex-President of the American News Company, in the suit brought against him by the International Society of Art to recover $500 for making two water-color miniatures, one of himself and one of his son, Orrando Dexter, who was killed in the Adirondacks on Sept. 19, 1903.

Mr. Dexter testified that he had given no order to the society's agent, as was alleged.

Do you know what "Convertible" means? The Pennsylvania, Union Pacific, New Haven, and many other Railroad Companies issued that kind of a bond to attract Capital. Send us your name and we will mail you a Booklet about it. It is the only way we know of that enables you, without speculating, to secure 6% interest, the principal, and also an unlimited profit. Lackawanna Real Estate Co., 52 Broadway, New York, 736 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

R. Simpson & Co.
(ESTABLISHED 1827)
143 West 42d St. Branch, near Broadway. Broadway, cor. 67th St.
Loans to any amount on pledge of personal property.
GREAT BARGAINS IN DIAMOND JEWELRY

CARPET J. & J. W. WILLIAMS
Tel. 306 Columbus. Est. 1875.
CLEANING 353 West 54th St.

TOMPKINS LEFT $1,126,161.

Theatrical Manager's Estate Includes Interest in N. Y. Academy of Music.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., May 19.—The late Eugene Tompkins, former owner of the Boston Theatre, left $1,126,161, according to a report filed by the appraisers in the Probate Court to-day. Of this amount only $65,000 is in real estate, the former home of Mr. Tompkins, at 325 Commonwealth Avenue.

The personal estate includes $50,000 worth of Concord and Montreal Railroad bonds, $50,000 worth of United Traction and Electric Company bonds, 2,500 shares in the Academy of Music in New York City valued at $200,000, and 350 shares of American Woolen preferred, valued at $33,600. There are also 1,250 shares in the United States Coal and Oil Company, worth $36,250, and a large number of checks of valuable industrial and railroad stocks.

There is a balance of $410,000 on a secured note for $510,000 for the sale of the Boston Theatre, a mortgage and note for $75,000, and a cash balance with the American Trust Company of $23,023.

$15 A SEAT FOR THE GAMBOL.

The Lambs Have Beaten the Speculators by Holding Auctions.

The second day's auction sale of seats for the all-star Lambs' gambol was held yesterday at the Stuyvesant Theatre. There was spirited bidding for the two hours the sale lasted, and $10,915 was taken in for the grand tier boxes and the 700 seats on the ground floor. The total amount for the two days' auction is $31,625. The only seats that remain unsold are 500 in the dress circle, 600 in the balcony, 700 in the gallery and about 62 seats in the omnibus box. These will be disposed of at the Metropolitan Opera House box office, beginning at 9 o'clock this morning.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

A special Decoration Day matinee of "The House Next Door" will be given on Monday at the Gaiety Theatre. The house will be appropriately decorated.

George M. Cohan is designing an elaborate historical float for the Hudson-Fulton celebration, representing the first theatrical production on Manhattan Island. Members of Mr. Cohan's companies will appear in the pageant.

Edward J. Ratcliffe will have the principal role in Frederic Mariano's new play, "The Game of Love," which opens on Monday night at Wallack's.

Olga Nethersole will bring her season to a close at the Savoy Theatre in "The Writing on the Wall" next Saturday night. She will spend the Summer at Biarritz.

The latest theatrical offering of the season, "The Narrow Path," a drama in three acts, by John Montague, will have its first performance on any stage at the Apollo Theatre, Atlantic City, to-night. After a week in Philadelphia the play will open at the Hackett Theatre here.

The Stewards' Club of New York will give a theatre party at the Plaza Music Hall this evening.

BOSTON MAYOR BARS "THE MOULIN ROUGE"

Play That Had a Long New York Run Is Declared to be Too Suggestive.

EVEN WORSE THAN 'SALOME'

Managers Demand the Objections in Writing, and They Are Submitted —Mayor Saw the Play Here.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, May 19.—Mayor Hibbard today notified the management of the Boston Theatre that he will not allow the performance of "The Queen of the Moulin Rouge" to be put on at that theatre. He gives as his reason that he has already seen the show, and that he considers it entirely too suggestive to be allowed on any stage in this city. The show has been billed to make its appearance here on Wednesday, May 26. The Mayor saw the play in New York a fortnight ago with City Collector Brown.

The Mayor's attention was first called to the show by ex-Mayor Fitzgerald about three weeks ago. The ex-Mayor objected to the performance, and called upon the Mayor to stop it "because it is worse than 'Salomy.'" To-day Mayor Hibbard stated that he agreed with the ex-Mayor that it is far worse than "Salome."

This morning the Mayor instructed License Clerk Casey to notify the management of the Boston Theatre by telephone of the Mayor's objections and to say that the show cannot be put on. The management sent back word that they wanted the objections in writing, and these were sent late this afternoon.

New Play by Author of "The Climax."

Joseph Weber has engaged another comedy by Edward E. Locke, author of "The Climax." It is called "The Saddlemaker," and was written by Mr. Locke before he realized that "The Climax" had made a hit. It will be produced early next Fall. Mr. Weber is also organizing four more companies of "The Climax," which he will send on tour next season.

A Joseph Jefferson Scene in Vaudeville

Thomas Jefferson, son of Joseph Jefferson, completed arrangements with the United Booking Offices yesterday by which he will soon produce in vaudeville a scene from his father's famous success, "Rip Van Winkle." The scene showing the dwarfs in the mountains will be used, and the sketch will have its premiere at one of the Percy Williams theatres in this city.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Married.

ANTHONY—HEUER.—On Wednesday, May 19, by the Rev. George C. Houghton, D. D., at the Parish Church of the Transfiguration, Louise H. Heuer to Mark Anthony.

BOARDMAN—COLLINS.—In New York City, on Wednesday, May 19, Sarah Adele Collins, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Francis Howard Collins, to Dixon Boardman, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Boardman.

OGDEN—DAVIS.—On May 17, 1909, at the Church of the Incarnation, New York City, by the Rev. William M. Grosvenor, Josephine, daughter of Mrs. John R. Ogden, to Pierpont Davis.

LUM—BARBER.—May 18, Enid M. Barber to George E. Lum.

NOSTRAND—CONNOLLY.—May 18, Montclair, N. J., Elizabeth Connolly to William Nostrand.

SICKLES—WOLCOTT.—May 18, Red Bank, N. J., Helen Wolcott to Harry Sickles.

Died.

CLARKSON.—On Sunday evening, May 16, at her home, 30 East 79th St., Eliza Livingston de Peyster, widow of Bayard Clarkson and daughter of the late James de Peyster. Funeral services at her late residence Thursday, May 20, at 10 o'clock.

CUMING.—On Wednesday morning, May 19, at his late residence, Englewood, N. J., Rochester, beloved husband of Elizabeth Coe Cuming. Funeral private. Rochester papers please copy.

DREYFUS.—On May 19, after a lingering illness, Fannie W., beloved wife of Edward Dreyfus, in her 42d year. Funeral services from her late residence, 12 East 62d St. on Friday morning, May 21, at 9:30 o'clock.

FOSTER.—Suddenly, on May 19, 1909, at the home of his parents, 306 West 80th St., Howard Crosby Foster, Jr., son of Howard C. and Ethel Pratt Foster, aged 14 months. Funeral private. Interment at Westfield, Mass.

GOLDEN.—May 18, Abbie, beloved wife of David Golden. Funeral services from late residence, 606 Truesdale Place, Bronx, Thursday, May 20, at 8 P. M. Interment Friday at 11 A. M.

HARVEY.—May 19, Ethel Brant Harvey, aged 28 years. Body lying at The Funeral Church, 241 West 23d St., (Campbell Building.)

LANSING.—At Albany, N. Y., on Tuesday, May 18, 1909, Abby Townsend, daughter of the late John and Abby Spencer Townsend and widow of Charles B. Lansing. Funeral services at her home, 146 State St., Albany, on Friday afternoon, May 21, at 4 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers.

LEOSER.—Suddenly, on May 18, in his 42d year, Thomas Smith Leoser. Services from his late residence, 24 Franklin Place, Morristown, N. J., on Friday, May 21, at 3:30 P. M., upon arrival of Lackawanna train leaving Barclay St. at 2 P. M. Interment at convenience of family.

MARTIN.—On Tuesday, May 18, 1909, Mary F. Martin. Funeral from the residence of her late sister, Caroline B. Sickels, 735 St. Nicholas Av., Thursday, May 20, at 4 P. M.

MONTGOMERY.—At Trenton, N. J., on May 18, 1909, Margaret, widow of August

BASEBALL TRAVESTY AT POLO GROUNDS

Giants Feast Off Delivery of Cincinnati Pitchers, Scoring 18 Runs to 3.

DEVLIN CLEARS THE BASES

Third Baseman Stings the Ball for Two Bases in First Inning, Scoring Three Runs—Redleg Helpless Throughout.

Infuriated, perhaps, by the fact that they had struck the bottom of the black percentage pit on Tuesday, the Giants turned wildly upon the Reds yesterday afternoon at the Polo Grounds in the last of the four games with that team and tore them to pieces. The score was 18 to 3.

Along about the seventh inning, when the score was 17 to 0, or something like that, McGraw began to run in substitutes for the regular Giants. If he hadn't his men would have been running the bases yet, probably, and one had to eat and get ready for the coming of the Pittsburg Pirates. Before the game was ended "Bull" Durham was pitching for the Giants, Fletcher was on third, Merkle on first, and Schaffer was in right field.

Manager Griffith also shook up his men from time to time, meaning to stop the slaughter, but it didn't seem to do any good. Dubuc, expected to be hard for the Giants, lasted just one inning in the box. Savidge lived until the sixth, when Cantwell went in to finish the game. Roth went in for the towering Catcher McLean in the fifth inning. Bescher succeeded Paskert in left field, and Mowrey relieved Downey at short.

Not only did the Reds make errors which were costly, but the McGraw men hit the ball when it seemed to please them. Two-base hits were plentiful, and three-base hits were not scarce. Tenney made a home run, earning shoes, a suit of clothes, a box of cigars, and some true applause from the 4,000 persons present. He did it in the fifth inning, when the Giants already had twelve runs, and a four-base hit that didn't bring in two or three men in addition didn't excite the spectators a great deal. McCormick was at bat four times, got four hits and three runs. Murray was at bat three times, got three hits and three runs. The Giants got a run for every hit they got credit for.

In the seventh and eighth the Reds made three runs, which are not worth telling about, because they were gifts from McGraw, who was practising his substitutes.

In the midst of all this run-getting some unfeeling person in the grand stand, seeing McGraw walking in from the coaching line with eyes modestly on his neatly shined baseball pumps—those with the flossy big bows, you know—this person yelled:

"Better save some of them runs for Pittsburg."

They come to-day. The score:

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Egan, 2b.	4	0	1	2	3
Merkle, 1b.	3	0	0	14	0
Lobert, 3b.	4	1	1	3	3
Mitchell, rf.	3	0	1	2	0
Hobl'y'l, lb.	4	1	1	9	2
Downey, ss.	3	0	0	1	1
Paskert, lf.	2	0	0	1	1
Bescher, lf.	2	0	1	0	0
McLean, c.	2	0	0	1	2
Roth, c.	2	0	1	2	2
Dubuc, p.	0	0	0	1	1
Savidge, p.	1	0	0	0	1
*Durbin	1	0	0	0	0
Cantwell, p.	1	1	1	0	2
†Mowrey	1	0	0	0	0
Total	34	3	6	24	16

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Tenney, lb.	2	2	1	7	1
Devlin, 3b.	5	1	1	1	0
Doyle, 2b.	5	1	1	1	0
M'C'm'k, lf.	4	3	3	2	0
Murray, rf.	3	3	2	1	0
Shafer, rf.	1	0	1	2	0
O'Hara, cf.	4	2	1	1	0
Devlin, 3b.	2	2	1	1	2
Fletcher, 3b.	2	0	1	2	0
B'dwell, ss.	5	2	2	3	2
Schlei, c.	4	1	1	4	0
Wiltse, p.	4	2	2	1	0
Durham, p.	1	0	0	0	0
Total	38	18	16	27	9

*Batted for Savidge in the sixth inning.
†Batted for Cantwell in the ninth inning.

Errors—McLean, 2; Egan, Hoblitzel, Downey.

Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	—3
New York	5	1	0	7	4	1	0	0		—18

Two-base hits—Devlin, Schlei, Bridwell, Doyle, Shafer, Egan. Three-base hit—Wiltse. Home run—Tenney. Sacrifice hits—Tenney, Downey. Left on bases—Cincinnati, 6; New York, 4. First base on errors—New York, 1.

Many a youth has been aged by tailor's bills for suits far beneath ours in style, to say nothing of quality.

Three distinct styles in youths' suits this Spring.

Every suit of every style is all wool and fast color under our own tests, and means the largest possible value for young men whose instinct for good clothes is often stronger than their purse.

Sizes 32 to 35 chest.

$16 to $28.

"Young men's" suits are still another style and are cut for chests measuring all the way up to 42.

$18 to $32.

Straw hats selling fast.

All sorts of braids, all sorts of shapes, all sorts of prices from $2 to $15.

Including the "Victor Jay" London straws with their egg shaped crowns.

Motoring dusters and chauffeurs' suits.

Carriage liveries.

Gentlemen's riding breeches, grooms' breeches and chauffeurs' breeches.

May we estimate on uniforms for your yacht?

ROGERS PEET & COMPANY,
Three Broadway Stores.
258 at Warren st. 842 at 13th st. 1302 at 34th st.

BASEBALL SUMMARY.

SCORES OF YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York	18	Brooklyn	2
Cincinnati	3	Pittsburg	0
St. Louis	2	Philadelphia	4
Boston	0	Chicago	2

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York	5	Boston	5
St. Louis	1	Chicago	2
Philadelphia	10	Cleveland	7
Detroit	2	Washington	4

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Buffalo	5	Montreal	3
Newark	3	Jersey City	1
Rochester	2	Toronto	4
Baltimore	1	Providence	3

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Indianapolis	3	Columbus	4
Minneapolis	1	Milwaukee	3
Louisville	7	Kansas City-Toledo—Postponed on account of rain.	
St. Paul	4		

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.	1908.
Pittsburg	18	10	.643	.591
Chicago	17	13	.567	.682
Philadelphia	13	12	.520	.565
Cincinnati	15	16	.484	.500
Brooklyn	12	14	.462	.333
St. Louis	14	17	.451	.357
New York	11	14	.440	.520
Boston	11	15	.423	.519

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.	1908.
Detroit	17	9	.654	.480
New York	16	9	.640	.654
Boston	16	9	.640	.286
Philadelphia	15	9	.625	.607
Chicago	11	16	.407	.500
St. Louis	10	15	.400	.500
Cleveland	10	16	.384	.600
Washington	6	18	.250	.384

EASTERN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Rochester	9	5	.643	Buffalo	9	10	.474
Toronto	11	7	.611	Baltimore	7	11	.389
Montreal	10	6	.625	Providence	8	10	.375
Jersey City	9	8	.529	Newark	6	10	.375

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Milwaukee	18	10	.643	St. Paul	12	14	.462
Louisville	18	12	.600	Kansas City	12	15	.444
Indianapolis	18	14	.562	Toledo	12	17	.414
Minneapolis	14	14	.500	Columbus	11	21	.344

GAMES FOR TO-DAY.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Pittsburg at New York.
Cincinnati at Brooklyn.
St. Louis at Philadelphia.
Chicago at Boston.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at St. Louis.
Philadelphia at Detroit.
Washington at Cleveland.
Boston at Chicago.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Jersey City at Montreal.
Newark at Buffalo.
Baltimore at Rochester.
Providence at Toronto.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Columbus at Milwaukee.
Toledo at Kansas City.
Indianapolis at Minneapolis.
Louisville at St. Paul.

PITTSBURG PIE FOR BELL.

National League Leaders Shut Out by Brooklyn, 2 to 0.

The Pittsburgs were at the mercy of Pitcher Bell yesterday, and as a result the Brooklyns won by 2 to 0. As showing Bell's splendid form only one Pittsburger hit safely outside of the diamond, and only one got so far as third base during the nine innings. He struck out six men, and the only mistake recorded against him was a base on balls to Manager Clarke in the seventh inning. Phillippi also pitched good ball with the exception of one inning, the sixth, when two safe hits and a base on balls allowed Brooklyn to score the only two runs of the game. Previous to that the Superbas were on the point of scoring twice, once in the second inning when Kustus got around to third on his safety, Catterson's single and Leach's bad throw, and in the fourth when Alperman opened with a two-bagger and reached third on Jordan's clever sacrifice.

It was in the sixth inning that Brooklyn clinched the game. Hummel began with a single to right, and Alperman sacrificed him to second. Phillippi seemed to be a little afraid of Jordan, for he presented a base to the Bronx man. Lennox raised a big shout among the fans by sending the ball to the extreme left field for two bases and two men came home. On Kustus's out Jordan got to third, but Catterson left him there on a fly to Clarke. The fielding of both teams, with the exception of Leach's bad throw in the second inning, was perfect, and fly catches were prevalent, ten being recorded in favor of Brooklyn and nine for Pittsburg. Only one stolen base was made during the game, Wagner getting to third in the fifth inning by a close margin. That Bell had Phillippi's batting ability gauged to a nicety was shown when he struck the Pittsburg pitcher out every time he came to the bat. The score:

PITTSBURG.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Barbeau, 3b.	4	0	0	0	1
Leach cf.	4	0	0	1	0
Clarke, lf.	3	0	0	2	0
Wagner, ss.	3	0	1	1	2
Abstein, 1b.	3	0	0	13	1
Miller, 2b.	3	0	0	2	3
Wilson, rf.	3	0	0	2	0
Gibson, c.	3	0	1	2	1
Phillippi, p.	3	0	0	0	2
Total	29	0	2	24	14

Error—Leach.

BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Burch, lf.	4	0	0	2	0
Hum'l, ss.	4	1	1	3	3
Alp'm'n, 2b.	4	0	1	3	1
Jordan, 1b.	3	1	1	12	0
Lennox, 3b.	3	0	1	1	2
Kustus, rf.	3	0	1	1	0
Cat'son, cf.	3	0	1	0	0
Bergen, c.	3	0	0	6	1
Bell, p.	3	0	1	0	6
Total	30	2	6	27	13

Pittsburg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0
Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0		—2

Two-base hits—Alperman, Lennox. Sacrifice hits—Alperman, Jordan, Abstein. First base on balls—Off Bell, 1; off Phillippi, 1. Struck out—By Bell, 6; by Phillippi, 1. Stolen base—Wagner. Left on bases—Brooklyn, 5; Pittsburg, 3. Time of game—One hour and fifteen minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Ringler and Trudy. Attendance, 3,000.

At Boston.

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Byrne, 3b.	4	0	1	1	2
Shaw, cf.	4	1	2	3	0
Bres'h'n, c.	4	0	0	1	1
K'tchy, 1b.	4	0	3	12	1
Evans, rf.	2	0	0	1	0
Deleh'ty, rf.	1	0	0	1	0
Ellis, lf.	3	0	0	0	0
Hulsw't, ss.	3	1	2	2	0
Charles, 2b.	4	0	1	5	7
Salee, p.	3	0	0	0	3
Total	32	2	10	*26	14

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Dahlen, ss.	3	0	1	1	3
Bates, lf.	4	0	0	2	0
Sw'ney, 3b.	4	0	1	1	3
B'mont, cf.	4	0	2	1	0
Ritchey, 2b.	4	0	0	5	4
Graham, rf.	3	0	1	1	1
B'w'n'n, c.	3	0	0	7	0
Beck, 1b.	3	0	0	9	0
Tuckey, p.	2	0	1	0	2
†Stem	1	0	0	0	0
White, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Total	31	0	6	27	13

Error—Bresnahan.
*Bates out, hit by batted ball.
†Batted for Tuckey in eighth inning.

St. Louis	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	—2
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Hits—Off Tuckey, 9 in eight innings; off White, 1 in one inning. Sacrifice hit—Delehanty. Stolen base—Bates. Double plays—Dahlen, Ritchey, and Beck, 2; Sweeney, Ritchey, and Beck; Charles and Konetchy; Salee, Charles, and Konetchy; Salee, Charles, and Konetchy; Graham and Beck. Left on bases—Boston, 5; St. Louis, 6. First base on balls—Off Salee, 1; off Tuckey, 1; off White, 1. First base on errors—Boston, 1. Struck out—By Tuckey, 4; by Salee, 1. Time of game—One hour and thirty-eight minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Day and Emslie.

At Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Grant, 3b.	3	1	0	2	0
Knabe, 2b.	1	1	0	3	2
Titus, rf.	3	0	0	2	1
Magee, lf.	4	1	1	3	0
Shean, 1b.	3	0	2	3	0
Osborne, cf.	3	1	1	2	0
Doolin, ss.	3	0	1	2	2
Dooin, c.	4	0	1	10	1
McQuil'n, p.	3	0	1	0	0
Moren, p.	1	0	0	0	0
Total	28	4	7	27	6

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Evers, 2b.	4	0	0	3	1
Sheck'd, lf.	4	0	0	1	0
Schulte, rf.	4	1	1	0	0
Hofman, cf.	4	1	2	1	0
St'nf'dt, 3b.	4	0	1	0	1
Howard, 1b.	3	0	1	7	2
Tinker, ss.	3	0	0	5	3
Moran, c.	3	0	1	7	0
Reulb'h, p.	0	0	0	0	1
Kroh, p.	3	0	0	0	3
Total	32	2	6	24	11

Errors—Steinfeldt, 2.

Philadelphia	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	0		—4
Chicago	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	—2

Two-base hits—McQuillan, Hoffman, and Steinfeldt. Hits—Off Reulbach, 1 in 1-3 inning; off Kroh, 6 in 7 2-3 innings; off McQuillan, 6 in 6 innings and none out in seventh. Sacrifice hits—Knabe, Titus, Osborne. Stolen bases—Magee, Shean. Double play—Howard, Tinker, and Howard. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 8; Chicago, 3. First base on balls—Off Reulbach, 2; off Kroh, 1. First base on errors—Philadelphia, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Reulbach, (Shean;) by Kroh, (Knabe.) Struck out—By McQuillan, 4; by Kroh, 5; by Moren, 3. Balk—Kroh. Time of game—One hour and Fifty-three minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Johnson and Cusack.

YANKEE BATSMEN ROUT THE BROWNS

New Yorks Hammer Jack Powell for 4 Runs in the Third Inning.

CRISS CHECKS THE BATTING

Lake Supplants Quinn in Fifth and Holds St. Louis to Two Hits—Chase and Cree Lead in Batting.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 19.—The New York team to-day turned their game with the St. Louis Browns into a merry Marathon, and in the third inning of the contest four of the Yankees' long-distance men reached home with a tally. This brought about the downfall of Jack Powell, considered the mightiest of the Browns' pitching staff. At the end of the inning Powell was taken out, and Dode Criss went to the mound. The final score was 5 to 1.

Criss did well, holding the visitors to three hits and one run the rest of the game, but he failed miserably at the bat, though generally a good hitter. Criss's failure was directly the result of the great twirling of Lake, the New York man who supplanted Quinn in the fifth inning.

Lake's work was excellent, and the Browns got no man further than second base with him in the box.

Powell's weakness was a surprise to the rooters, as his work against Washington on Saturday in pitching, batting, and fielding was remarkable. The score:

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
McAleese, lf.	4	1	1	1	0
Hartzell, rf.	4	0	0	1	0
H'fman, cf.	4	0	2	3	1
Ferris, 3b.	4	0	1	1	2
Wallace, ss.	4	0	0	2	4
Williams, 2b.	4	1	3	3	1
Jones, 1b.	3	0	1	8	0
Criger, c.	2	0	0	7	2
Powell, p.	0	0	0	0	2
Criss, p.	3	0	0	1	1
Total	37	2	6	27	13

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Cree, cf.	4	1	2	2	0
Keeler, rf.	2	1	0	1	0
Eib'f'd, 3b.	4	1	1	1	1
Engle, lf.	4	0	1	1	0
Chase, 1b.	5	1	2	9	1
Laporte, 2b.	4	1	0	3	0
Austin, ss.	5	0	1	5	6
Kleinow, c.	3	1	1	7	1
Quinn, p.	3	0	1	1	3
Lake, p.	1	0	0	0	2
Total	35	5	9	27	15

Errors—Chase, McAleese, Hartzell, Williams.

New York	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	1	0	—5
St. Louis	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Two-base hit—Cree. Three-base hit—Kleinow. Sacrifice hits—Keeler, Engle. Double plays—Williams, Wallace, and Jones; Lake, Austin, and Chase. Stolen bases—Austin, Kleinow. Wild pitches—Powell, Quinn, Lake, Criss. Bases on balls—Off Powell, 4; off Criss, 3; off Quinn, 1. Struck out—By Powell, 2; by Criss, 4; by Quinn, 2; by Lake, 4. Hits—Off Powell, 6 in three innings; off Criss, 3 in six innings; off Quinn, 4 in four innings; off Lake, 2 in five innings. Left on bases—New York, 12; St. Louis, 5. Time of game—Two hours and twenty-three minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Egan and Connolly.

At Detroit.

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bartzel, lf.	5	2	2	1	0
Baker, 3b.	5	3	2	3	1
Collins, 2b.	6	1	1	1	3
Murphy, rf.	5	2	3	2	0
Davis, 1b.	5	0	3	12	0
Barr, cf.	3	0	0	2	0
Barry, ss.	5	1	1	0	2
Thomas, c.	4	0	1	6	3
Bender, p.	4	1	2	0	2
Total	42	10	15	27	11

DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'Intyre, lf.	4	1	1	2	1
Bush, ss.	4	0	0	1	2
Cr'ford, cf.	4	0	1	0	0
Cobb, rf.	4	0	0	0	1
Rossm'n, 1b.	4	0	0	13	0
O'Leary, 3b.	4	0	0	0	4
Sch'fer, 2b.	4	0	0	3	5
Stanage, c.	3	1	3	8	0
Summers, p.	2	0	1	0	2
Lafitte, p.	1	0	0	0	1
Total	34	2	6	27	16

Errors—Baker, 2; McIntyre, Cobb, O'Leary, Stanage, 3; Summers.

Philadelphia	0	0	4	2	0	2	1	1	0	—10
Detroit	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	—2

Two-base hits—McIntyre, Stanage, Bender. Three-base hit—Crawford. Home run—Murphy. Hits—Off Summers, 11 in 6 innings; off Lafitte, 4 in 3 innings. Sacrifice hits—Baker, Bender. Stolen base—Davis. Double play—Collins and Davis. Left on bases—Detroit, 5; Philadelphia, 11. First base on balls—By Summers, 2; by Lafitte, 2. First base on errors—Detroit, 2; Philadelphia, 2. Struck out—By Summers, 5; by Lafitte, 3; by Bender, 8. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Hurst and Evans.

At Cleveland.

CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Goode, rf.	4	2	1	2	0
Bradley, 3b.	5	0	1	2	1
Turner, ss.	4	1	1	2	0
Lord, lf.	4	2	2	1	0
Lajoie, 2b.	4	0	3	1	5
Stovall, 1b.	4	1	1	11	1
Easterly, c.	4	0	2	7	2
Hin'm'n, cf.	3	1	2	2	0
Young, p.	4	0	0	1	3
Total	36	7	13	27	14

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Browne, lf.	4	0	1	1	2
Conroy, 3b.	4	1	1	1	3
Del'h'ty, 2b.	4	1	1	1	1
D'n'hue, 1b.	3	1	3	10	0
Cravath, rf.	3	0	0	1	1
Clymer, cf.	4	0	0	3	0
M'Bride, ss.	3	0	0	2	3
Street, c.	3	1	2	4	0
Smith, p.	2	0	0	0	1
*Grey	1	0	0	0	0
†Freeman	1	0	0	0	0
‡Milan	1	0	0	0	0
Total	33	4	10	24	9

Errors—Lajoie, Young, Delehanty, McBride, Smith.
*Batted for McBride in ninth inning.
†Batted for Street in ninth inning.
‡Batted for Smith in ninth inning.

Cleveland	2	2	1	0	0	0	2	0	.—	7
Washington	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	—4

First base on error—Cleveland, 1. Two-base hits—Hinchman, Bradley, Lajoie, Donohue. Three-base hits—Conroy, Delehanty. Home run—Lord. Sacrifice hits—Hinchman, Smith. Stolen base—Goode. Double play—Bradley (unassisted.) First base on balls—Off Young, 2; off Smith, 1. Left on bases—Cleveland, 7; Washington, 5. Struck out—By Young, 7; by Smith, 2. Passed ball—Easterly. Time of game—One hour and forty-nine minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Sehriban and Kerin.

New York State League.

Wilkesbarre, 6; Scranton, 3.
Elmira, 5; Binghamton, 0.
Syracuse, 1; Albany, 0.
Troy, 3; Utica, 2.

Connecticut League.

New Britain-Northampton, rain.
Hartford, 2; Bridgeport, 0.
New Haven, 6; Holyoke, 1.
Waterbury, 4; Springfield, 3.

POLO AT WESTCHESTER.

Point Judith Wins Handily Over Squadron A's Second Team.

The Point Judith polo team scored an easy triumph over the second Squadron A team yesterday in the second game of the Westchester Country Club's tournament, winning by 16 goals to 8½. The squadron received four goals by handicap and earned three goals, the first being made by Childs in the sixth period, and the other two were made by Boyer. The Squadron lost half a goal for two safeties. The Point Judith men were better mounted and played a fast game from the start. H. Phipps, who played at No. 1, was an accurate goal hitter and made five points, while Malcolm Stevenson, who was a very efficient back, scored four. Von Stade also made four goals and Beadleston three. The line-up:

Point Judith.		Squadron A. 2d.	
H. Phipps	2	H. H. Childs	1
C. P. Beadleston	2	Philip Boyer	1
F. S. Von Stade	2	A. D. B. Pratt	1
M. Stevenson	2	H. W. Cram	1
Total	8	Total	4

Goals earned—Point Judith, 16; Squadron A, 3. Allowed by handicap, Squadron A, 4. Lost by penalties—Squadron A, 1½, a goal for two safeties. Net score—Point Judith, 16; Squadron A, 6½. Referee—J. C. Covley.

As the result of the first Westchester game, in which New Haven defeated the first Squadron team, the latter has challenged New Haven to a match game today at Van Cortlandt Park. The line-up of both teams will be the same as in the Westchester game on Monday.

Meadow Brook Polo Ists Win Again.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 19.—The Meadow Brook (Long Island, N. Y.) polo team, which is in this country preparing for a match with the Hurlingham Club for the American Cup, scored another victory this afternoon by defeating the Ranelagh team by 11 to 4. A. Rawlinson, one of the Ranelagh players, was injured and obliged to retire from the game. The quickness and team work of the Americans was enthusiastically commented on.

The match was watched by the Duke of Westminster and other leaders in the polo world, and the opinion was freely expressed that the American team is virtually unbeatable. The advantage of the Americans is considered to lie mostly in the excellence and speed of their ponies.

The Selection Committee met to-night and chose two members of the team to defend the Polo Cup against the Meadow Brook team. They are F. M. Freake and P. W. Nickalls.

At Chicago.

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hahn, rf.	4	0	0	1	0
Davis, 2b.	3	0	0	1	2
D'gherty, lf.	4	1	1	1	0
Isbell, 1b.	3	0	0	14	1
Altizer, 1b.	1	0	1	2	0
White, cf.	3	1	0	0	0
Purtell, 3b.	2	0	0	1	5
T'nehill, ss.	3	0	1	2	4
Sullivan, c.	1	0	0	3	0
Owens, c.	2	0	0	2	0
Burns, p.	2	0	0	0	4
*Welday	1	0	0	0	0
Suter, p.	0	0	0	0	1
Total	30	2	3	27	17

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'C'nell, 2b.	4	1	0	1	4
Lord, 3b.	3	0	0	2	2
Gessler, rf.	1	0	0	1	0
Speaker, cf.	5	0	2	2	0
H'per, rf.	2	1	2	4	0
Stahl, 1b.	3	1	1	16	0
Niles, lf.	3	0	3	2	2
Wagner, ss.	4	1	0	1	5
Carrigan, c.	4	1	2	8	0
Steele, p.	4	0	1	0	3
Total	37	5	11	27	16

*Batted for Burns in eighth inning.
Errors—Davis, 2; Burns.

Chicago	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	—2
Boston	0	0	2	0	0	1	2	0	0	—5

Hits—Off Burns, 10 in eight innings; off Suter, 1 in one inning. Sacrifice hits—Purtell, Stahl, McConnell, Hooper. Stolen bases—Dougherty, 2; Altizer, Speaker, Hooper, Carrigan, Steele. Double play—Purtell, Isbell, and Sullivan. Left on bases—Chicago, 3; Boston, 9. Bases on balls—Off Burns, 1; off Steele, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Burns, 1, (Lord). Struck out—By Burns, 3; by Steele, 3. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Loughlin and Perrine.

COLLEGE BASEBALL.

At West Point, N. Y.

				R.	H.	E.
Williams	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	8	1
West Point	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1	4	3

Batteries—Davis and Lambie; Devore, Hyatt, and Lyman.

At Princeton, N. J.

										R.	H.	E.
Pennsylvania	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	—4	6	4
Princeton	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	—3	7	1

Batteries—Shultz and Cozzens; White and Dawson. Umpire—Mr. Betts.

At Providence, R. I.

									R.	H.	E.
Brown	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	—2	4	2
Harvard	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0	2	1

Batteries—Nourse and Raymond; Hartford, Hicks, and Brown.

At Hanover, N. H.

									R.	H.	E.
Dartmouth	0	0	0	3	4	1	0	0	—8	12	2
Vermont	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0	1	6

Batteries—Mitchell and Chadbourne; Collins, Bains, and Burrington.

At New Haven, Conn.

									R.	H.	E.
Amherst	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	—4	5	1
Yale	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0	1	3

Batteries—Rose, Sweeney, Merritt and Philbin; McClure and Henry.

At Orono, Me.—Bowdoin, 4; Maine, 3.
At Andover, Mass.—Phillips Andover, 4; Harvard Freshmen, 3.
At Waterville, Me.—Bates, 2; Colby, 1.
At Hanover, N. H.—Dartmouth, 8; Vermont, 0.
At Medford, Mass.—Holy

COURT CALENDARS FOR TO DAY

FEDERAL.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Lacombe, J.; Coxe, Ward, and Noyes, JJ.—265—Met Trust Co-McKinnon. 289—Capewell Nail Co-Mooney. 281—John-Folmina. 293—Gay-Hudson River Elec Co. 296—Leong Jon-U S.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Platt, J.—Customs appeals. 5022—Brucato Bros-U S. 4482—Hensel, Bruckman & Lorbacher-same. 5383—U S-Prosener & Son. 5389—Prosener & Son-U S. 4232—Drarberg-same. 5466—Lord & Taylor-same. 5356—U S-Bennett & Lowenthal. 5377—Jaeckel-U S.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Hand, J.—Jury calendar. 22—Levy-Marks.

STATE.

Court of Appeals Calendar.

ALBANY, May 19.—Court of Appeals calendar for Thursday: Nos. 221, 377.

Appellate Division Calendar.

ROCHESTER, May 19.—Appellate Court calendar for to-morrow: Nos. 86, 102, 109, 126, 131, 144, 28, 32, 38.

ALBANY, May 19.—Appellate Division, Third Department, calendar: Nos. 96, 103, 99, 102, 97.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Ingraham, McLoughlin, Laughlin, Houghton, and Scott, JJ.—Enumerated motions, 97—Coleman-Burch. 102—Greenwich Bank-Oppenheim. 62—Kobly-Fernandez. 95—Joyce-Hawley. 98—Lyon-West Side Transp Co. 99—Traub-Dittmar Const Co-Hartman. 108—Star Co-Moore. 104—Carpenter-Klein. 106—Geisler-D Stevenson Brew Co. 107—Doty-Norton. 108—Studwell-Bush Co. 109—Gaffe-Jones. 110—John J Jones Co-Gould. 111—Norris-Hoffman. 112—People-Simpson & Crawford Co. 113—People-Fried. 114—Mann-Press Pub Co. 115—Fitch-Crystal Blue Co. 116—Kahn-Kahn. 117—McCall Co-Wright. 118—Guffanti-Nat Surety Co. 119—Simons-Mutual Const Co.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Litigated motions. 1—In re City of N Y-57th and 59th Sts. 2—Sutherland-Lomax. 3—In re City of N Y. 4—People-Federal Bank. 5—Lewis-Townsend. 6—Smith-Vassar. 7—Post-Post. 8—City of N Y-Manescalco. 9—Miller-Commercial Twine Co. 10—White-Cunningham. 11 to 13—Levy-Stern. 14—Smith-Harmett. 15—Britton-Welts. 16—Ehrich-Root. 17—Dudley-Platt. 18—Dominion Imp & Dev Co-Loebinger. 19—Degion-Degion. 20—Thompson-L & J Wring Mfg Co. 21—Cohen-Cohen. 22—Germania Life Ins Co-Henderson. 23—In re Thacher. 24—Desar-Washington Life Ins Co. 25—In re Lincoln. 26—Dudley-Platt. 27—Lawrie-Lawrie. 28—Locke-City of N Y. 29—Russo-Maresca. 30—Collins-Newell. 31—Onderdonk-Cohen. 32—Schouten-Meaney. 33—Hackett-Hackett. 34—Hamilton-Hamilton. 35—In re Woolverton. 36—Lester-Freeder. 37—Mayers-Freeder. 38, 39—In re Carrier. 40—Commonwealth Seo Co-Stanley. 41—Moody-Manuel Co-Moody. 42—McBrien-Hall. 43—Farrell-Harnett. 44—Levy-Jones. 45—Williamson-Metcalf. 46—In re Banks. 47—Handley-Star Co. 48—Kehoe-Barrington. 49—Steneck-Welsh. 50—Bodaris-Bingham. 51—In re Woods. 52—People, &c-Gottlieb. 53—Segal-Snydecker. 54—In re Lamb Engine Co. 55—Rosenberg-Herman. 56—Bauernschmidt-Harman. 57—Brawnold-Hess. 58—Bennett, Sloan & Co-Ormsby. 59—Koffler-U S Gypsum Co. 60—Burr-Koster. 61—Midgley-Eastern Life Ins Co. 62—Reotzr, &c-Church of Transfiguration. 63—In re Bingham. 64—White-Improved Property Holding Co. 65—Northern Counties Inv Trust-Street. 66—Clement-Bohling. 67—Warmsinski-Friedman. 68—Richmond River Ins Co. 69—Mutual Life Ins Co-Yerkes. 70—Silberstein-Silberstein. 71—Levy-Jones. 72—Scanlan-Hodge. 73—Loughran-Jordan L Mott Iron Works. 74—Coleman-Greenbald.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Oildersleeve, J.—Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Gerard, J.—Motions. Demurrers. 2223—Deitsch-Martin & Bowne Co. 2200—Smith-Dover Realty Company. 2203—Schlesinger-Fisk. 2144—Buckley & Oakley. Preferred causes. 3472—Seton-Willcox. 3545—Clement-Sullivan. 3546 — Same-McKeever. 3450 — Sweetser Co-Gilsey. 3316—Adams-Forshay. 3475—Danziger-Travis. 2938—Manley-Manley. 3085—Tomassi-Allegro & Spallone Co. 3405—Gardner-Gardner. 3396—U S Trust Co-Redfield. 3340—Clement-Kane. 3387—Middletown Realty Co-Poppel. 3551—Burnett-Burnett. 3006—Eastman-Eastman. 3315—Strittmatter-Strittmatter. General calendar. 2035—Starrett - Thompson-Starrett Company. 573—Johnson-McDonald. 2139—Paskas-Clarke. 2263—Bonagur-Deludicibus Building Company. 2325—Harns - Myers. 2345—Dornbusch-O'Connell. 2351—Clark-Levy. 2366 —Times Realty & Const Company-Title Guar and Trust Co. 2368—Hecla Iron Wks-Hall. 2458—Kepes-Green. 2497 — Schwarz-Kayser. 2520—Weltz-Bergen Realty Co. 2522—Pearson & Co-Bloomingdale Leasing Co. 2542—Robertson, Jr.-Robertson. 684 — 685—Kobre-Frank. 688—Campbell-Bell. 2225—Foy-City of N Y. 2359—Rayvid-Rayvid. 3349—Roonie-Smith. 1021—Candee, Smith & Howland Co-N Y City Church Ex Co. 929—Angelo Co-Imp Prop Holding Co. 2065—Grunwald-Grunwald. 2116—Tonelli-Tonelli.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Criminal Term—Fitzgerald, J.—1—Jacob Brodsky, (2.) 2—David Newmark. (3.) 3—Cosimo Iovine. 4—Biogio Forini. 5—James Tones. 6—Sarah Smith. 7—Frank Marcus. 8—Morris Hoffman. 9—Nol R. Hirsch. 10—Emmanuel Keyser.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Truax, J.—4570—Moore-Goodwin. 4787—Minden-Mead & Post Co. 4788—First Natl Bank-Leeds & Catlin Co.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Hendrick, J.—730—Walter-Joline. 764—Watjen-Joline. 752—Levine-South Brooklyn Ry. 688—Mulligan-Whitridge. 723—Hicks-Joline. 677—Delevante-N Y C & H R R R. 783—Comeally-Joline. 806—Milhenheim-same. 820—Comeally-Joline. 806—Milhenheim-same. 820—Covenney-Whitridge. 831—Di Donato-Int R T Co. 868—Rotenberg-Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 891—Burns-Whitridge. 772—Keenan-N Y C & H R R R. 791—Battista-Whitridge. 794 —Bleicher-Joline. 802—Healy-N Y C & H R R R. 804—O'Hare-Joline. 814—O'Halloran-same. 815—Hill-Whitridge. 818—Behenser-Ladd. 627—Waters-Joline. 841—Seldin-Whitridge.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Goff, J.—68—Choynicki-Roebling Const Co. 84—Denwalder-same. 87—Maher-same. 88—Vedral-same. 1068—Skidmore-George Liss & Co. 1075—Brenbach-City of N Y. 1894—Barry-Woolverton. 1997—Waller-Bettle. 2014—Markowitz-City of N Y. 2016—Healey-Heiden Const Co. 2084—Zumeta-Benchoechien. 2094—Jacobson-Asen. 1356—Berger-Press Pub Co. 1387—Same-same. 1038—Racine-Morris. 704—Barry-Derby Desk Co. 2055—Wooding-Thom. 2089—Stern-United Eng & Con Co. 4285—Diesel-White Sewing Machine Co. 2095—Weis-Epstein. 2047—La Torre-Wilson. 2048—Same-same. 2051—Costello-N Y Con & Trucking Co. 2054—Kelly-Mooney. 2057—Malatasta-Leahy. 2058—Hunt-City of N Y. 2059—Alongi-Gallagher. 2064—Dwiter-Levy. 2065—Mc-Aleisch-Neuchatel Asphalt Co. 2071—Feldman-Metzler. 2072—Cohn-Roth. 2074—Abeman-Grossman. 2076—Abe-Geo Grossman Co. 2097—Davidson-Eshowsky. 2015—Jacobs-City of N Y. 1882—Adelsky-same. 1931—McCann-Star Co. 2132—Katz-Brunofsky. 2133—Slattery-Bartolicus. 2170—Katz-Brunofsky. 2209—Haas-Schwartz. 2212—Ellis-Traders & Travelers' Acc Co. 2219—Malls-Weiss. 2223½—Coleman-Greenwald. 2224½—Same-same. 2244 —Lyons-Sun Print & Pub Assn.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Dowling, J.—1828—Freudenhuim-Cutter. 1829—Same-Cutter. 1831—Same-Sobel. 1832—Same-Goldstone. 1696—McCormick-Berner. 1023—Hotel Register Realty Corp-Newgold. 1859—Saguine-Cole. 2050—Northrop-Butler. 1119—Ganavan Bros Co-Auto Club of America. 1866 —Mugler-Hildebrand. 1899—Am Woolen Co-Schmeider. 2071—Fischer-U S Exchange Bk. 1213 — Hendel-Alland. 851 — Young-Dresser. 4597—Thedford-Herbert. 1698—Nat Leather Dressing Co-Jr. 1699—Leather Belting Co. 283—Stapleton-La Shelle. 1733—Nichols-Emmett. 900 — Blumenthal-Rosenberg. 926 — Merritt-Lawler. 587—July-Town Topics Pub Co. 297 —Deserrina-Ramiros. 4601—Valk-Erie R R. 2271—Ash-McLaughlin. 2462—Peck-Mars. 1443 Dochterman Van Exp Co-Pins, Noerr & Carroll Co. 2038 — Uhland-Sheehan. 2062 — Weyand-Rau. 147—Mosler Safe Co-Malden Deposit Co. 931—Knabe-Catlin & Powell Co. 177—Becker-Seggie. 2108—Tunnicliff-Gorman. 2903—Clement-Magee. 1194—Tooker-Reynolds. 1537—Uhrmacher-Spiegel. 1664—Schwarzschild & Sulzberger Co-Empire State Surety. 1718—Gallana. Cohen, Hall Co-Haines. 1264—Maryland Steel Co-City of N Y. 4599—Williams-same. 1778—Gillender-U S Fidelity & Guar Co. 2016—Hotel St James-Kelsey. 1959—Watson-City of N Y. 1533—Steiner-Swift.

SURROGATES' COURT — Chambers—Cohalan, S.—Wills for probate. Wm. F. Carroll, Eliza M. Zerega, Wm. H. McBride, Mary B. Grossman, Geo. H. Grossman, Andrew Marshall, Ellen M. Pike, Barbara Geba, Mary Schreiber, Mac Moulton, Bertha E. Lehman, Patrick Harris, Agnes M. E. Anable.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I. McAvoy, J.; Part II., Finelite, J.; Part III., Conlan, J.; Part VI., Donnelly, J.; Part VI., Green, J.; Part VII., Delehanty, J.; Part VIII., Leh Fetra, J. Calendar called in Part III, at 9:45 A. M. 3429—Goggin-Hubert. 3420—Young-same. 2919 — Konovit-Stone. 2460—Gaula Storage Battery Co-Chabot. 2911—Pecterson-Topia Mining Co. 3316—Old Second Nat Bank-same. 3317—People's Sav Bank-same. 5423½, 5498½ — Rothstein-Consumers' Mat Co. 2565—Murse-Leather Goods Co-Trautfield. 3573—Williams-Monahan. 715—Baronkowsky. 12539—Glass-Rosenthal. 4345—Meyers-Lichtenstein. 6692—Hallinan-Monahan's Exp. 4384—Lefkowitz-B, Q Co & Sub R R. 6351—Earhart-B H R R. 6806—Hyman-N Y Mtg Co. 5162—McNamara-Lidgerwood Mfg Co. 7628—O'Donnell-Floyd. 7631—Baldwin-B H R R. 7634—Smith-Brady et al. 7548—Bresler-City of N Y. 14296—Martin-Martin. 7639—Selig-B, Q Co & Sub R R. 7650, 7651—Jones-Nassau R R. 7652—Kortvellyessy-Weiss. 7655—Legies-Cranford. 7656—Larson-B H R R. 7658—Hues-same. 7663—Monroe-Boylan. 7669—Sansonso-Last Long Co. 10031—Empire State Surety Co-Morris & Cummings Co. 10634—Wachter-Brugel. 12477—Schafer-Killiker. 13518—Zagarino-Kurarok.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call. 15856—Ovelsen-Howes Transportation Co. 13956—Sparksen-Howes Transportation Co. 13956—Sparksen-Howes Transportation Co. 13956—Sparks

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

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HEAVY TRADING IN STEEL

Securities Unaffected by News of Mr. Rogers's Death—More Gold Engaged for Export To-day.

The news of the death of H. H. Rogers was received in the financial district before the opening of the stock market, and very naturally those who had in mind only the magnitude of Mr. Rogers's interests in the past and the prominent part with which he was at times credited in market movements were genuinely anxious over the effect of the announcement upon the prices of securities, particularly those in which Mr. Rogers's holdings were known to be still large. Some little unsettlement in these few stocks there was in the early trading, but as a whole the market was unaffected, and before the close of the day there had been carried still further the rise in progress at the end of business on Tuesday night. The reason for this indifference to the disappearance of a figure which once loomed so large in Wall Street lies in the fact that for two years or more, following his first serious illness, Mr. Rogers had very much curtailed his activities. His time, energy, and resources were concentrated upon the railroad which he had just finished from the coalfields of West Virginia to tidewater, and where he did not actually withdraw from participation in business ventures his interests were looked after by those who will continue to act in the same capacity.

It was the exceptionally heavy buying of United States Steel common, transactions in which made up one-quarter of the day's total business, which drove the market forward again. Such unmistakable evidence of accumulation on the part of influential financial interests convinced smaller speculators that it was useless for the moment, at least, to work for lower prices, and their covering purchases or genuine buying extended to all parts of the list and lifted prices. Due notice was taken by Wall Street of the cheerful surveys of the future by manufacturers from all over the country who are assembled here in convention, and of similar expressions of optimism on the part of the railroad men who are meeting for the same purpose. One of the earliest of the April railroad earnings statements to come to hand was that of the Baltimore & Ohio, submitted during the day, showing an increase of $737,000 in gross and of $728,000 in net.

Foreign exchange ruled strong again, quotations being so high as to permit those engaged in the export movement to withdraw coin from the United States Sub-Treasury to the amount of above $2,000,000. Thus far this week, therefore, engagements have called for above $6,000,000 in gold, but in the money market there is to be found not the least reflection of these heavy withdrawals. One of the reasons is disclosed by the Controller's compilation of the reports of the country's National banks under the call of April 28, this having been made public yesterday. It shows a decrease in the percentage of legal reserves of only 1½ per cent., as compared with the after-panic reserve level of May 14, 1908, and an actual increase, although very slight, in this percentage since Feb. 5 last.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Chestnut Hill Railroad.
Cripple Creek Central Railway preferred.
Homestake Mining Co.
Philadelphia, Germantown & Norristown Railroad.

DIVIDENDS PAYABLE.

American Chicle Co. on common.
Delaware & Bound Brook Railroad.
Georgia Railway & Electric Co.
J. A. Fay & Egan Co. on preferred.
Pittsburg Brewing Co. on common and preferred.

ANNUAL MEETING.

St. Joseph Lead Co.

SPECIAL MEETING.

St. Joseph Lead Co.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on Stock Exchange collateral loaned at 1¾@2 per cent., with the last loan at 1¾ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 1¾ per cent.

Time money rates, 2½ per cent. for sixty days, 2½@2¾ per cent. for ninety days, 2¾@3 per cent. for four months, and 3@3¼ per cent. for five and six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 3¼@3¾ per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable; 3½@4 per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 4½@5 per cent. for others.

Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $335,289,546; Balances, $11,512,243; Subtreasury debit balance, $1,300,277.

Sterling exchange was strong, with demand quoted at $4.8780@$4.8785, sixty days at $4.8635@$4.8640, and cables at $4.88@$4.8806.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.15⅝@5.15⅝ plus 3-64 for cables, 5.15⅝ less 3-64@5.15⅝ less 1-64 for cheques, and 5.16⅞ less 5-64@5.16⅞ less 1-32 for sixty days, Reichsmarks, 95¼ less 1-32@95¼ for cables, 95⅝ plus 1-64@95 7-16 for sight, and 74 15-16@95 1-16 for sixty days.

Exchange on New York at Boston was 10c discount; Chicago, 25c premium; St. Louis, 50c premium; New Orleans, commercial, 20c discount; bank, $1 premium; San Francisco, 50c premium; St. Paul, 50c premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was quoted in London at 24 3-16d per ounce and in New York at 52⅝c per ounce. Mexican dollars were quoted at 44@50c.

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, May 19.—The Steel stocks nearly monopolized attention most of the day in the local market. About 15,000 shares of United States Steel were sold during the first three hours, and the price rose to a new high mark. Cambria Steel advanced to 39 for the first time since the break in the market in February.

Public utility shares were heavy on profit-taking sales, and Philadelphia Electric and United Gas Improvement both weakened. After midday Rapid Transit became a weak feature and dropped below 34, for a loss of about 1½ points.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10..	American Cement	39	39	39
50..	American Railways	45¾	45¾	45¾
100..	American Smelting	93¼	93¼	93¼
3..	Bell Telephone	107½	107½	107½
300..	Cambria Iron	46¾	46¼	46¼
3,650..	Cambria Steel	39	38¾	38¾
50..	Col. Fuel & Iron	41⅞	41⅞	41⅞
28..	Con. Trac. of N. J.	78	78	78
575..	Elec. Co. of America	12½	12½	12½
35..	Electric Storage	48	48	48
10..	Erie	33⅝	33⅝	33⅝
5..	Gen. Asphalt pf.	63¼	63¼	63¼
10..	Keystone Telephone	13	13	13
1,136..	Lake Superior Corp.	31⅝	30½	31⅝
220..	Lehigh Nav. war'nts.	53¼	54⅜	54⅜
4..	Lehigh Nav. l. c.	105	105	105
451..	Lehigh Valley	79⅜	79⅜	79⅜
150..	Norf. & Ports. Tr.	21⅜	21⅜	21⅜
42..	Penn. R. R.	67⅞	67⅝	67⅝
5..	Penn. Steel pf.	105½	105¼	105¼
82..	Penn. Salt Mfg.	107¼	107¼	107¼
1,846..	Philadelphia Co.	43	43	43
4,105..	Phila. Rapid Transit.	34½	33¾	33¾
2,810..	Reading	79¼	78 13-16	79¼
150..	Reading 2d pf.	51 9-16	51 9-16	51 9-16
2,356..	Tonopah Belmont	15-16	⅞	15-16
75..	Tonopah Mining	⅞	⅞	⅞
1,644..	Union Traction	57½	56	56½
1,186..	United Gas	86¾	86½	86¾
1,125..	U. Gas. warrants	36	35¼	35¼
4..	United Cos. of N. J.	254½	254½	254½
22,486..	U. S. Steel	59¾	58¾	59¼
5..	Warwick I. & S.	8	8	8

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Wednesday.

Total sales May 19, 1909 810,982
From Jan. 1, 1909 74,459,892
Corresponding period last year 68,525,863

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
16¼	16½	900	Allis-Chalmers	16⅝	16½	16¼	16¼	...
51⅝	52	1,000	Allis-Chalmers pf	52	52½	52	52	...
83½	83⅝	30,900	*Amalgamated Cop	82½	83½	82½	83¼	½
38⅝	38¾	18,600	Am. Beet Sugar	38½	39⅛	37⅝	38⅝	— ⅛
94	95	100	Am. Beet Sugar pf	95	95	95	95	...
13½	13⅝	7,370	Am. Can	13⅜	13⅝	13	13⅜	+ ⅛
82½	82⅝	1,700	Am. Can pf	81⅝	82¾	81⅝	82¼	+ ⅝
55	55½	3,500	Am. Car & Foundry	53½	54⅛	53½	53¾	+ ⅛
66½	66⅝	2,400	Am. Cotton Oil	65½	66¾	65½	66¾	+ ⅝
102½	103½	100	Am. Cotton Oil pf	103	103	103	103	+1½
41½	42	535	Am. Hide & Leath. pf	41	41	41	41	— ½
40⅛	40¾	100	*Am. Ice Securities	40¼	40¼	40	40¼	— ½
36½	38	2,920	*Am. Linseed pf	37½	37¼	37½	37½	+ ⅛
57	57½	100	Am. Locomotive	57	57⅞	56⅞	57⅛	+ ⅛
115	116	2,500	Am. Locomotive pf	115	115	115	115	...
8⅜	8¾	6,400	Am. Malt	8	8½	8	8⅝	...
53¼	53½	8,900	Am. Malt. pf	50	53½	50	53½	+ ⅜
93¼	93¾	200	Am. Smelt. & Ref	93⅜	93⅝	92⅝	93⅜	+ ⅛
89½	89¾	200	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	109½	110	109⅞	110	— ⅛
39	39½	343	Am. Smelt. Sec. pf. B	39⅝	39⅝	39⅝	39⅝	+ ⅛
133¼	133⅝	600	Am. Steel Foundries	39⅝	39⅝	39⅝	39⅝	+ ⅛
140	140¾	2,800	Am. Sugar Ref	133	133⅝	133	133⅝	+ ⅛
101⅛	101¼	200	Am. Tel. & Tel	140⅜	140⅝	140	140	...
36	36⅞	500	Am. Tobacco pf	101½	101⅞	101¼	101¼	...
104½	105⅛	400	*Am. Woolen	36¼	36½	36¼	36⅜	— ⅛
50⅝	50⅞	3,800	*Am. Woolen pf	105¼	105½	105	105	—1
109¾	110	21,983	*Anaconda Cop. Min.	50⅝	50⅞	50	50⅞	+ ⅛
104⅜	105	200	Atch., Top. & S. F.	106⅞	110¼	106⅜	110	+ ¾
114⅜	114⅞	2,500	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf	104⅜	104⅞	104⅜	104⅞	+ ⅛
3⅞	4	100	Baltimore & Ohio	114⅞	115⅛	114⅝	114⅞	+ ⅛
27⅝	27⅞	100	Batopilas Mining	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¾	+ ⅛
56½	56⅝	1,200	Bethlehem Steel	27⅜	27⅞	27⅜	27⅞	+ ⅛
79½	79¾	300	Bethlehem Steel pf	56½	56⅞	55½	56½	+ ⅛
15⅞	16¼	3,520	Brook. Rapid Transit	79⅝	79⅞	78⅞	79¼	+ ⅛
34	34½	2,500	Brunswick City	15⅝	16	15⅝	16	+ ⅛
180½	181	130	Butterick Co.	34	34	34	34	+ ⅛
29⅞	30	600	Canadian Pacific	180	180⅜	180	180⅜	+ ⅛
103⅝	104¼	900	Central Leather Co.	29⅝	29⅞	29¾	29⅞	+ ⅛
79¾	79⅞	300	Cent. Leather Co. pf	103½	103½	103⅜	103⅜	+ ⅛
70	70½	27,300	Chesapeake & Ohio	79⅝	80	78⅞	79⅝	+ ⅝
4⅜	5	700	Chicago & Alton	70	70½	69⅝	70½	+ ¾
6⅞	7	400	Chicago Gt. Western	5	5	4⅞	5	...
150½	150¾	700	Chi. Gt. West. pf. B	4	4	4	4	...
182½	183	4,400	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	151½	151	150½	150½	— ½
41⅝	41¾	12,470	Chi. & Northwestern	182½	182½	182½	182½	...
70	...	100	Colorado Fuel & Iron	41	41⅞	40⅝	41⅞	+ ⅛
64½	65½	125	Col. Fuel & Iron pf	75	75	75	75	...
83	84	100	Col. & Southern	65½	65¼	65¼	65¼	+ ⅛
80½	81	740	Col. & South. 1st pf	83⅞	83⅞	83⅞	83⅞	+ ⅛
63½	64	1,000	Col. & South. 2d pf	81	81	81	81	— ⅛
145	145¼	4,350	Col. & Hock. C. & I	63¾	64	63¾	63¾	— ⅛
23¾	23⅞	3,200	Consolidated Gas	144	145½	143	145	+ ⅞
88	88¾	200	Corn Products Ref	23⅝	24	23¼	23⅝	+ ⅛
196	198	400	Corn Products Ref. pf	88½	89½	88½	89	+ ⅛
50	50½	2,700	Delaware & Hudson	197½	198½	197½	198	+ ⅝
39	39½	675	Denver & Rio Grande	49⅝	50½	49⅞	50½	+ ⅝
33½	33⅝	6,500	*Distillers' Securities	39½	39¾	39	39¾	+ ⅛
50⅞	51⅛	2,400	Erie	33½	34	33½	33⅝	— ⅛
41¼	41⅞	300	Erie 1st pf	51⅜	51⅝	50⅝	51⅛	+ ⅝
91	92	100	Erie 2d pf	41	41	41	41	+ ⅛
160½	161½	400	Federal M. & S. pf	91	91	91	91	+ ⅛
145⅞	146	1,900	General Electric	161	161¼	161	161½	+ ⅛
72¼	72½	3,200	General Northern pf	145⅝	146	145	146	+1
147	147½	300	*G. N. certs. ore prop.	72½	73¼	72½	73¼	+ ½
16¼	16⅝	600	Illinois Central	146¼	147¼	146¼	147¼	+1
45¼	45½	1,600	Interborough-Met	16½	16½	16½	16½	+ ⅛
80⅞	81⅛	500	Interborough-Met. pf	45½	45½	44¾	45⅝	+ ⅛
59½	59¾	100	Intern'l Harvester	80¾	81	80¾	81	+ ⅛
41⅞	42	2,200	Intern'l Paper pf	59	59	59	59	+ ½
88	88¼	400	Intern'l Steam Pump	40¾	41⅝	40¾	41⅝	+ ⅝
32½	33	200	Int. Steam Pump pf	87⅞	88⅛	87⅞	88⅛	+ ⅛
58	58½	200	Iowa Central	32¾	32⅝	32⅝	32⅝	+ ⅛
47	47½	380	Iowa Central pf	57⅞	57⅞	57⅞	57⅞	+ ⅛
73½	73¾	2,300	Kansas City South	46½	47¼	46½	47¼	+ ⅝
25	25½	320	Kan. City South. pf	73½	73⅝	73½	73⅝	+ ⅛
52	54	800	Lake Erie & West	25	25	25	25	+ ⅛
64	65	100	Lake Erie & West. pf	51	51	51	51	+ ⅛
139	139¼	200	Long Island	65	65	65	65	...
146	148	1,500	Louisville & Nash	138¾	139⅝	138¾	139⅛	+ ⅜
7⅞	8	300	Manhattan Elevated	147	147	147	147	...
24⅝	25	200	Mercantile Marine	8	7⅞	8	8	...
57½	58	900	Mercantile Marine pf	24½	24¾	24⅝	24⅝	— ⅛
136	137	300	Minn. & St. Louis	57¼	57½	57¼	57½	+ ⅛
148¼	149¼	300	Minn., St. P. & S.S.M.	136	136⅞	136	136	+ ⅛
42⅜	42⅝	100	M., St. P. & S. S.M. pf	149	149	149	149	+ ⅛
74⅜	74¾	3,300	Mo., Kansas & Texas	42¼	42⅞	42¼	42⅝	+ ⅛
123	124	1,700	Missouri Pacific	74⅛	75⅞	74⅛	74⅞	+ ⅝
88¼	88¼	100	*Nat. Biscuit Co. pf	123	123	123	123	— ⅛
106½	107	800	Nat. Lead Co.	88	88	88	88	—1¼
24½	24⅝	250	Nat. Lead Co. pf	106⅜	106⅞	106⅜	106⅞	+ ⅝
2⅝	2¾	4,900	N. Rys. of Mex. 2d pf	24	24⅝	24	24⅝	+ ⅛
88	90	800	*Newhouse M. & S	27⅛	27⅞	25⅞	27⅞	+1⅛
130¼	130⅝	300	N. Y. Air Brake	88⅞	88⅞	88⅞	88⅞	— ⅛
80	84	6,500	N. Y. Central	131⅞	131⅞	130	130⅜	— ½
170½	171	100	N. Y., C. & St. L. 2d pf	83½	83¼	83¼	83¼	— ½
49	49¼	1,300	N. Y., N. H. & Hart	170⅜	170⅝	170⅜	170⅝	— ⅛
90¾	91¼	230	N. Y., Ont. & West	48⅞	49⅛	48⅜	48⅝	— ⅛
82	82⅞	1,300	Norfolk & Western	91¼	91½	90⅞	90⅞	— ⅛
145½	145⅝	7,200	North American	83	83	82⅞	82⅞	— ⅛
25½	27	200	Northern Pacific	145⅛	145⅝	145⅛	145⅝	— ⅛
96½	97	550	North. Ohio Tr. & La	28	26	26	26	...
100	105	82	Pacific Coast	95¼	95¼	95¼	95¼	+ ¼
29¾	30¼	200	Pacific Coast 2d pf	90½	97	97	97	+2
135	135¼	9,600	Pacific Mail	29¾	29⅞	29⅝	29⅞	+ ⅛
115½	115⅞	1,400	Pennsylvania R. R	134	135⅜	133⅞	135⅛	+ ⅛
92½	93	200	People's Gas, Chi	115	115⅞	114⅞	115⅝	+ ⅛
47	48	300	Pitts., C. C. & St. L.	92	92½	92	92½	+ ⅛
41¾	42	1,450	Pitts. Coal pf	47⅛	47½	47⅛	47½	+ ⅜
103	104	30	Pressed Steel Car	41¾	41⅞	41⅞	41⅞	+ ⅛
191	192	1,300	Pressed Steel Car pf	104	104	104	104	...
8	9	200	Pullman Co.	189	191½	189	191½	+ ⅛
43¾	44	100	Quicksilver pf	9½	9½	9	9	— ⅛
158	158¼	121,650	*R'way Steel Spring	43⅝	43⅞	43⅝	43⅞	+ ⅛
102	103	150	Reading	157	158⅝	157	158⅝	+ ⅝
27⅝	27⅝	5,500	Reading 2d pf	103	103	103	103	+ ¼
88¼	88½	2,200	*Rep. Iron & Steel	27⅛	27⅞	27⅛	27⅞	+ ⅝
32⅝	32⅞	20,500	*Rep. Iron & Steel pf	87½	88¼	87½	88¼	+ ⅝
71⅛	71⅜	3,300	Rock Island Co.	32⅜	33¼	32⅜	32⅜	+ ⅛
45	45½	800	Rock Island Co. pf	71	71⅝	70⅝	71	+ ⅛
25¼	25⅝	4,825	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	45⅝	45⅞	45⅝	45⅞	+ ⅛
63	63½	5,100	St. Louis Southwest	25⅛	25⅝	25⅛	25¼	+ ⅛
92	92½	5,200	St. Louis Southw. pf	61⅝	64	61⅝	63¼	+ ⅝
122¾	122⅞	24,900	Sloss-Shef. S. & I. c. d.	79⅝	82	79⅝	82	+ ⅝
125½	126	200	Southern Pacific	122	123	122	122⅜	+ ⅛
30⅝	30⅞	6,500	Southern Pacific pf	125½	125⅝	125¼	125⅜	+ ⅛
80	80	2,200	Southern R'way ext	30½	31	30½	30⅝	+ ⅛
69⅞	70	300	Southern R'way pf., ext.	69⅞	70	69⅝	69⅝	— ⅛
42⅜	42⅝	1,600	*Tennessee Copper	42⅜	42⅝	42⅜	42⅝	+ ⅛
34	34½	2,600	Texas & Pacific	34	34½	34	34½	+ ⅛
30¼	31½	200	Third Avenue	30¼	31½	29½	31	+ ½
8⅝	8⅞	2,500	Tol., R'way & Light	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	...
51	53¼	600	Tol., St. Louis & W.	51	53¼	51	52⅝	+ ⅝
69½	69¾	5,400	Tol., St. L. & W. pf	69¼	69¾	69¼	69¾	+ ⅛
137⅛	138	675	Union Bag & Paper	137⅛	142⅞	135	135	— ⅝
75½	76⅝	87,300	Union Bag & P. pf	75½	76⅝	75½	76⅝	+ ⅝
188⅝	190	800	Union Pacific	188⅝	190⅝	188⅝	189⅝	+ ⅛
96⅝	96⅞	200	Union Pacific pf	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝	+ ⅛
84	84½	2,200	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	84	84½	84	84½	+ ⅛
39	39½	400	U. S. Realty & Imp	84½	84½	84	84	+ ¾
110½	110⅝	400	U. S. Rubber	39	39½	38⅞	39½	+ ⅝
78	78⅝	400	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	110½	110½	110¼	110½	+ ⅛
58¼	59⅜	200	U. S. Rubber 2d pf	78	78⅝	78	78⅝	+ ⅛
119½	119⅝	7,300	U. S. Steel	58¼	59⅜	58¼	59⅜	+ ⅛
51⅝	52	1,500	U. S. Steel pf	119½	119⅝	118⅞	119⅜	+ ⅛
50	50½	1,800	Utah Copper	51⅝	52	51⅝	52	+ ⅛
49⅜	50	500	Va.-Caro. Chemical	50	50½	49⅝	50	+ ⅛
19½	19⅝	7,300	Wabash	19½	19⅝	19½	19⅝	+ ⅛
50¼	51⅞	12,400	Wabash pf	50¼	51⅞	50¼	51⅞	+ ⅝
24	25	3,800	Western Maryland	24	25	23⅞	24	+ ⅛
76	78	1,100	Western Union Tel.	76	78	76	77¼	+1⅛
84⅜	84⅝	400	Westinghouse E. & M.	84⅜	84⅝	83⅞	83⅞	+ ⅛
24½	24⅞	500	Wheel. & L. E. 1st pf	24½	24⅞	24½	24⅞	+ ⅛
13	13⅜	500	Wheel. & L. E. 2d pf	13	13⅜	13	13⅜	+ ⅛
59⅜	59⅝	100	Wisconsin Central	59⅜	59⅝	59	59	— ⅛
90⅝	90⅞	400	Wisconsin Central pf	90⅝	90⅞	90⅝	90⅝	+ ⅛
91½	91¾		*Wis. Cent. pf. t. r.	91½	91¾	91	91	— ¼

*Unlisted.

MINING STOCKS.

1,400	Comstock	0.27	0.27	0.25	0.25	...

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	101½	102½
2s, c., 1930	101½	...
3s, r., 1918	101½	102½
3s, c., 1918	102	...
3s, r., 1915, sm.	100	...
4s, r., 1925	119	119¾
4s, c., 1925	121	...
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	101	101½
Pa. 2s, r., 1938	101	101½
D. C. 3.65s	104½	...
Philip'ne 4s	101	...
Adams Exp.	210	...
Alb. & Sus.	229	...
Am. Ag. Ch.	39½	40
A. C. P. pf.	97½	99
A. C. & F. pf.	115¼	116½
Am. Coal	120	...
Am. D. Tel.	20	29
Am. Exp.	225	230
A. H. & L.	7½	7¾
Am. L. Co.	16	17
Am. Snuff.	230	...
Am. Sn. pf.	102	105
A. S. R. pf.	127	130
A. T. & C.	76	79
Ann Arbor	15	30
Ann A. pf.	15	30
A. M. 1st pf.	103½	...
A. M. 2d pf.	104½	...
Atl. C. L.	127½	128½
B. & O. pf.	94	94½
B. Un. G.	138	139
B. R. & P.	80	90
B., R. & P. pf.	121	129
B. & S. pf.	...	66
Canada So.	66	68¾
C. R. R. of N. J.	290	296
C. & A.	110	...
C. & A. pf.	...	77½
C., B. & Q.	220	...
C. & E. Ill. pf.	116	125
Chi. Gt. W. pf., A.	27	27¾
C. G. W. d.	64	65
C. I. & L. pf.	49	80
C. M. & St. P. pf.	163½	165
C. & N. W. pf.	218	227
Chi., St. P., M. & Om.	153	160
Chi., St. P., M. & Om. pf.	165	175
C. T. T. pf.	...	20
Chi. Un. T. ctfs. sta.	5¼	6
Chi. Un. T. pf. ctfs. st.	15	16½
C., C., C. & St. L.	73	73½
C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	101	104
Cleve. & P.	173¾	...
Crex Carpet.	56	60
D., L. & W.	640	660
D. & R. G. pf.	87½	88¼
D. M. & Ft. D. pf.	...	16
D. & M. pf.	...	96
Det. U. Ry.	56	58¼
D. S. S. & A.	17	17½
Rutland pf.	30	40
St. L. & S. F. 1st pf.	70	70¾
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. ctfs.	165	190
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. new ctfs.	65	69
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. pf. ctfs.	116	125
Sears-R. pf.	114	115¼
S.-S. S. & I. pf.	112¾	115
So. Ry., M. & O. ctfs.	35	37½
Texas Cent.	35	...
Tex. C. pf.	70	...
T. P. L. T.	90	...
T., P. & W.	17	20¼
T. C. R. T.	105	105½
U. C. M. pf.	107	108
U. Rys. In.	36½	37¾
U. R. I. pf.	54	55
U. S. C. I. Pipe pf.	77	78¼
U. S. Exp.	90	96
U. S. L. pf.	116	122
U. S. R. & Ref.	10	13½
U. S. R. & Ref. pf.	29	30½
U. S. R. & R.	174	89
Vand. R. R.	...	89
Va.-Car

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Mr. Rogers, Loyalist.

One of the traits of Mr. Rogers which will not be forgotten in the financial district was his loyalty to those with whom he had embarked upon any enterprise. When the Inter-State Commerce Commission was besetting Mr. Harriman on one side and Mr. Roosevelt was laying siege to him upon another, with all sorts of trouble to fill in the circle, word passed quietly through Wall Street that the "Standard Oil people" were going to abandon Mr. Harriman. Mr. Rogers, when asked about this, directly replied: "When a gale lashes the ocean and each minute aboard ship seems the last, the passengers sometimes wonder whether the Captain is the best Captain to be had; but when the storm passes away and the ship comes into port under smiling skies all doubts of the Captain's capacity have vanished. The gale is blowing around Union Pacific and Mr. Harriman just now and some of the passengers may have their doubts, but when we get into port they will have the same opinion of Mr. Harriman that I have now—he is a great Captain."

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The "Little Board's" Tribute.

A great many people who know Mr. Rogers only through the medium of hostile magazine or newspaper stories or cartoons could not, of course, know the vein of sentiment in his make-up, the outcroppings of which many Wall Street people discovered in many ways. For example: Mr. Rogers was a member of the Consolidated Stock Exchange, having joined that institution in 1885. His death was announced from the rostrum of the Exchange yesterday, and its flag dropped to half-mast. He joined the Exchange with the idea of making it a great market for oil and he succeeded to a remarkable degree, maintaining its supremacy over all other oil exchanges of the country up to the time when the Standard determined to suppress speculation in oil. Now, Mr. Rogers did not belong to the insurance class of the Consolidated, nor did he even take advantage of his privilege as a member to trade on the floor, so the inevitable conclusion is that it was pure sentiment which led him to retain his seat on the so-called "Little Board." The "Little Board" appreciated this attitude, and its action yesterday was thoroughly genuine.

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Support From Banking Quarters.

The first impulse of professional operators was to sell the market, but when they found that all their offerings were quickly taken, the wonderful resistance to the pressure led them to adopt a more cautious attitude. Failing in their purpose, many of them immediately covered their short lines, but others still fought the advance on the theory that artificial support was being extended by big banking interests, and as soon as this was withdrawn there was bound to be a sharp decline. It was generally conceded that almost an unlimited amount of support was at hand, and many of the bear operators quickly came to the conclusion that it would be about as sensible to try to butt their heads through a stone wall as to attempt to break the market under such circumstances. Usually on an occasion of this sort heavy buying orders are sent in to the Stock Exchange from high banking quarters to offset any adverse sentimental effect the event might have. When the Street had time to think the matter over more carefully the majority of traders seemed to arrive at the opinion that, aside from its sentimental bearing, there was no cause to fear an adverse influence on securities.

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Heavy Buying of Steel.

Heavy buying of Steel common was one of the most notable features of the entire market, the purchases lifting the price about 1½ per cent. While a good deal of this was said to have been for the account of banking interests with a view to dispelling any uneasiness which might arise in the public mind, the reason some large purchasers of the stock gave for their action was the improvement in trade conditions. They declared that the railroads had in contemplation new commitments in steel products on an almost unprecedented scale, and that before many weeks the mills of the big corporation would be operating at their full capacity and that earnings would soon get back to their former high levels. Along with this, of course, went the suggestion of an increased dividend on the common stock. In conservative quarters this was regarded as a bit premature, and it was thought that the great outburst of enthusiasm toward the Steel shares was to a large extent a sequel to the rise in the stock. Street gossip had it that John D. Rockefeller had been buying Steel common in 5,000 and 10,000 share lots for some weeks back. That sort of talk makes a great impression on some operators. The skeptics advanced the theory that if there was any truth in the story at all he was more likely a buyer in the 40s than in the high 50s.

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Change from Former Times.

In bullish circles virtually the whole topic of conversation was the manner in which the stock market stood what they described as a severe test of its quality. Its action, they contended, was the best possible evidence of the strength of its technical position. Incidentally, discussion of the matter brought forth many expressions of opinion to the effect that the interests or affairs of any one man are no longer of overshadowing importance on the Stock Exchange. It was pointed out that nowadays stock market commitments are so widely diversified and the holdings of securities so broadly scattered in hundreds of thousands of hands that personalities count for much less in the Stock Exchange machinery than they did a few years ago, as, for instance, at the time of the sudden death of ex-Gov. Flower, which was followed by a panic on the Exchange. Many Wall Street men seriously doubt if, under the present conditions, a repetition of that would be possible.

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, May 19.—The local market opened strong this morning and with stocks in good demand. Large buying orders soon appeared in the United States Smelting stocks, the common advancing nearly two points, and the preferred selling up to 49¾, both issues closing at the highest figures of the day. East Butte was also in good demand, while the "rights" advanced 15 cents. The general list held strong and active throughout the session, closing strong at the advance.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$8,000	Am. Ag. Chem. 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼
23,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	95¾	95½	95½
1,000	Am. T. & T. cv. 4s	104	104	104
4,200	A., G. & W. I. SS. 5s	68	68	68
26,000	Cen. Vt. 1st 4s	88½	88	88
1,900	C. & West. Mich 5s	105¼	105¼	105¼
1,000	Ill. Steel 5s, 1913	101½	101½	101½
17,000	Mass. Gas 4½s	99½	99½	99½
5,000	United Fruit 4½s	96¼	96	96¼
500	U. S. Steel 2d 5s	104¼	104¼	104¼
8,000	West. T. & T. 5s	99	98½	98¾

RAILROADS.

360	Atchison	110	109	110
55	Atchison pf	104½	104½	104½
16	Boston Elevated	127½	127	127½
2	Boston & Albany	230½	230½	230½
100	Boston & Lowell	232	232	232
80	Boston & Maine	147	147	147
20	Boston & Worc. pf	57½	57	57½
5	C. J. R. & S. Y.	151	151	151
18	C. J. R. & S. Y. pf	118	118	118
1	Fitchburg pf	131½	131½	131½
211	N. Y. N. H. & H.	172	170½	171
110	Union Pacific	190¼	188½	190¼
5	West End	94	94	94
18	Worc. Nash & Roch.	146	146	146

TELEPHONES.

1,527	American	140¾	140	140¼
100	Mexican	3 2 15-16	2 15-16	
25	New England	133	132	132
764	New England, rights	$3	$2.85	$2.85
15	Western pf	87½	87½	87½

MISCELLANEOUS.

50	Am. Agr. Chem.	39¾	39¾	39¾
32	Am. Agr. Chem. pf	99	99	99
2,155	Am. Pneu. Svc.	9¼	9	9¼
490	Am. Pneu. Svc. pf	20½	20	20½
195	Am. Sugar Refin.	133½	133	133¼
10	Am. Sugar Refin. pf	128¾	128¼	128¾
136	Am. Woolen pf	105¾	105	105¾
207	A., G. & W. I. SS.	8¼	7¾	8¼
113	A., G. & W. I. SS. pf	22	21	22
100	East Boston Land	11¾	11¾	11¾
5	Edison	250	250	250
43	Georgia Ry. & Elec.	85	85	85
98	General Electric	161¼	160	161¼
579	Mass. Gas	64½	63¾	64
203	Mass. Gas pf	90¼	90¼	90¼
30	Mergenthaler	208½	208½	208½
160	Pullman	190¼	188	190¼
60	Rotary Ring	7	7	7
898	Swift	108¼	106¾	108¾
50	Torrington pf	25	25	25
18	United Fruit	137½	137½	137½
372	United Shoe	58	57¼	58
60	United Shoe pf	30	29¾	30
7,255	U. S. Steel	59¾	58	59¼
1,096	U. S. Steel pf	119¾	119	119¼
430	Wollaston Land	2¾	2	2¾

MINING.

40	Adventure	9¼	9	9¼
4,112	Amalgamated	83½	82¼	83¼
5	Allouez	40	40	40
50	Am. Zinc	25	25	25
10	Anaconda	50½	50¼	50½
45	Arcadian	5¼	5¼	5¼
810	Arizona Com'l	44¼	43½	44¼
145	Atlantic	9¾	9	9¾
160	Boston Cons.	15¾	15	15
445	Butte Coalition	26¼	25¾	26¼
100	Batopilas	4	4	4
105	Calumet & Arizona	104	103	103
13	Calumet & Hecla	650	647	650
50	Centennial	32	32	32
300	Cons. Mercur	25	23	23
865	Copper Range	81¼	80¾	80¾
450	Daly West	9½	9	9
2,607	East Butte	13¾	13¾	13¾
13,129	East Butte, rights	90c	75c	80c
100	Elm River	2	2	2
150	Franklin	15¼	15	15¼
785	Giroux	8	7⅞	7⅞
20	Granby	104	103	103
250	Greene Cananea	10¾	10¼	10¾
150	Hancock	10¾	10¼	10¼
125	Isle Royale	28¼	27¾	27¾
140	Kerr Lake	8¼	8¼	8¼
10	Keweenaw	3	3	3
1,105	Lake	24½	23½	23½
44	La Salle	14½	14½	14½
410	Mass.	14½	14	14
110	Mexico	5¾	5¼	5¼
420	Miami	15¾	15¼	15¼
200	Michigan	12	11¾	11¾
200	Mohawk	66¼	66	66¼
625	Nevada	23¼	23¼	23¼
22	Newhouse	2¾	2¾	2¾
2,615	North Butte	62	60¾	61¼
1,950	North Lake	9¼	9¼	9¼
10	Ojibway	11¼	11¼	11¼
30	Osceola	136	135	136
610	Parrot	35	34¾	34¾
25	Quincy	91	91	91
200	Santa Fe	2¾	2¾	2¾
283	Shannon	16	15¼	16
1,610	Superior & Boston	15¾	14¾	15¾
906	Sup. & Boston rights	73c	66c	73c
25	Superior Copper	40	40	40
105	Superior & Pittsburg	14¼	14¼	14¼
22	Tamarack	71	70	71
80	Trinity	13½	13½	13½
65	U. S. Oil	33	32¾	33
7,015	U. S. Smelters	49¼	47¼	49¼
4,257	U. S. Smelters pf	49¾	48¾	49¾
315	Utah Cons.	41¾	41	41¾
30	Utah Copper	51¾	51¾	51¾
20	Victoria	5	5	5
25	Winona	6	6	6
10	Wolverine	148	148	148

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
4½s	May, '57, f'chg	112¼	112¼	112¼
4½s	Nov., '57, f'chg	112¼	112¼	112¼
4½s	May, '17, f'chg	104¾	104¾	104¾
4s	Nov., '58, f'chg	102½	102½	102½
4s	May, '57, f'chg	102¼	102¼	102¼
4s	Nov., '56, reg	101¾	102	101¾
4s	Nov., '36, reg	100¾	101¼	100¾
3½s	Nov., '55, f'chg	91¾	92¼	91¾
3½s	May, '54, coup	91¾	92¼	91¾
3½s	May, '54, reg	91½	92	91½
*6s	Nov., '09, rev	102¼	102⅝	102¼
*6s	Nov., '10, rev	104¼	104⅝	104¼

*Coupon or registered.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Isidor Wormser, Jr., will sail for Europe June 1.

Thomas F. Ryan sailed for Europe yesterday. He will be away two months.

Henry W. Rugens of F. H. Peaney & Co. has applied for membership on the Produce Exchange.

The Directors of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company met yesterday and re-elected the retiring officers.

At the annual meeting of the Columbus & Hocking Coal and Iron Company the retiring Directors were re-elected.

The Central Trust Company's old stock on the curb was $2,850 bid yesterday, offered at $3,000. The new shares were $900 bid, offered at $1,000.

The Directors of the Lake Shore have re-elected the officers for the ensuing year and in addition have made E. F. Stephenson Assistant Secretary.

At a recent meeting of the Union Copper Mines Company the retiring Directors were re-elected and subsequently elected W. G. Newman, President.

The second Cotton Exchange membership of W. H. Judson has been sold to L. L. Fleming for $13,000, comparing with $12,800 for the last previous sale. The Cotton Exchange membership of Edwin Shields has been sold to Richard A. Springs.

Application has been made to the Stock Exchange to list $11,000,000 general refunding and improvement mortgage 5 per cent. bonds, due 1929, of the Chesapeake & Ohio Railway Company and $2,626,000 additional stock of the Consolidation Coal Company.

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

Foreign Securities Firm in London on Paris Buying.

LONDON, May 19.—Money was quiet and easy on the market to-day and discounts were firm. Business on the Stock Exchange continued small, and a slight set-back occurred in places, small holders realizing, but there was no pronounced weakness. Foreigners appeared to be the firmest section, under Paris buying, which also hardened Kaffirs in the late trade. British securities were dull and neglected.

American securities were firm in the forenoon at fractions over parity. United States Steel received attention on better trade reports. Prices eased in the afternoon under the lead of Amalgamated Copper and Union Pacific on the announcement of the death of H. H. Rogers. The market, however, recovered and closed steady.

Bar silver steady, 24 3-16d per ounce.

Money, ¾ per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 1 5-16 per cent.; for three months' bills 1 5-16 per cent.

PARIS, May 19.—Prices on the Bourse to-day were firm.

Three per cent. rentes, 97f 72½c for the account.

Exchange on London, 25f 16c for checks.

BERLIN, May 19.—Trading on the Boerse to-day was dull, but prices were fairly steady.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	85¼	..	..	—1-16
Consols, account	85¼	..	..	— ⅛
Anaconda	10½	50	50⅝	— ⅛
Atchison	111⅝	109½	109¾	..
Can. Pacific	184⅞	180⅝	180	+ ⅝
St. Paul	154½	150⅝	151	— ¼
Erie	34⅞	33⅝	33⅝	..
Erie 1st pf	52	50⅝	50⅝	..
Ill. Central	150	146½	146½	..
Louis. & Nash.	142	138½	138½	— ⅝
N. Y. Central	134	130½	131¼	..
Pennsylvania	68¾	134	134	..
Reading	80¾	157½	157⅞	— ⅜
So. Pacific	125¼	122½	122	+ ⅛
Un. Pacific	193⅝	188⅞	189½	+ ⅛
U. S. Steel	59⅞	58⅝	58¾	+ ⅛
U. S. Steel pf	122¾	119¼	119⅜	+ ⅛

FOREIGN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
German consol 3½s	95½	96¼
German consol 3s	86⅞	87⅞
Prussian Government 4s	102⅝	103⅝
Bavarian Government 4s	101¼	102¼
Hessian Government 3½s	94½	95½
Saxony Government 3s	85½	86½
Hamburg Government 3s	85¼	86¼
City of Berlin 4s	101⅛	102⅛
City of Cologne 4s	101	102
City of Augsberg 4s	100½	101½
City of Munich 4s	101¼	102¼
City of Frankfort-on-Main 3½s	95	96
City of Vienna 4s	97	98
Mexican Government gold 5s	101	102
Russian Government gold 4s	88¼	89¼
French Government rente 3s	97	98
British consol 2½s	85	85¾

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£.	s.	d.		£.	s.	d.
Camp Bird	1	2	9	Esperanza	3	0	0
Tomboy	1	2	6	Dolores	1	5	0
El Oro	1	6	3	Stratton's Ind.	0	3	1½

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

DETROIT & MACKINAC—

	1909.	1908.	Increase.
2d week May	$20,511	$21,810	*$1,299
July 1-May 14	1,001,501	1,036,639	*35,138

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE—

2d week May	841,980	751,785	90,195
July 1-May 14	39,909,999	39,424,882	485,117

MINNEAPOLIS, ST. PAUL & SAULT STE. MARIE—

2d week May	229,308	182,939	46,369
July 1-May 14	10,989,252	10,253,450	715,782

MISSOURI PACIFIC—

2d week May	484,000	633,000	151,000
July 1-May 14	33,410,308	37,242,894	1,167,414
Central Branch, Missouri Pacific:			
2d week May	28,000	26,000	2,000
July 1-May 14	1,473,173	1,314,797	158,376

*Decrease.

BALTIMORE & OHIO for April—

	1909.	1908.	1907.
Gross	5,761,925	5,024,785	7,107,670
Expenses	3,928,809	3,920,225	4,668,925
Net	1,833,116	1,104,560	2,438,745
10 mos. gross	58,900,373	63,080,086	67,676,988
Expenses	39,210,929	46,249,970	45,213,011
10 mos. net	19,689,444	16,830,066	22,463,977

LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN for the quarter ended March 31—

	1909.	1908.	Increase.
Tot. ry. op. rev.	9,787,473	8,907,689	$879,789
Tot. ry. op. exp.	6,886,329	6,064,701	821,628
Net ry. op. rev.	3,401,148	2,842,987	558,161
Net def. fr. outside oper.	15,208	865	15,573
Total net rev. from oper.	3,385,940	2,843,352	542,588
Taxes accrued	375,000	330,000	45,000
Oper. income	3,010,940	2,513,352	497,588
Other income	1,078,190	1,082,692	*4,502
Gross income	4,089,130	3,596,045	493,085
Tot. deduc. from gross income	2,399,050	2,482,811	*83,761
Net corp. inc.	1,690,080	1,113,233	326,847

NEW YORK, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS for the quarter ended March 31—

	1909.	1908.	Increase.
Tot. ry. op. rev.	2,287,289	2,415,779	*128,490
Tot. ry. op. exp.	1,756,314	1,893,140	*163,976
Net ry. op. rev.	528,125	522,639	5,486
Net outside def.	5,780	4,644	1,137
Total net rev. from oper.	522,344	517,995	4,349
Taxes accrued	78,000	69,000	9,000
Oper. income	444,344	448,995	*4,651
Other income	61,794	22,408	39,387
Gross income	506,139	471,406	34,736
Tot. deduc. from gross income	355,077	309,028	46,048
Net corp. inc.	151,061	162,374	*11,312

*Decrease.

ST. LAWRENCE & ADIRONDACK for the quarter ended March 31—

Oper. revenue	131,956	122,455	9,501
Oper. exp.	68,089	44,644	23,425
Net oper.	63,887	77,810	*13,923
Taxes accrued	1,792	1,722	70
Oper. income	62,094	76,088	*13,994
Other income	661	430	231
Gross income	62,755	76,518	*13,763
Total ded. from gross income	44,530	32,502	12,028
Net corp. inc.	18,225	44,015	*25,790

ULSTER & DELAWARE for the quarter ended March 31—

Oper. rev.	184,242	184,731	49,511
Oper. exp.	150,145	146,253	2,893
Net oper. rev.	34,096	†11,521	45,618
Net outside def.	2,450	‡226	2,676
Total net rev. from oper.	31,646	†11,295	42,942
Taxes accrued	9,000	8,400	600
Oper. income	22,646	†19,696	42,342
Other income	1,102	724	378
Gross income	23,748	†18,971	42,720
Total ded. from gross income	43,748	41,353	2,394
Net corp. def.	19,999	60,325	*40,326

*Decrease. †Deficit. ‡Credit.

Miscellaneous Earnings.

ANACONDA COPPER COMPANY for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1908.	1907.	1906.
Total receipts	15,604,481	18,781,138	26,968,870
Total disburse.	14,658,518	15,608,360	18,384,701
Balance	945,963	3,147,778	8,584,169
Add interest	137,017	230,447	258,500
Total net inc.	1,082,980	3,378,220	8,842,669
Dividends	2,400,000	6,300,000	6,900,000
Deficit	1,317,020	2,921,780	*1,942,680
Surp. Jan. 1	6,261,462	9,183,242	7,240,578
Profit and loss surplus	4,944,442	6,261,462	9,183,242

The total net income as above, $1,082,980, is equivalent to 3.61% earned on the $30,000,000 capital stock, comparing with 11.26% earned in the year ended Dec. 31, 1907.

*Surplus.

TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., May 19.—Demand was only fair, and the market was devoid of any special feature. Shares, 2,145; bonds, $163,000.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	A. C. L. 4s ctfs.	84¾	84¾	84¾
1,000	A. C. L. cons. 4s	97¼	97¼	97¼
3,000	Balt. City Pass. 4½s	100	100	100
5,000	Balt. City 3½s, 1950	94¼	94¼	94¼
1,000	B., Sp. Pt. & C. 4½s	92½	92½	92½
24,000	Cotton Duck 5s	82¾	82	82¾
3,000	Carolina Cent. 4s	94¼	94¼	94¼
11,000	Con. G., El. L. & P. 4½s	85½	85¼	85¼
10,000	Fairmont Coal 1st 5s	96¾	96¾	96¾
1,000	Ga. & Ala. cons. 5s	105½	105½	105¾
5,000	U. S. Brewing	42	42	42
1,000	Maryland Elec. 5s	94¾	94¾	94¾
2,000	Norf. Ry. & Lt. 5s	96¾	96¾	96¾
6,000	Norf. & Pot. Tr. 5s	87	87	87
10,000	Pitts. & All. Tel. 5s	84½	84½	84½
14,000	S. A. L. 4s	84¾	84¾	84¾
14,000	Seaboard 10-yr. 5s	99¼	99¼	99¼
4,000	S. A. L. 5-year 5s	99½	99½	99¾
2,000	S., F. & W. 6s	128½	128½	128½
2,000	United Ry. 4s	87¾	87¾	87¾
41,000	United Ry. inc.	58¾	58¾	58¾
2,000	United Ry. fdg. 5s	80¾	80¾	80¾
1,000	West Va. Cent. 6s	102½	102½	102½

STOCKS.

50	Baltimore Trust	812	812	812
200	Georgia & Florida	94	93	93
85	Con. G., El. L. & P. pf.	88¼	88	88
10	Fidelity & Deposit	158¾	158¾	158¾
200	Georgia & Florida	9	9	9
215	Houston Oil pf.	9	9	9
60	International Trust	144	144	144
80	Maryland Casualty	98¼	98¼	98¼
15	Northern Central	107	107	107
145	Seaboard Air Line	18¼	18	18
130	S. A. L. common	20¾	20¾	20¾
100	S. A. L. Co. 1st pf.	71	71	71
400	S. A. L. 2d pf.	40¼	40	40
300	United Railways	12½	12½	12¼
250	Maryland	12¼	12	12⅛

St. Louis Southwestern Bond Sale.

Taller & Co. announced yesterday the purchase of an issue of 5 per cent. equipment trust bonds of the St. Louis Southwestern, maturing over a series of years. The bankers said that the issue would be for a round amount, but that the exact amount which they were to take from the road had not yet been fixed.

CHICAGO STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 19.—Swift shares again reflected realising sales and sank from 108¼ to 106⅝ before midday. Commonwealth Edison again sold at top, 119, before noon. Street's Stable Car common in the late trading rose again to 47, while Swift shares recovered to 107. National Biscuit common also took a fresh grip on things and jumped to 107, compared with 105½ last night. Sears was a shade lower for the common and the preferred was nearly a point under last night.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
940	American Can	13	13	13⅛
265	American Can pf	83	82½	82⅝
195	American Shipbuilding	60	60	60
4	Chicago Rys., Series 1	9¾	9¾	9¾
19	Chicago Telephone	133	133	133
50	Corn Products pf	88½	88½	88½
170	Commonwealth Edison	119	118¾	118⅞
91	Diamond Match	128	127½	127½
30	Elgin Watch	162	162	162
250	Illinois Brick	89	88½	88½
118	National Biscuit	107	106½	107
30	National Biscuit pf	124	124	124
130	National Carbon	85½	85½	85½
280	People's Gas	115½	115	115
5	Quaker Oats pf., ex div.	101½	101½	101½
50	Sears-Roebuck	83¾	83½	83½
267	Sears-Roebuck pf.	115	114¼	114¼
770	Street's Stable Car	47½	45	47¼
972	Swift & Co.	108½	106⅝	106⅞
115	Un. Box. pf., full paid	13⅝	13½	13⅝

COLORADO MINING STOCKS.

COLORADO SPRINGS, May 19.—The following were the closing quotations on the local Exchange to-day:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	8¾	9	Jackpot	6¾	7
Elkton	63¾	64	McKinney	88	89½
El Paso	47½	48¼	Portland	89¾	90½
Gold Dollar	11¾	11¾	Vindicator	55	59
Isabella	20½	21	Sample	6¾	7

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Interest to be added.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Cigar "A" 4s, March 15, 1911	98¼	99½
Am. Cigar "B" 4s, March 15, 1912	97¾	..
Am. Tel. & Tel. 5s, January, 1910	100⅝	101¼
A. C. L. 5s, March, 1910	100⅝	101⅛
Ches. & Ohio 6s, July, 1910	102	..
C., C., C. & St. L. 5s, June, 1911	101¼	101⅜
Interborough 5s, March, 1910	100⅞	101
Interborough 6s, May, 1911	103⅝	104
K. C. Ry. & L. 6s, September, 1912	100	100⅛
K. C. So. 5s, April, 1912	100⅛	100⅜
Lack. Steel Co. 5s, March, 1910	99⅛	99⅜
Lake Shore 5s, February, 1910	101	101⅛
Louis. & Nash. 5s, March, 1910	101⅛	101⅛
Michigan Central 5s, February, 1910	101	101⅛
N. Y. Central 5s, February, 1910	101	101⅛
Minn. & St. L. 5s, February, 1911	99⅜	100
Norfolk & Western 5s, May, 1910	101⅛	101⅜
Pennsylvania 5s, March 15, 1910	101⅛	101⅛
Southern 5s, February, 1910	100⅜	100½
Tidewater Co. 6s, June, 1913	102½	106½
West. Elec. & Mfg. 6s, August, 1910	100⅞	101⅜

Delano Heads Railway Association.

At the annual meeting of the American Railway Association held yesterday in the building of the United Engineering Societies F. A. Delano was re-elected President. The association is composed of officers of the principal railroads of the United States, Canada, and Mexico, and represents nearly 250,000 miles of road. Its Committee on Safety Appliances reported that out of a total of 2,182,476 freight cars, 97 per cent. were equipped with airbrakes on Jan. 1, 1909. Of the engines, 58,425, representing 99 per cent., were equipped with airbrakes. W. C. Besler was elected second Vice President and T. E. Clarke and G. L. Peck were made members of the Executive Committee.

Executor Trustee

Chartered 1822

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company,

Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street.

Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue, New York.

LONDON: 18 Bishopsgate St. Within. PARIS: 41 Boulevard Haussmann

Bills of Exchange, Cheques and Cable Transfers.

Travelers' Letters of Credit

Payable Throughout the World

Administrator Guardian

Franklin Trust Company

166 Montague Street, Brooklyn 140 Broadway, New York

Acts in every fiduciary capacity. Allows Interest on Demand and Time Deposits

To the holders of bonds of the

Pennsylvania Sugar Refining Co.

More than a majority of the bonds of the above-named company having been deposited under an agreement dated December 23, 1908, the undersigned have extended to June 1, 1909, the time for further deposits with the COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY, New York City, the depositary named in said agreement, or with the TRUST COMPANY OF NORTH AMERICA, in Philadelphia, the branch depositary designated by the Committee. Copies of the aforesaid agreement may be procured upon application to either of said Trust Companies.

New York, May 19, 1909.

DAVIES, STONE & AUERBACH, of New York.
HON. M. HAMPTON TODD, of Philadelphia, Counsel.

CHARLES M. WARNER, Chairman;
WILLARD V. KING,
HOWARD E. MITCHELL,
JAMES F. SULLIVAN,
JAMES S. SWARTZ,
THOMAS W. SYNNOTT,
ROBERT WETHERILL,
Protective Committee.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE FIRST MORTGAGE

Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds of the MISSISSIPPI CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY

Pursuant to the provisions of the First Mortgage and Deed of Trust of the Mississippi Central Railroad Company to The Standard Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, dated July 1, 1908, notice is hereby given that on the first day of July, 1909, the said Mississippi Central Railroad Company will call in and redeem the entire issue of bonds then outstanding issued under and secured by its said First Mortgage and Deed of Trust, at the price of Eleven hundred dollars and accrued interest for each One thousand dollar bond, payable upon presentation of the bonds, together with all unmatured coupons thereto attached, at the office of Harvey Fisk & Sons, fiscal agents of the said Railroad Company, No. 62 Cedar Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York. Coupons for interest on bonds subsequent to the said first day of July, 1909, shall become void.

Dated May 20, 1909.

MISSISSIPPI CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY, By F. L. Peck, President.

THE SPANISH-AMERICAN IRON COMPANY FIRST MORTGAGE 6 PER CENT. BONDS. DUE JULY 1ST, 1927.

Pursuant to the terms of the mortgage dated August 7, 1907, the undersigned invites tenders of the above bonds for sale and delivery as of July 1st, 1909, at a price not exceeding par and interest, to the extent of $73,559.20, the sum now available in the Sinking Fund.

Sealed tenders, stating the numbers of bonds offered, should be addressed to GIRARD TRUST COMPANY, Trustee, Sinking Fund Spanish-American Iron Company First Mortgage 6 Per Cent. Bonds, and will be received until 3 P. M. May 24th, 1909.

GIRARD TRUST COMPANY,

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Investor Buys Broadway and 57th Street Corner—Park Avenue Purchases—Interesting Deals in Many Sections.

The United States Realty and Improvement Company has sold to an investor the southeast corner of Fifty-seventh Street and Broadway, 116.5 feet on Fifty-seventh Street by 66 feet on Broadway, on which site the company is now erecting a nine-story building for A. T. Demarest & Co. Upon completion of the structure on July 1, Demarest & Co. will occupy it under a twenty-one-year lease at an annual net rental of $37,900. The property was sold at a price which will yield the purchaser a little more than 5 per cent. on his investment. The price is to be entirely paid in cash on July 1, when the building will be completed and the title passed. F. & G. Pflomm were the brokers in the transaction.

Another Park Avenue Purchase.

The Alliance Realty Company has bought from Mrs. Adele Q. Brown, wife of James H. Brown of Brown Brothers & Co., the property, 34.4 by 96, on the east side of Park Avenue, between Seventy-third and Seventy-fourth Streets, adjoining on the north the Brandon apartment house, purchased last week by the same company from the estate of Louis de Bebian. The company now controls a plot fronting 77.6 feet on Park Avenue and 96 feet on Seventy-third Street.

The Alliance Realty Company is also the buyer of the dwelling 55 East Seventy-fifth Street, the sale of which by the Ross estate was reported yesterday. The parcel abuts upon the Seaman stable property at the southwest corner of Park Avenue and Seventy-sixth Street, recently purchased by the company, and will insure permanent southerly light to any new structure that may be erected on the latter site.

Riverside Drive Corner Sold.

The Breese estate has sold the lot, 25 by 100, at the southeast corner of Riverside Drive and 122d Street, opposite Grant's Tomb. The buyer is Mrs. J. J. Kettel, owner of the adjoining property on the Drive.

West 35th Street Deal.

Finney & Mathews have sold for Jeremiah W. Dimick 260 and 262 West Thirty-fifth Street, four and five story tenements, on plot 50 by 98.9, to Cornelius F. Sheehan, who owns the abutting property at 263 West Thirty-fourth Street.

Ames & Co. have sold for Henrietta Hewlett and William Johnson 514 Sixth Avenue, a four-story building on lot 21 by 90. Thomas & Eckerson represented the sellers. The property has not changed hands for forty-five years.

N. A. Berwin & Co. negotiated the sale of 31 and 33 East Twenty-eighth Street, a five-story apartment house, 45.10 by 100, for Mrs. Von Beverhout Thompson. The property has been held at $125,000.

Ex-Judge Charles N. Taintor, one of the Trustees of the Fourth Avenue Presbyterian Church, denied yesterday afternoon a published report that the church had sold its property at the northwest corner of Fourth Avenue and Twenty-second Street.

Operator Sells on 29th Street.

M. & L. Hess have sold for Aaron Coleman 134 to 140 West Twenty-ninth Street, 100 by 98.9, to a client who will immediately improve the property by the erection of a twelve-story loft building.

Harris & Vaughan have sold for Arthur G. Larkin 4 to 8 Ninth Avenue, northeast corner of Little West Twelfth Street, three three-story buildings, on plot 77.4 by 50. The buyer is the Astor estate, which owns the seven-story Wing Building adjoining at the southeast corner of Ninth Avenue and Thirteenth Street, extending through to Hudson Street. In exchange the Astor estate gives to Mr. Larkin the five three-story dwellings, 352 to 360 West Fifteenth Street, on plot 100 by 103.3.

More Buying in Library Block.

Two more lots in the Lenox Library block found buyers yesterday. Henry D. Winans & May sold the plot, 25 by 100.5, on the south side of Seventy-first Street, 275 feet east of Fifth Avenue, to A. Robeson Sargent, who was represented in the transaction by Frederick Winant. Winans & May have also sold for the library Trustees the lot, 22 by 100.5, on the north side of Seventieth Street, 21 feet west of Madison Avenue, adjoining the site of Dave Hennen Morris's proposed residence. Nine plots have been sold in the library block since March 1, the unsold portions being the plot, 120 by 100.5, at the southwest corner of Madison Avenue and Seventy-first Street; the lot, 21 by 100.5, at the northwest corner of Seventieth Street and Madison Avenue, and a frontage of 41 feet on the north side of Seventieth Street, 201 feet east of Fifth Avenue.

Sale of 71st Street Dwelling.

Albert J. Elias has bought 49 West Seventy-first Street, a four-story stone front dwelling, on lot 18 by 102.2.

Porter & Co. have sold for Nathan Schreiner the three-story brownstone dwelling 45 West 128th Street, 12.6 by 100.

Lower West Side Transactions.

Samuel Goldsticker has sold for the estate of Joseph M. Ohmeis to Leonard Weill 51 West Eighth Street, a five-story tenement, on lot 25 by 93.11.

The same broker has also sold for the estate of Joseph M. Ohmeis to Leonard Weill 240 Ninth Avenue, a five-story tenement, on lot 24.8 by 100. Both of the foregoing properties were to have been offered at auction yesterday by Mr. Goldsticker.

St. Nicholas Avenue Purchase.

F. R. Wood & Co. have sold for the John J. Hearn Construction Company 880 St. Nicholas Avenue, a six-story elevator apartment house, known as the Hearn Cliff, on plot 90 by 122.

Edward C. H. Vogler has resold for George H. Tiemeyer 643 Amsterdam Avenue, a five-story flat, with stores, on lot 27 by 100, adjoining the northeast corner of Ninety-first Street.

The Duff & Brown Company has leased for James F. McGarry a large double store on the east side of Broadway, between 178th and 179th Streets, to the McDermott-Bunger Dairy Company for ten years.

Arnold, Byrne & Baumann negotiated the sale of the Fort Tryon apartment house, at the northeast corner of St. Nicholas Avenue and 180th Street, for Meersch & Wille.

Big Long Island Acreage Deals.

Jackson Brothers & Co. have bought the Covert farm of ninety-six acres, north of Elmont, L. I., in the Floral Park district.

A buying movement of considerable proportions is also reported at the easterly end of Long Island. W. N. Ridge has acquired a tract of about 400 acres with a frontage of three miles on Peconic Bay, and John B. McDonald has also purchased several hundred acres in the same section.

C. Barclay Ward and Louis De Lancey Ward of the firm of Ward & Ward, who recently opened offices at 163 West Thirty-fourth Street for the sale of Long Island acreage, farms, and country estates, have sold for the Investors' and Traders' Realty Company a tract of twenty-seven acres on Yellow Coat Road, Oyster Bay, L. I., to William Hayes; also, the Howard cottage at West Neck, Huntington, L. I.; also, a tract of seven acres at Melville, and the Jorn Wood farm at West Hills.

Walter J. Cornwell has sold the Cornwell estate of sixty-three acres at Sands Point, L. I. This property has been in the Cornwell family for over a century.

Company Sells on Fiftieth Street.

The Brokers' Realty and Mortgage Company have sold for T. J. Sellew, 251 East Fiftieth Street, a four-story dwelling on lot 18.4 by 100.5. This property has not changed hands for forty years.

Benjamin R. Lummis has leased to a client the three-story brownstone dwelling 126 East Thirty-first Street.

Builders Buy in Harlem.

S. B. Goodale & Son and Moritz Morgenthau have sold for the Madison Square Mortgage Company the two lots, 50 by 110, on the east side of Fifth Avenue, 25 feet south of 128th Street, to the Abingdon Construction Company.

Wolf Smith has bought 85 East 114th Street, a five-story flat on lot 25 by 100.11.

Morse House Under the Hammer.

The Charles W. Morse house at 728 Fifth Avenue is to be sold in foreclosure on June 10. Joseph P. Day will be the auctioneer. It is a five-story residence, occupying a plot 27 by 120.7 on the west side of the avenue, adjoining the Harry Payne Whitney mansion at the southwest corner of Fifty-seventh Street.

The sale is the result of an action brought by John E. Berwind against Charles W. Morse, Clemence C. Morse, Jennie R. Morse, Montrose W. Houck, John W. Gates, Edward Clarence Jones, and William E. Bird, Jr., to foreclose a second mortgage on the property of $350,000, which, with interest, &c., now amounts to over $400,000. The property also carries a first mortgage of $150,000, and there are back taxes aggregating over $5,000.

Long Lease on 42d Street.

The five-story building at 13 West Forty-second Street has been leased for a long term by the heirs of Catherine L. Hall; widow of A. Oakley Hall, at one time Mayor of the City. The lessees are Charles Tanenbaum and George F. Parsons. The lessees will make extensive alterations.

Julius Friend has leased for the Lexington Avenue eal Estate Company the store, part of the basement, and the first loft at the southwest corner of Fourteenth Street and Fifth Avenue for a term of years at an aggregate rental of $175,000.

Albert B. Ashforth has leased for Simon Frankel to Gerard P. Tallman for ten years the third floor in 450 Fifth Avenue.

Joseph A. Davis, now with S. Osgood, Pell & Co., has leased for Henry Corn space in the eighteen-story building 505 Fifth Avenue to George and Edward Blum, and the General Vehicle Company; also, for the Demorest estate the second loft in 94 Fifth Avenue to A. Griffeau & Co.; also, to the Tirrill Gas Machine Lighting Company the south store in 509 Fifth Avenue for a term of four years.

Tenants for Mercantile Buildings.

Denser Brothers have leased to George H. Montrose the tenth and eleventh lofts, 12,000 square feet, in 38 to 44 West Twenty-sixth Street, for a term of years at an aggregate rental of $50,000; also, for Elmer A. Darling the seventh loft in 23 and 25 East Twenty-first Street, and for Guy Witthaus to Stein & Freidman the sixth loft at 28 East Twenty-second Street.

Spear & Co. have rented for Amos F. Eno the entire five-story building, 418 and 420 West Broadway, running through to 94 and 96 Thompson Street, to the Fuller, Burr Paper Box Company for a long term.

The firm of M. Morgenthau, Jr., & Co. is to be succeeded by a corporation to be known as the M. Morgenthau, Jr., Company, with a capital stock of $50,000. I. W. Riegelman has retired from the firm. The company will continue to maintain its present offices at 95 Liberty Street.

Everett M. Seixas, who for several years has had charge of the renting department for M. Morgenthau, Jr., & Co., has organized the firm of Everett M. Seixas & Co., which will carry on a general real estate business with offices at 215 West 111th Street.

New Centre of Bronx Buying.

M. F. Kerby has sold for Michael Cohen the plot of seven lots on the west side of Hughes Avenue, 65 feet north of 180th Street; also, for Cornelius J. Behan and Julius H. Hass, the plot of six lots on the east side of Arthur Avenue, 125 feet south of 180th Street, for improvements with four five-story apartment houses. Mr. Kerby reports an active demand for lots in the 180th Street section as a result of the erection of the new Third Avenue elevated station at that point, work on which was started in April.

The Brokers' Realty and Mortgage Company has sold for a client the southeast corner of Grand Avenue and 184th Street, a plot 168 by 100.

Building in Vyse Avenue Section.

Marked transformation is now in progress in the section around Vyse Avenue and 181st Street—the region once known as the Shipley estate, but which, since the building of the Subway, is developing into one of the most attractive neighborhoods in the Bronx. In this section the Arc Realty Company has large holdings, and, with the increasing demand for accommodations thereabout, has decided to improve some of its properties. Five two-family brick houses of the most approved type have just been completed by the company. Much of this territory is high ground, rising from the shore of the Bronx River and commanding a view over Bronx Park.

Fifth Avenue Deal in Brooklyn.

The John Pullman Real Estate Company has sold 55 Fifth Avenue, near Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn, a four-story double apartment house, with store, for Henry Gluck to an investor.

The Leonard Moody Real Estate Company has sold four more of the "Moody Homes" on Forty-fourth Street, Brooklyn; 1,731, to Ronald R. Hanson and James J. Canover; 1,736, to Mary A. Marking; 1,748, to Blanch Eaperson, and 1,746, to Anna J. Jarvis.

The same firm has also sold for the Roebuck Construction Company a house on the east side of East Twenty-seventh Street, between Avenue U and King's Highway, to William F. Hasse.

Buyers for Jamaica Lots.

Frank L. Ferguson has sold at Jamaica Hill six lots, at Ayling and Malden Avenues, to L. Burghardt; two lots, on Desmond Avenue to C. C. Morley; two lots on Desmond Avenue, to F. H. Wiley; two lots, on Lathrop Avenue, to A. Larson; four lots, on Desmond Avenue, to W. Englert; a house and two lots, on Park Avenue, to A. Van Buren; a house and two lots, on Henry Street, to James A. Kelly, and a house and two lots, in Cedar Manor, to Mrs. Grace Pieper.

Montgomery Maze has bought from J. D. Hough the Armstrong farm of forty acres in the Blue Hills, near Orangeburg, Rockland County, and extending to the Middletown Road. Mr. Maze recently acquired several other properties in the neighborhood and now controls about 500 acres, which will be laid out as a residential park.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

Bowery, 231 and 233, e s, 148.3 ft s of Stanton St, 61.6x174.6x irregular, six-story loft building, with stores; voluntary sale, to George Viellar, $156,000.

Stonehurst, an estate of 101 acres at Staatsburg, Dutchess County, N. Y., with a three-story stone house and outbuildings; executors' sale, to L. Holbrook, $42,500.

Nott Av, 169 to 164, s s, 237 ft w of Van Alst Av, Long Island City, three four-story flats, each 37x100; voluntary sale, withdrawn.

Nott Av, 170 and 172, s s, 89 ft w of Van Alst Av, two four-story flats, each 37x100; voluntary sale, to L. S. Altmayer, $22,250.

3d St, 131 n s, 149.ft e of 8th Av, 23x100x30x100.3; partition sale, to Leonard Weill, $10,950.

By Samuel Goldsticker.

6th St, 51, n s, 202.7 ft e of 6th Av, 25x93.11, five-story tenement, with store; executor's sale, sold at private sale.

9th Av, 240, e s, 49.4 ft of 25th St, 24.8x100, five-story tenement, with stores; executor's sale, sold at private sale.

By Samuel Marx.

Front St, 36, n s, 45 ft w of Coenties Slip, 28.6x67, five-story brick loft and store building; foreclosure sale, adjourned to June 2.

By Joseph P. Day.

7th Av, 2,516 and 2,518, s w corner of 146th St, 40x100, six-story flat and stores; withdrawn.

66th St, 239, n s, 225 ft e of West End Av, 25x100.5, five-story tenement; foreclosure sale, to the defendants, Saul Adams and others, $18,863.

St. Nicholas Av, s e corner of 187th St, 50x100, vacant; foreclosure sale, to E. C. Gulifoyle, $32,910.

10th St, 426, s s, 306 ft w of Avenue D, 15.4x92.3, five-story tenement and store; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiffs, W. H. Schmohl and others, executors, $11,980.

89th St, 226, s s, 235 ft e of 3d Av, 25x100.8, five-story tenement; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiffs, Jonas Weil and others, $25,401.

Carpenter Av, s e corner of 233d St, runs s 300 ft to Bronx Boulevard x w 278x irregular, Wakefield; foreclosure sale, adjourned to June 2.

136th St, 615, n s, 750 ft w of Home Av, 25x100, four-story tenement; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Elias Gussaroff, $15,375.

9th St, n s, 100 ft w of Avenue E, 100x103.1, Unionport; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, J. L. Piper, $800.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and Bronx.

Pearl St, 21, for a five-story brick loft building, 23.11x56.6; Chesebrough Realty Co. of 17 State St. owner; Clinton & Russell, architects; cost, $25,000.

Valentine Av, e s, 217 ft s of 182d St, for five three-story brick dwellings, 20x55; Phelan Brothers Construction Co., (William L. Phelan of 1,910 Webster Av, President,) owner; Moore & Landsiedel, architects; cost, $35,000.

Hoe Av, w s, 125 ft n of 176th St, for six three-story brick tenements, 26x55; Bryant Co., (Abraham Newmann of 132 Nassau St, President,) owner; Moore & Landsiedel, architects; cost, $54,000.

Grote St, n s, 108 ft e of Prospect Av, for a four-story brick tenement, 28.6x87; Di Benneditto Co., of 799 East 182d St, owner; Moore & Landsiedel, architects; cost, $26,000.

Hart's Island, for a three-story brick dormitory, 110x130; city, owner; Joseph Wolf, architect; cost, $80,000.

Hart's Island, for a one-story brick workshop, 137x100; city, owner; Joseph Wolf, architect; cost, $60,000.

City Island Av, e s, 80 ft n of Orchard St, for a three-story brick store and dwelling, 25x50; Ernest Roeder of 31 Bay St, City Island, owner; Harry T. Booth, architect; cost, $6,000.

Alterations.

Items involving less than $5,000 omitted.

5th Av, 247, to an eleven-story brick apartment house; Knickerbocker Apartment Co., premises, owner; M. A. Long, architect; cost, $6,000.

Spring St, 150, to a three and one-half-story brick building; R. Mankin, premises, owner; O. L. Spannhake, architect; cost, $12,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 19.

AMSTERDAM AV, w s, 150.11 ft n of 100th St, 25x96.5; Ellen Regan to Edward Marx, (mtg $40,100,) $100.

AVENUE A, e s, extends from 7th to 8th St, 218x255, Unionport; John Bambey and others to Blackrock Realty Co., $100.

BELMONT AV, w s, 204 ft n of 181st St, 25.1x86.6; Ferdinando E. Peragallo to Belmont Realty and Construction Co., (mtg $7,517,) $1.

BELMONT AV, w s, 204 ft n of 181st St, 25.1x86.6x25.1x86.2; Angelina Gennaro to Belmont Realty and Construction Co., (mtg $7,717,) $1.

BOONE AV, e s, 70.6 ft s of West Farms Road, 25x100; Alexander Ovsharek to Helen A. Jacobson, (mtg $6,200,) $1.

COURTLANDT AV, 794, 24.6x91.11 Moritz L. Ernst and another to James E. J. Martin of Brooklyn, N. Y., (mtg $9,500,) $1.

COURTLANDT AV, 794, 24.6x91.11; James E. J. Martin to Moritz L. and Carl L. Ernst, (mtg $11,500,) $1.

CRESTON AV, e s, 190.1 ft s of 189th St, 85x95; James T. Doyle to Mary A. McCormick, $100.

GRAND BOULEVARD AND CONCOURSE, w s, 139.11 ft s of 189th St, 50x —; Mary A. McCormick to the Graconcourse Co., $100.

HAMILTON PLACE, s e s, 418.8 ft s w of 138th St, 54.3x95; Louis V. O'Donohue and others to Dakota Realty Co., $100.

HESTER ST, 46, s s, 25x50; Kathryn Banks to Cornelia K. Averill, all title, quitclaim, (mtg $10,000,) $1.

HOFFMAN ST, e s, 283 ft s of Pelham Av, 25 x118; Belmont Bond and Mortgage Co. to Sarah Permit, (mtg $2,000,) $1.

LOTS 22 and 23, amended Map 1,108A of 126 lots, being a sub-division of Plot 23, map of Clason's Point; John F. Elsenfast to Oswald Piering, $100.

LOTS 24 and 25, amended Map 1,108A of 126 lots, being a sub-division of Plot 23, map of Clason's Point; John F. Elsenfast to B. Nurnberger, $100.

LOTS 251, 252, and 253, map of lots controlled by Henry Morgenthau, 75x100; Sophie Knepper to the John Marx Construction Co., (mtg $12,000,) $1.

MACLAY AV, n w corner of Montgomery Place, 25x100, Westchester; Maclay Avenue Realty Co. to Richard J. McNulty, $7,050.

MACLAY AV, e s, 139 ft s of Overing St, 25x128.5x25x128.9; Maclay Avenue Realty Co. to Emil Kuhn and another, $5,825.

MACLAY AV, e s, 200 ft n of St. Peter's Av, 25x128.5x25x128; Maclay Avenue Realty Co. to James T. Golden, $100.

MACLAY AV, e s, 114 ft s of Overing St, 25x128.9x25x129.1; Maclay Avenue Realty Co. to William J. Curley, $5,710.

MANHATTAN AV, 127, e s, 16.8x75; Lee W. Groves to Rose Brown, (mtg $10,000,) $100.

MARCY PLACE, n e corner of Walton Av, 97.8x105; Louis Leiman to Leiman Realty Co., (mtg $8,000,) $1,000.

PLOT 51, map of Fort Washington and Buena Vista Syndicates; Alfred C. Bachman to James N. Butterly, (mtg $7,000,) $100.

PLOT 40, Map 1,338, property of Fort Washington and Buena Vista Syndicates; Sound Realty Co. to Cathleen Turney, $100.

PLOT 40, Map 1,338, property of Fort Washington and Buena Vista Syndicates; Cathleen Turney to James A. Lynch, (mtg $24,000,) $1.

PLOT 44, Map 1,338, property of Fort Washington and Buena Vista Syndicates; Sound Realty Co. to Cathleen Turney, $100.

PLOT 44, Map 1,338, property of Fort Washington and Buena Vista Syndicates; Cathleen Turney to James A. Lynch, B. & S., (mtg $23,500,) $1

PLOT 5, Map 1,338, property of Fort Washington and Buena Vista Syndicates; Fort Washington Syndicate to Charles Lowen, $100.

PLOT 6, Map 1,338 of property of Fort Washington and Buena Vista Syndicates; Fort Washington Syndicate to 180th St Co., $100.

PROSPECT AV, e s, 70 ft s of 187th St, 50x 93; Charles Greite to Joseph Corbett, (mtg $3,000,) $100.

PROSPECT AV, n w corner of Beck or 151st St, 25x100; Ida Kraus to Kraus Realty Co., $100.

RIDGE ST, 150, e s, 25x100; Lena Kramer to Joseph Steier, $1.

ST. PETER'S AV, n s, 100 ft w of Maclay Av, 25x98.7x25x98.10; Maclay Avenue Realty Co. to Thomas J. Battle, $5,860.

TIEBOUT AV, w s, 298.6 ft s of 184th St, 50x115; Charles Bjorkegren to George E. Buckbee, (mtg $3,700,) $100.

WEST END AV, s s, 25.5 ft n of 95th St, 25.2x51x25x54.2; Morris H. Smith to Mary A. Synge and others, all title, $1,000.

WOODRUFF AV, or 176th St, s e corner of Waterloo Place, 65x100; James E. Dougherty to Cornelia B. McCormack, (mtg $4,500,) $100.

1ST AV, 77, 24x100; Helen Trifeld to Celia Frank, $1.

3D ST, 20 West, s s, 40x75; Farmers' Loan and Trust Co. to Benjamin Rosenstiel, $70,000.

13TH ST, n s, s ½ of Lot 362, map of Unionport, 100x109; James Quinn to John Cook, (mtg $3,000,) $100.

18TH ST, n s, 455 ft e of 5th Av, 23x114, Yakefield; Mary Russhon to Reginalda Maragiino and another, (mtg $3,000,) $1.

26TH ST, n s, 472.2 ft w of 9th Av, 27.3x98.9; Henry Nichols to Bertha Pasternack, (mtg $15,000,) $100.

29TH ST, 154 West; Reginald H. Sayre and another to Realty Holding Co., (mtg $25,000,) $100.

29TH ST, 42 East, s s, 20.10x98.9; Mary H. Nammack to Charles E. Nammack, $1.

29TH ST, 44 East, s s, 20.10x98.9; Mary H. Nammack to Charles E. Nammack, (mtg $16,000,) $1.

37TH ST, 323 West, n s, 24.9x98.9; Elizabeth A. Hartog to Emma M. Wray of Morristown, N. J., (mtg $18,000,) $1.

52D ST, 10 West, 20x100.5; James D. Miller to Mona H. S Miller, (mtg $25,000,) $1.

77TH ST, s s, 372.6 ft e of Columbus Av, 18.4x102.2; Isabella P. Kelly to Lydia C. Maxwell, (mtg $26,500,) $1.

82D ST, 128 West, 20x102.2; Frank K. Johnson to Anna K. Daniel, $1.

100TH ST, n s, 212.6 ft w of 1st Av, 37.6x 100.11; Julius Weinberg to Aaron Liberman, $100.

114TH ST, n s, 200 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 100x100.11; Margaret L. Zborowski to Phillips-Jullien Realty Co., $100.

126TH ST, n s, 271.6 ft e of 3d Av, 33.6x99.11; Max R. Hyman to Isaac Weiss, quitclaim, $100.

228TH ST, n s, Lot 1,032, map of Wakefield, 100x114; Charles Borchert to John O'Brien, $1.

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest is at 5% unless otherwise specified.

BARLEY, Charles C., to William W. K. Olcott and another, Trustees; 14th St, 243 West, 1 year, 4½% $15,750

BATTLE, Thomas J., to Maclay Avenue Realty Co.; St. Peter's Av, n s, 100 ft w of Maclay Av, 25x98.7, due, &c, as per bond.. $3,516

BERNSTEIN, Rachel, and others to Isaac Shiman; Orchard St, 137, due Jan. 1, 1914.. $22,000

BURNS, Edward H., to Empire City Savings Bank; Brook Av, 998, 3 years, 5½%.. $20,000

CANDEE, Helen C., to Rutherfurd Realty Co.; Courtlandt Av, e s, 26 ft s of 160th St, 23.11x92, 5 years, ... $13,000

CURLEY, William J., to Maclay Avenue Realty Co.; Maclay Av, e s, 114 ft s of Overing St, 25x128.9, due, &c, as per bond..... $3,426

DAKOTA REALTY CO. to Louis V. O'Donohue and others; Hamilton Place, s e s, 418.8 ft s w of 138th St, —x—, 5 years..... $40,000

DE CANIV, Felix, to Fred Bach; Lot 68, map of 120 lots of Darly estate, prior mtg $5,500, 1 year, 6% $1,000

FEDER, Morris, to Hebrew Orphan Asylum of the City of New York; 125th St, 510 West, 5 years $18,500

FLEISCHHAUER, Julius, to Edward S. Clark and another, trustees; 94th St, 6 East, due, &c, as per bond..... $40,000

GOLDEN, James F., to Maclay Avenue Realty Co.; Maclay Av, e s, 200 ft n of St. Peter's Av, 25x128.5, due, &c, as per bond..... $2,925

GRACONCOURSE CO. to American Savings Bank; Graad Boulevard, w s, 139.11 ft s of 189th St, 50x —, 3 years, 5½%..... $9,500

INDIA WHARF BREWING CO. to William F. Armstrong; Sheriff St, 88, 3 years, 5½%.. $26,000

JOHN MARX CONSTRUCTION CO. to Sophie Kuepper; Lots 251 to 253, map of 300 lots controlled by Henry Morgenthau, due, &c, as per bond..... $6,000

JOHN MARX CONSTRUCTION Co. to Sophie Kuepper; Lots 251 to 253, map of 300 lots controlled by Henry Morgenthau, due, &c, as per bond..... $3,500

JOHNSON, Lena, to Metropolitan Savings Bank; Bathgate Av, 1,774, 5 years, 5½%... $5,000

KRAUS REALTY CO. to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; Prospect Av, n w corner of 151st St, 25x100, 1 year, 6%..... $27,000

RROOG, John, to Marie A. Trageser; 172d St, n e corner of Hoe Av, 75x25, 3 years, 5½% $10,000

KUHN, Emil, and another to Maclay Avenue Realty Co.; Maclay Av, e s, 139 ft s of Overing St, 25x128.5, due, &c, as per bond.. $3,495

LAMMARDO, Angelina, and another to Mary Russhon; 18th St, s s, 455 ft e of 5th Av, 25x114, Wakefield, prior mtg $3,000, 3 years, 6% $300

LOHMANN, Bernhard, to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; 10th Av, w s, 49.5 ft s of 35th St, 24.8x100, 5 years, 4½%..... $18,500

LOWEN, Charles, to Fort Washington Syndicate; Plot 5, Map 1,338 of 55 plots of land of Fort Washington and Buena Vista Syndicates, 3 years, 5½%..... $16,500

MARTIN, James E., to Generals Synod of the Reformed Church in America; Courtlandt Av, 794, 5 years..... $9,000

MAXWELL, Lydia, to Isabella F. Kelly; 77th St, s s, 372.6 ft e of Columbus Av, 18.4x102.2, due, &c, as per bond..... $26,500

McNULTY, Richard J., to Maclay Avenue Realty Co.; Maclay Av, n w corner of Montgomery Place, 25x100, due, &c, as per bond $4,230

MICHAELS, Mayme, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 8th Av, 944, due, &c., as per bond $40,000

NURNBERGER, Bernhard, to John W. Kreutziger; Lots 24 and 25, amended map of Clason's Point, due, &c., as per bond.... $600

O'BRIEN, John, to Charles Borchert; 14th Av, n s, Lot 1,032, map of Wakefield, 3 years, 6½% $3,000

PFEIFFER, Joseph, to Dry Dock Savings Bank; Avenue C, n w corner of 13th St, 5 years, 4½%..... $1,000

PHILLIPS-JULLIEN REALTY CO. to Metropolitan Life Insurance Co.; 114th St, n s, 200 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 100x100.11, due Oct. 1, 1914, 6% $135,000

PIERING, Oswald, to John W. Kreutziger; Lots 22 and 23, amended map of Clason's Point, due, &c., as per bond..... $600

POLSENSKI, Joseph, to Teachers' Co-Operative Building and Loan Association; Boston Av, s e s, 442 ft n e of Perot St, 24.6x72.5, installments $960

REALTY HOLDING CO. to Reginald H. Sayre and another; 29th St, 154 West, due, &c, as per bond..... $18,000

ROSENSTIEL, Benjamin, to Farmers' Loan and Trust Co.; 3d St, 20 West, due June 1, 1912 ..... $55,000

SCHULTHEIS, Laura, to Charles H. Faller; Ryer Av, 2,050, due, &c., as per bond..$3,500

SHEEHAN, John M., to William J. Fitzgerald; 58th St, 404 East, prior mtg $7,000, 3 years, ... $3,000

STERN, Anna, to Montague Aaron; 61st St, n s, 266.8 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 16.8x100.5, due, &c. as per bond..... $1,500

TURNEY, Cathleen, to Sound Realty Co.; Plot 40, Map 1,338 of 55 plots of land of Fort Washington and Buena Vista Syndicates, 3 years, 4½%..... $23,250

TURNEY, Cathleen, to Sound Realty Co.; Plot 44, May 1,338 of 55 plots of land of Fort Washington and Buena Vista Syndicates, 3 years, 5½%..... $23,500

WILD REALTY CO. to Jacob Wertheim; 74th St, s s, 300 ft e of 2d Av, 25x102.2, due Aug. 1, 1912, 6% $15,000

WRAY, Emma M., to Elizabeth A. Hartog; 37th St, 323 West, prior mtg $180,000, 1 year, 6½% $10,000

ZINN, John, to Julius Heiderman; Leland Av, 1,372, 3 years, 6%..... $3,200

ZORN, Katie, to John Buesing, Jr., and another; Stebbins Av, e s, 408.9 ft n of Freeman St, 25x73.5, due July 1, 1912, 5½%... $4,500

ZORN, Katie, to Smith Williamson; Stebbins Av, e s, 408.9 ft n of Freeman St, 25x73.5, prior mtg $4,500, due July 1, 1912, 6%....$500

180TH STREET CO. to Fort Washington Syndicate; Plot 6, Map 1,338 of 55 plots of land of Fort Washington and Buena Vista Syndicates, 3 years, 4½%..... $23,250

Mechanics' Liens.

WEBSTER AV, 157; George Schweppenhauser against David-Lewis Realty Co., owner and contractor, $375.

WEBSTER AV, e s, 134.4 ft n of 173d St, 75x 155.11x75x157.2; Ernst E. W. Schneider against same, $1,050.

ANTHONY AV, n w corner of 174th St, 59.6x 117.1x83.11x135.7; Joseph Mallardi & Co. against Ekwanok Realty Co., owner and contractor, $1,800.

23D ST, 210 East; David Schumer against Samuel Riegler, owner; William and Sam Rabinowitz, contractors, $130.

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

KELLY ST, e s, 125 ft n of Longwood Av; A B C Equipment Co. against Jacob Littner and others, May 17, 1909, $87.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, n e corner of 127th St; Harlem Plumbers and Tinsmiths' Supply Co. against Riverside Viaduct Realty Co. and others, May 15, 1909, $350.

65TH ST, 48 and 50 West; Frederick J. Stroh and others against Mary A. Willis and others, Jan. 27, 1909, $211.

BARNES AV, w s, 39 ft n of 226th St; G. B. Raymond & Co. against Frank P. Gilberty and others April 9, 1909, $428.

CRESTON AV, 2,736 to 2,740; Luigi Castaldo against William Guggolz and others, Oct. 20, 1908, $424.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 660; William A. Soles against Hawthorne Building Co. and others, Dec. 21, 1909, $170.

IRVINGTON ST, 182; Morris Rosenfeld against John Beer and others, Oct. 16, 1908, vacated, $110.

130TH ST, St. Nicholas Terrace, 129th St and Convent Av, block; Laflin & Rand Powder Co. against Central Building Improvement and Investment Co. and others, canceled, Sept. 22, 1906, $707.

63D ST, 105 East; Francis Eckmayer against Emma Lyman and others, April 8, 1908, $1,235.

Lis Pendens.

CLINTON ST, e s, 175.9 ft n of Delancey St, 25x100; Anna M. Grossman and others against John Kroder and others, (injunction, &c.;) attorney, L. S. Goebel.

WILLETT ST, 71; William C. Horowitz against Josef Feierstein and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, C. Newman.

57TH ST, n s, 25 ft e of 10th Av, 30x100.5; Emanuel E. Fox against Charles J. Tagliabue, (action to declare lien;) attorney, F. B. Chedsey.

104TH ST, 402 East; Rosa Strauss against Gustave Gleckstern and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, S. D. Levy.

112TH ST, 241 West; William H. Lewis against Fannie A. Lewis, (action to declare trust;) attorney, L. Schafran.

147TH ST, 536 East; Ignaz Reich and others against Samuel E. Fox and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Amend & Amend.

OLMSTEAD AV, e s, 58 ft s of Ellis Av, 25x 105; Charles H. Baechler against William B. Potter and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. S. Ogden.

HUGHES AV, n e corner of 179th St, 66.5x 96x irregular; Belmont Av, n w corner of 179th St, 81.7x1.7x irregular; Belmont Bond and Mortgage Company against Vinsento Latorre and others, (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. Rosenzweig.

167TH ST, 616 East; John H. McLain against Bernat Springer and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, P. E. M. Bullowa.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

DECORATION DAY
(MONDAY, MAY 31ST)
J. A. KARET, Auctioneer,
will sell at public auction,
90 CHOICE LOTS
at one P. M., rain or shine, on the property,
BOGOTA, N. J.
For particulars and free R. R. tickets see
J. A. KARET, Auctioneer,
185 Main St., Hackensack, N. J.
Larch Av. and Trolley, Bogota, N. J.
253 Washington St., City. (Tel. 6949 Cort.)

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

Attention! Owners of Bronx Property! Do you want to sell? We have the buyers. Send full details of property for sale. **We obtain results.** O'HARA BROS., 200th St. and Webster Av.

Good Investment, West 80's, five-story double; very good condition; $38,000; mortgage, $31,000; rents, $3,936. Investment, 178 Times, Times Square.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

Will exchange two private houses, west side, near Broadway, for flat, tenement, apartment; will add cash. Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

SAFETY
and income best combined in the
4% or 4½%
Tax Exempt
Guaranteed Mortgages
On New York City Real Estate
LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO.
Capital & Surplus, $4,500,000
59 Liberty St., New York.
188 Montague St., Brooklyn.

The TITLE INSURANCE Company of New York
135 Broadway,
insures titles to real estate and lends money on bond and mortgage.

J. ROMAINE BROWN & CO
Managers of Estates
Brokers, Appraisers,
58 WEST 33D ST., NEAR BROADWAY.
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of cellars, shafts, lofts, factories done thoroughly and reasonably. F. J. Fleck & Co., 407 West 18th St. Tel. 99 Chelsea.

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$1,000 now, $1,000 in 60 days; balance same as your rent, buys new two-family detached stone house, 50x100; 16 large rooms, four bathrooms; rental from upper apartment pays your expenses; separate entrances; parquet floors throughout; mission, electric fixtures, hardwood trim; restricted residence section, opposite New York University; office on premises. Builder, 79 West 181st St.

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12 EAST 54TH ST.
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E. JONES,
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Broadway, N. W. Cor. Reade St.
66.6x124, for sale; one of the most desirable corners downtown. Apply to WM. C. WALKER'S SONS, 299 Broadway.

Desirable piece of property on Canal St., east side; key to corner; reasonable price to bona fide purchaser. P 200 Times, Times Square.

Five-story loft, 25.6x100, Pearl St., near Broadway; will trade. Owner, 79

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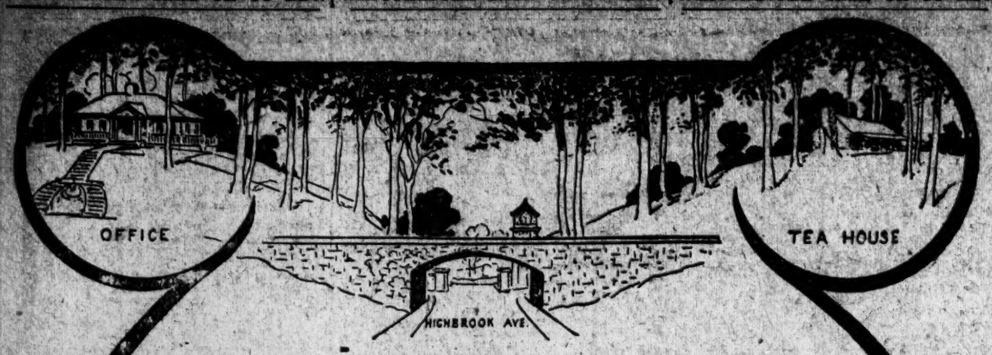

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ARISTOCRATIC - ACCESSIBLE - ATTRACTIVE

A strictly high class property on the main line of the New Haven Road sold on the easy payment plan. Only 33 minutes from Grand Central.

Don't imagine that accepting easy payments means easy acceptance of any purchaser. The standard of desirability is established and will be maintained.

Extensive improvements are now being completed at our expense. Water, gas, electric light, macadam drives, cement walks, stone gutters—in fact every city convenience will be found at Pelhamwood.

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$10 down secures any lot.

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Balance 1% Monthly.

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CRESTWOOD HEIGHTS is the product of all that SKILL, MONEY and the ENGINEER'S ART can accomplish.

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During "HOMESEEKER'S WEEK" A SPECIAL DISCOUNT OF 10% WILL BE ALLOWED CASH PURCHASERS.

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Plot 60x100. Price	$1800	TOTAL DISCOUNT,	$342
10% CASH DISCOUNT,	180	VALUE STONE, SAND AND GRAVEL,	400
	$1620		
10% BUILDER'S DISCOUNT,	162		
NET,	$1458	TOTAL AMOUNT SAVED,	$742

—OR—

THOSE WISHING TO SECURE A HOME-SITE—but do not care to build this season—may pay a deposit of ten per cent. and a few dollars each month—with no interest charges upon unpaid balances.

For those who prefer a "ready made home" we have a ten-room "gem," hardwood trim throughout, hot water heated; old-fashioned fireplace in dining-room; fine large veranda; southern exposure. $1500 Cash, balance on easy payment mortgage.

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THIRTY MINUTES FROM NEW YORK

on the attractive North Shore of Long Island, near the Sound, there is a magnificent estate, covered with fine trees, carefully divided into ideal home sites, with winding roads and rustic appearance carefully preserved. The ideal property for the New York business man, as

PLOTS OF ONE-HALF ACRE

and larger offer real comfort and plenty of room for house, garden and pony for children. Bathing and fishing are excellent, as Manhasset Bay, now being extensively improved by the municipality, is only 5 minutes distant.

Particulars from
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AMONG THE PINES,
CENTRAL ISLIP.
HERE IS YOUR CHANCE.

LOTS $30

3,200 SQUARE FEET.

Terms, $3.00 down, $1.00 monthly; high, dry, and level land for less than one cent per square foot. Call, write, or telephone.

CARROLLTON REALTY CO.,
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HOW IS THIS?

8½ acres, mile from N. Y. City line, in best section Long Island, for rapid-rising values; R. R. and train service at each end of property; must make quick sale. For personal interview at your office or residence write to
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Several acres of land, with large, new Manor house, North Shore, Long Island; convenient to New York; superb bathing beach; half mile from express station; restricted; beautiful surrounding country. A. E. T., P. O. Box 1237, N. Y. City.

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Delightful villa plots at Great Neck Villa, L. I. SHIELDS, 1 Wall St.

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For Sale.—Three lots, East Rockaway, L. I.; great bargain; in built up section, adjoining water; very desirable. Denver, Box 205 Times.

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"COAL LANDS FOR SALE.

Eleven hundred and fifty acres bituminous coal lands, vein four to seven feet thick, estimate over four million tons, located about thirty miles from Chattanooga, Tenn., with railroad facilities, low freight rates. Dirt cheap at one hundred dollars per acre; will accept improved real estate in part payment. Closest investigation invited. Address Y. H. K., 97½ Peachtree St., Atlanta, Ga."

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Bronx.

For Rent—Three-story two-family brick dwelling, 323 East 102d St.; excellent location, very low rent; upper part may be subrented; unusual chance. William E. Diller, owner, 101 West 66th St.

UNFURNISHED HOUSES WANTED.

On line of Broadway Subway; rent, $50; may purchase. S. M. Evans, 864 8th Av.

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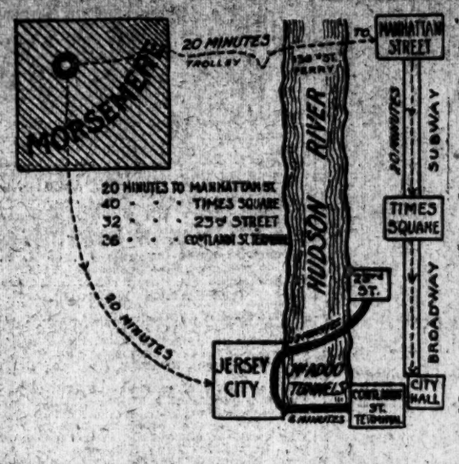

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200 Lots, No More

Opening New Addition to

MORSEMERE

Prices $390. TO $475.

Terms $10 Cash $5 Per Month

At 5.30 P. M. Any Lots Unsold Advance $100 Each

Lots **now** have Cement Walks, Curbs, Gutters, Streets, Water, Gas, Electric Light, Churches, R. R. station on property and good Schools near.

Building Loan guaranteed each purchaser building within One Year

McAdoo Tunnel Opening July 1st and New Hudson Bridge Insures

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Several attractive houses ready at Special Prices on Sale Day.

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½ Acres, $190. Acres, $380.

$5 DOWN $2.50 A MONTH

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DIRECT CONNECTION VIA HUDSON RIVER TUNNELS JULY 1.

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FREE TITLE INSURANCE POLICY FROM NEW JERSEY TITLE & ABSTRACT CO.

SPECIAL TRAIN NEXT SUNDAY AFTERNOON RAIN OR SHINE.

Representatives will take parties to property any day by appointment.

FREE Railroad tickets and booklet upon application. Call, write, or 'phone at once.

WM. B. McLAIN REALTY CO.

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HOMES

At Leonia, N. J.

15 minutes from 180th St. Ferry.

NEAT, ARTISTIC, modern in every detail; on large plots, with shade and lawns; $500 down, with monthly payments like rent; every city convenience, with the environments and pleasures of the country.

Just a few Building Plots left; $30 DOWN AND SMALL amount each month makes you the owner of A SURE MONEY MAKER. New Hudson Bridge will double values. Write or call for particulars. LEONIA HEIGHTS LAND CO., Marbridge Building, Broadway and 34th St. 'Phone, 380—38tn.

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A different kind, for N. Y. business men. 45 minutes from uptown. Houses (a few more now ready) built on big plots from model plans for people who know. Right neighbors; healthful and beautiful outdoors. Golf, Tennis, &c. Prices, $5,300 to $9,500. Rent money buys. Ask to know. THE FRANKLIN SOCIETY, NO. 1 BECKMAN STREET, N. Y. C. 'Phone 3190 Cortlandt.

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Six, eight, and ten room houses; new; all improvements; on Clifton Av.; on tract known as Thompson Hill; near station, D., L. & W. R. R.; easy terms. R. F. Pratt, Mgr., on property.

HIGH, HEALTHFUL CHATHAM, N. J.

Adjoining and same altitude as Summit. N. J. Lots, Plots, Acreage, and Suburban Homes; Low prices; Good Terms; near Station; Lackawanna Road; Hour Out; 65 Trains Daily. See or Write BROKAW, 100 Broadway, or Chatham, N. J.

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APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

Bronx.

Matteawan, N. Y.—First-class house to rent for Summer; 8 rooms and bath; furnished; gas; 3 minutes from Mount Beacon incline railway, 10 minutes from Hudson River and Newburg Bay; the centre of Hudson-Fulton celebrations; superb locality; spacious grounds, with barn. Mrs. M. J. Ormsbee.

To Let for Summer—Ideal suburban home, ten rooms, all conveniences; open fireplaces, shade, garden, garage; trolley; overlooking city and Sound. No agents. Chas. W. Deane, Bridgeport, Conn.

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Beautifully environed, completely furnished; 2,500 feet elevation, and accessible. Apply F. Smith, 44 Court St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

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Desirable rooms and suites.
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$600 and up.

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ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS

Beautifully decorated and furnished. Plenty of Shade Trees. Tennis Courts, Pony Track, and Playgrounds. Kept in perfect condition at Park's expense. Free transportation to and from station. For particulars address

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68 Nassau St., N. Y.
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If you contemplate buying, renting, or building a home in the country consult with

W. J. REED

SCARSDALE, N. Y. Telephone 77.
7 E. 42d St., New York. Tel. 5184—38th St.

River View Manor, at Hastings-on-Hudson, is symbolic of a home place without an equal, and has a gorgeous outlook, an ideal environment, every city convenience and public utility, and, above all, a fine colony of people; prices the lowest in "Near New York," everything considered. H. H. Co., 47 West 42d St.

Anywhere in Yonkers, real estate. J. P. Whelan, South Broadway, corner McLean Av.

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At Mount Vernon.—Eleven-room modern brick house, restricted section; two bathrooms; hardwood trim; servants' stairs; gas, electricity; furnace heat; all improvements in house and street; worth $7,000; will sell for $6,000; only $1,000 cash. Neason Jones, Argus Building, Mount Vernon.

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New Rochelle.—Eight-room house; gas, electricity; lot 50x100; high elevation; convenient; $6,000 or $35 per month. Downey, 232 Huguenot.

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A safe investment; finest two-family dwellings in best residential section of Yonkers; refined and beautiful homes that will satisfy the most exacting demands. Write for booklet. Gerbereux Co., 507 5th Av., New York, or 869 South Broadway, Yonkers.

High-class, new residences, one 10 rooms, one 12 rooms; beautiful and extensive view of Hudson, North Yonkers; might exchange for city or vacant property. Teesedale, 2,291 Broadway.

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Country Hotel.—Country seat for sale, near New York City, on an important automobile route and commanding an extensive view of Hudson River; shade trees; excellent neighborhood; suitable only for first-class hotel and restaurant. Archibald C. Foss, 39 East 42d St.

ARE YOU LOOKING FOR A HOME?

We can save you time and money. Desirable tract, villa plots, and lots. Water-front, Bungalow Sites, $40 to $400.

HOUSE, SIX ROOMS AND BATH, $2,500. House, 8 rooms and bath, parquet floors, steam heat, sewer, and all improvements, $4,000; large plots. Small amount cash, balance on easy payment. Located in beautiful Cranford, near station; commutation 10c. For free tickets apply

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140 Liberty St., Room 503.

BUILD A HOME IN THE COUNTRY

In an ideal spot, among lovely surroundings and grand views, heights of Chatham, N. J. Less than one hour from New York, on Morris & Essex R. R. An attractive and inviting suburb, possessing all advantages, churches, schools, clubhouse, pure water supply, electric light, telephone. High altitude. Healthy, restricted, easy housekeeping markets. For booklet and information address ESTATE WM. A. MARTIN, 114 Liberty St., N. Y. City.

AT SEABRIGHT

For sale, facing ocean, 100 feet on beach; water rights; fine house, 18 rooms; hardwood finish; fully furnished; two baths, electricity, furnace, telephone; five minutes from station; owner going West; $12,500; worth double. G. F. Hopkins, 1,260 Broadway, New York.

BARGAIN.—EDGEWATER, N. J.—BARGAIN. Just across the Hudson from 125th St., Manhattan; $1,500 cash buys new two-family solid concrete house; large lot, all improvements; upper floor now rented for $20 per month. C. W. Brown, Jr., 13 Lawrence St., N. Y.

Farm and country home, 6 acres, delightfully situated, magnificent view; convenient; house, 10 rooms, bath; every variety fruit; beautiful shade trees, barn, chicken house; moderate price. Quackenbush, Ridgewood.

$300 buys beautiful plot, 62x170; high elevation, (700 feet;) beautiful views; 1 hour out; all improvements; suitable for bungalow; 6 minutes from station. Owner, P. O. Box 822 New York.

BAYONNE.—You may buy a new 6-room cottage, every improvement, near station, on easy terms. Particulars, H. W. Winter, 48th St.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

Bronx.

Does Accessibility Appeal to You?

Wouldn't you like to live where you can get to and from your home *quickly* and *easily*? Where you can live *in* the city, yet have as much fresh air and sunshine as though you lived in the country? Where you can have plenty of time to eat your breakfast in the morning and get home early at night for dinner? Where you can quickly get to the shopping, office and theatre districts? Where you can get home at almost any minute of the day or night? Then go right now and take the Lenox Avenue Express to Simpson Street Subway Station—

10 minutes from 125th Street Shops and Theatres.
30 minutes from Downtown Shopping and Theatre Districts.
35 minutes from Downtown Office District.

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AT SIMPSON STREET SUBWAY STATION

4, 5, and 6 large, light rooms and bath; hot water at all times; electric lights; artistic decorations; double floors; clean, inviting halls; janitor service. Also a private park (A-RE-CO Park) with tennis courts, benches, shade trees, playgrounds, swings, &c., where the children can play free from the dangers of speeding automobiles.

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Elegantly finished, modern, up-to-date improvements. Large, handsomely decorated dining room.

948-50-52 TRINITY AV.

Just east of 161st St. 3d Av. "L" station.
RENTS $25 UP.
Janitor on Premises.

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LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT OF NEW YORK, COUNTY of Albany.—THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, Plaintiffs, vs. THE METROPOLITAN SURETY COMPANY, Defendant.

NOTICE IS HEREBY given that the above-named METROPOLITAN SURETY COMPANY has, by a decree of this Court entered in the above-entitled action in the office of the Clerk of the County of Albany, been dissolved, and that I have been appointed by said decree by the said Supreme Court of the State of New York the permanent receiver of all the property, assets and effects of the said defendant corporation for the benefit of the creditors of said corporation and of the stockholders thereof, and that I have duly qualified as such receiver; and I do require:

FIRST—All the persons indebeted to said corporation to render an account to me at my office, No. 100 William Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, by the 12th day of June, 1909, of all debts and sums of money owing by them, respectively, and to pay the same to me.

SECOND—All persons having in their possession any property or effects of such corporation to deliver the same to me at the place aforesaid by the said 12th day of June, 1909.

THIRD—All the creditors of said corporation to deliver to me their respective accounts and demands, duly proven by affidivit in the usual form, at the place aforesaid by the 17th day of July, 1909.

FOURTH—Any person holding an open or subsisting contract of said corporation to present the same, in writing and in detail, to me at the place aforesaid by the 12th day of June, 1909.—Dated New York, May 17, 1909.

JOHN F. YAWGER, Permanent Receiver.
100 William Street, New York City.
EDWARD R. FINCH, Attorney for Receiver.
Office and Post Office address: 32 Nassau St., Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

The very best farm in the State for $10,000. Full information. J. S. Drake, 42 Broadway.

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Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

The Strathmore,

Riverside Drive, Cor. 113th St.

10 ROOMS AND 3 BATHS,
12 ROOMS AND 4 BATHS,
$2,500-$3,500

Positively the finest Apartments north of 79th St. AT PRICES ABOUT 50% LESS. Private house rooms, closets and beauty of finish, with the superior conveniences of an exceptionally well planned apartment, with particular attention paid to privacy.

Occupancy about June 1
Leases from October 1

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COBURG APARTMENTS

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Apartments of 6 and 7 rooms, electric elevator and lights, steam heat, hot water, telephone service; rents $60-$80.

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Apply Superintendent, on premises, or

POST & REESE, Agents
16 EAST 60TH ST.

"BERKELEY ARMS,"

326 to 332 West 95th St.

OVERLOOKING RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
RENTING FROM OCTOBER 1ST.

Handsome up-to-date apartments; beautiful view of Hudson River; telephone in each apartment; Subway express station; five, six, seven rooms; rents $45 to $75. Telephone 4174—River

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107th St., 68 West.—Under new management; newly renovated; choice 4 and 5 large, light, attractive rooms; exposed plumbing; tiled bathrooms; all improvements; elevator, telephone service. Chas. S. Kohler, Agt., 906 Columbus Av.

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Eight unusually large rooms, unequaled at price; good neighborhood, near 8th Av. "L"; convenient. 245 West 125th St.

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456 WEST 25TH ST. Six large, light rooms in private house; rent reasonable. Janitor or Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

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98TH, 53 West.—Six light rooms, bath, and hot water; $22.

63 W. 91st St.—Seven rooms and bath; modern improvements; fine location; big inducements.

80th St., 167 West.—Seven large, light rooms; bath; modern, newly renovated; $45.

East Side.

122D ST., 72 EAST.—Single flat, 8 large rooms, bath; steam heated, hot water; sunshine in every room, renovated throughout; rent $50.

DOCTOR'S SUITE, $1,200, private house, 52d St., Madison, Fifth; furnished, unfurnished. Exclusive, Box 60 Times, Times Square.

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WHY NOT LIVE IN

BEAUTIFUL MOUNT VERNON

where you can get a high-class apartment of 8 large and airy rooms, pantry, bath, and 2 toilets, steam heat and hot water supply, gas and electric lights, for less than half the rent you pay in city? Best residential section. One block from New Haven Depot. Special inducements. Inquire of owners, Freitag & Maier, 52 East 59th St., N. Y. City.

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First-class flats, 5 and 6 rooms, bath, light, all improvements; best section; $20 upward. Janitor, 528 Clinton Av., West Hoboken.

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TYPEWRITERS New, rebuilt, $15 up; special cash discount; year's guarantee; rent $5 for three months. Send for catalog. The Typewriter Exchange, 1½ Barclay St. Tel. Barclay 3018.

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Highest grade of workmanship; lowest price. Save money by getting our price before you buy. David Kramer, 43 Broad St. 'Phone connec'n.

For Sale.—One Edison Commercial System Phonograph, with wax cylinders, complete, ready to operate. Address A. S., Box 50 Times, Times Square, City.

TYPEWRITERS sold, repaired, rented, $2 up. CENTRAL TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE, 203 Broadway. Phone 3979 Cort.

Desks, partition, telephone booths, tables, chairs, wardrobes, mirror, wall fixtures, business furniture all kinds. Finn Bros., 358 B'way.

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When you come to New York City stop at the

HOTEL ROLAND

Handy to everything. Street cars to everywhere.
MODERN HOTEL.

NICE ROOMS WITH BATH FOR PER DAY $1.00 $1.50 $2.50

59th St., Madison and Park Avs. Block from Plaza entrance to Park.
ROLAND D. JONES, Prop.

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WEST 32D STREET,
Between 5th Ave. & Broadway.

Exclusive surroundings, with complete service in all details. Attractive Suites and superior accommodations for transients. Spacious Apartments, one room and bath to eight rooms and four baths. Furnished or unfurnished on lease.

D. P. NATHAWAY, Manager.

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COMMONWEALTH AVENUE

Distinguished for its clientage, appointments and location. Equally attractive to permanent and transient guests. Perfect quiet. EXCELLENT GARAGE NEAR BY.

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Summer Hotel, White Mountains.
NEW PROFILE HOUSE & COTTAGES.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—JACOB BUSCH, Plaintiff, against SIMON KREIBLSHEIMER et al., Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 4th day of May, 1909, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey St., in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 28th day of May, 1909, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Bronx, City of New York, bounded and described as follows:

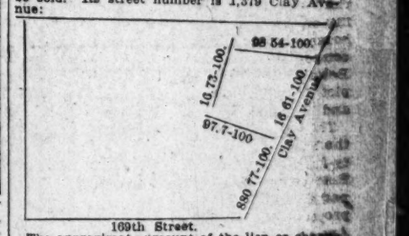
Beginning at a point on the northwesterly side of Clay Avenue, distant eight hundred and eighty (880) and seventy-seven hundredths (77-100) feet northeasterly along the same from the corner formed by the intersection of the northwesterly side of Clay Avenue and the northeasterly side of East One Hundred and Sixty-ninth Street; running thence northwesterly at right angles to the said northwesterly side of Clay Avenue and for part of the distance through a party wall, ninety-seven and seven one-hundredths (97.07) feet; running thence northeasterly on a line making an angle with the last mentioned course on its northerly face of ninety-five (95) degrees one (1) minute, and nineteen (19) seconds, sixteen and seventy-three one-hundredths (16.73) feet; running thence easterly parallel with the first course and part of the distance through a party wall, ninety-eight and fifty-four-hundredths (98.54) feet, to the said northwesterly side of Clay Avenue; and thence southerly along the said northwesterly side of Clay Avenue, sixteen and sixty-one-hundredths (16.61) feet to the point or place of beginning. Said premises being now known by the street number 1,379 Clay Avenue.

Dated, New York, May 4th, 1909.

JACOB STIEFEL, Referee.

FELTENSTEIN & ROSENSTEIN, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 309 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold. Its street number is 1,379 Clay Avenue:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is one thousand one hundred and seven and 9-100 ($1,107.09) dollars, with interest thereon from the 3d day of May, 1909, together with costs and allowance amounting to one hundred and forty-two and 50-100 ($142.50) dollars, with interest from May 3d, 1909, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is one hundred and 77-100 ($100.77) dollars and interest, subject to a prior first mortgage of $5,300 and accrued interest.

Dated New York, May 4th, 1909.

JACOB STIEFEL, Referee.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—JACOB BUSCH, Plaintiff, against ISAAC BROWN et al., Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 4th day of May, 1909, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey St., in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 28th day of May, 1909, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Bronx, City of New York, bounded and described as follows:

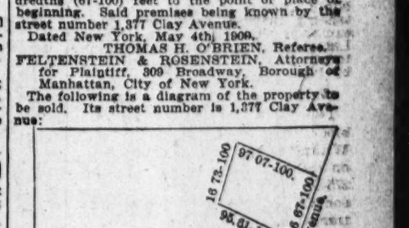
Beginning at a point on the northwesterly side of Clay Avenue, distant eight hundred and sixty-four (864) and ten hundredths (10-100) of a foot, northeasterly along the same from the corner formed by the intersection of the northwesterly side of Clay Avenue and the northeasterly side of East One Hundred and Sixty-ninth Street; running thence northwesterly at right angles to the said northwesterly side of Clay Avenue, ninety-five (95) feet and sixty-one hundredths (61-100) of a foot; running thence northerly on a line making an angle with the last course of ninety-five (95) degrees one (1) minute nineteen (19) seconds, sixteen and seventy-three one-hundredths (73-100) feet; running thence easterly parallel with the first course and for part of the distance through a party wall, ninety-seven (97) and seven one-hundredths (07-100) feet to the northwesterly side of Clay Avenue; running thence southerly along the said northwesterly side of Clay Avenue, sixteen (16) and sixty-seven hundredths (67-100) feet to the point or place of beginning. Said premises being known by the street number 1,377 Clay Avenue.

Dated New York, May 4th, 1909.

THOMAS H. O'BRIEN, Referee.

FELTENSTEIN & ROSENSTEIN, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 309 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold. Its street number is 1,377 Clay Avenue:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is one thousand one hundred and seven and 00-100 ($1,107.00) dollars, with interest thereon from the 3d day of May, 1909, together with costs and allowance amounting to one hundred and forty-two and 50-100 ($142.50) dollars, with interest from May 3d, 1909, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is one hundred and 77-100 ($100.77) dollars and interest; also subject to a prior mortgage of $5,500 and accrued interest.

Dated New York, May 4th, 1909.

THOMAS H. O'BRIEN, Referee.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—LOUISE M. V. H. HERNANDEZ, Plaintiff, against WILLIAM H. SMITH et al., Defendants.

In pursuance of an interlocutory judgment for the partition and sale of real property duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 3d day of May, 1909, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 10th day of June, 1909, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows: All those two certain lots, tracts or parcels of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, bounded and described as follows: All that certain lot of land, with the buildings erected thereon, situate in the City of New York, bounded and described as follows: Commencing at a point on the southerly side of 25th Street, distant 204 feet 2 inches westerly from the southwesterly corner of Lexington Avenue and 25th Street; running thence southerly and partly through the centre of a party wall 98 feet 9 inches to the centre line of the block; thence westerly along the centre line of the block 20 feet 10 inches; thence northerly and parallel with Lexington Avenue 98 feet 9 inches to the southerly side of 25th Street; thence easterly along the southerly side of 25th Street 20 feet 10 inches to the point or place of beginning, and known as No. 114 East 25th Street.

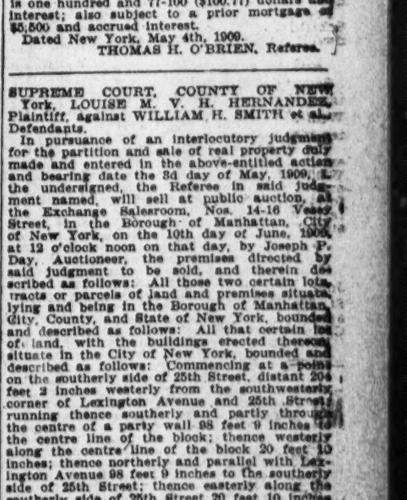
Also all that other lot of land with the buildings thereon next adjoining the foregoing, bounded and described as follows: Commencing at a point on the southerly side of said 25th Street distant 183 feet 4 inches westerly from the southwesterly corner of Lexington Avenue and said 25th Street; running thence southerly and parallel with Lexington Avenue 98 feet 9 inches to the centre line of the block between 24th and 25th Streets; thence westerly along the centre line of the block 20 feet 10 inches; thence northerly and again parallel with Lexington Avenue 98 feet 9 inches to the southerly side of 25th Street; and thence easterly along the said southerly side of 25th Street 20 feet 10 inches to the point or place of beginning, and known as No. 116 East 25th Street. Which said premises lie in Section 3, block 880, on the land map of the City of New York.

Dated New York, May 10th, 1909.

FRANCIS A. WINSLOW, Referee.

WILLIAM H. OSBORNE, 20 Nassau St., N. Y. City, Attorney for Plaintiff.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold. Its Street Numbers are 114-116 East 25th Street, Borough of Manhattan.



SMITH & BOWMAN, Attys. for Defendant Smith, et al. 36 Park Row, N. Y. City.
JOSEPH P. OSBORNE, Atty. for Alonso Hernandez, 20 Nassau St., N. Y. City.
FREDERICK P. SCHENCK, Guardian ad Item for Josephine K. E. Hernandez, 141 Broadway, N. Y. City.
THORNTON & EARLE, Attys. for Adolphus Markwitz, 38 Park Row, N. Y. City.
JOHN WEBBER, Atty. for N. Y. Savings Bank, 7 Beekman St., N. Y. City.
R. & E. J. O'GORMAN, Attys. for Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 49-51 Chambers St., N. Y. City.
FREDERICK S. TAGGERT, Atty. for Florence Glover Clark, 20 Nassau St., N. Y. City.
Dated New York, May 10th, 1909.
FRANCIS A. WINSLOW, Referee.

SUMMER RESORTS.
NEW YORK—Catskill Mountains.

THE
CATSKILL MOUNTAINS

noted for picturesque and romantic scenery. The glorious air, the magnificent views and comfortable accommodations are a great attraction in this mountain region which is a paradise for children and a sanitarium for everybody.

THE ULSTER & DELAWARE R. R

in connection with West Shore and Pennsylvania Railroads form the only all rail through car line between Philadelphia, Jersey City, New York, and all points in this famous Mountain region.

THE RIP VAN WINKLE FLYER will make first trip from New York, via West Shore R. R., Saturday, May 22nd, leaving Desbrosses St. 12:45 P. M., and West 42nd St. 1 o'clock P. M., daily except Sunday.

Ticket Agents of West Shore R. R. in New York and Brooklyn will sell tickets to all points in Ulster & Delaware R. R. at one fare for round trip on May 28th, 29th, and 30th, good returning until June 1st, inclusive, account of Decoration Day, and giving an opportunity to select your Summer home.

An illustrated Summer Book with map of the Catskills and list of hotels and boarding houses will be sent free on receipt of 8 cents postage.

N. A. SIMS,
Gen'l Passenger Agent,
Kingston, N. Y.

GRAND HOTEL
Catskill Mountains.
OPENS JUNE 26th, 1909.
New York office, Frank De Wolf, Manager, with Town & Country Bureau, 389 Fifth Ave., Cor. 36th St., Telephone 3628 Madison. Booklet.

HOTEL KAATERSKILL
CATSKILL MOUNTAINS.
Opens June 24. Elevation 3,000 feet. Reservation of rooms made by
HARRISON S. DOWNS,
BERKELEY LYCEUM, Telep. 1360 Bryant.
19-21 West 44th St., Opposite Sherry's.

Catskill Mountain Resorts on the Ulster & Delaware Railroad, see Sunday "Times."

NEW YORK—Lake George.

THE RENDEZVOUS OF AMERICA'S MOST EXCLUSIVE RESORT SEEKERS
HOTEL CHAMPLAIN
AND COTTAGES
On Lake Champlain,
Clinton County, N. Y.
In center of Natural Park of 450 acres. Every known Summer diversion. Golf, Tennis, Boating, Fishing, Bathing, Motoring; complete auto garage. Attractive social life. Delaware & Hudson Co., Owners.
OPENS JULY 1st.
Through Pullman service from New York via D. & H. R. R.
Send for Illustrated Booklet.
ROBERT MURRAY, Manager.
243 5th Ave., N. Y. until July 1st.
Two particularly fine cottages to rent.

Fort William Henry
HOTEL,
LAKE GEORGE, N. Y.
Entirely rehabilitated by Delaware & Hudson Co., owners. Finest and largest hotel on the lake. Every convenience; charming surroundings. All outdoor pastimes. One hour from Saratoga Springs.
OPENS JULY 1st.
Send for Illustrated Booklet.
J. F. WILSON, Manager.
243 5th Ave., N. Y., until July 1st.

SPEND YOUR VACATION AT
LAKE GEORGE, N. Y.
The Paradise of America.

NEW YORK—Thousand Islands.

THE HOTEL FRONTENAC
1,000 ISLANDS ST. LAWRENCE RIVER
OPENS JUNE 19TH.
A magnificent Hotel, delightfully situated on an island in the St. Lawrence River, with an exclusive class of patronage. The favorite water for motor boats and boat racing. Fishing, rowing, and all aquatic sports. An extremely picturesque nine-hole golf course free to guests of the hotel; also tennis and other sports. Unequalled bass and fresh water fishing near hotel. For booklet and full information address
C. G. TRUSSELL, Manager, Town & Country, 389 5th Av., N. Y.
(Also Mgr. Bon Air, Augusta, Ga.)

THE COLUMBIAN
1000 ISLAND PARK, St. Lawrence River, N. Y.—The best located and most attractive hotel among the Thousand Islands; excellent cuisine. Orchestra and all amusements. Open June 15. Booklet. L. A. JOHNSON, Prop.

NEW YORK—Adirondacks.

ADIRONDACK MOUNTAINS.
THE WAWBEEK
(Hotel and Cottages)
Will open on June 25th for the Twelfth season under same management. Most comfortable and Homelike. Private Cottages with hotel service. Table will be kept at usual high standard. Rooms with bath. Special terms for full season. Rustic Grill. Send for booklet.
J. BEN HART, Wawbeek, N. Y.

LAKE PLACID—Adirondacks, N. Y.
Principal Hotels—Stevens House, Whiteface Inn, The Grand View.

SUMMONSES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF New York.—ANNA C. WILDEY, Plaintiff, against CONSTANTIN PFLUMM, individually and as executor of the last will and testament of Amalia Minna Pflumm, deceased, and all persons unknown, having or claiming to have an interest in or lien upon the premises described in the mortgage sought to be foreclosed in this action, and which persons are herein described as follows: The heirs at law, legal representatives, devisees, grantees, assignees, or next of kin of Amalia Minna Pflumm, deceased, and their respective husbands and wives, if any, and the People of the State of New York, Defendants.—Summons.—Trial to be had in County of New York.
To the above-named defendants and each of them:
You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.
Dated April 22d, 1909.
PIERRE W. WILDEY,
Plaintiff's Attorney.
Post Office address and office, No. 82 Beaver Street, Manhattan, New York City.
To the defendants: All persons unknown having or claiming to have an interest in or lien upon the premises described in the mortgage sought to be foreclosed in this action, and which persons are herein described as follows: The heirs at law, legal representatives, devisees, grantees, assignees, or next of kin of Amalia or Amalie Minna Pflumm, deceased, and their respective husbands and wives, if any.
The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of the Honorable Vernon M. Davis, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 18th day of May, 1909, and filed with a copy of the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House, in the County of New York, State of New York, on the 14th day of May, 1909. The original complaint having been filed in said office on the 22d day of April, 1909. PIERRE W. WILDEY,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office address, 82 Beaver Street, New York City.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

BELLEVUE AND ALLIED HOSPITALS DEPARTMENT of New York City, Twenty-sixth Street and First Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, the City of New York.
SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the President of the Board of Trustees at the above office until 2 P. M. on TUESDAY, JUNE 1, 1909,
For Electric Lamps.
For full particulars see City Record.
JOHN W. BRANNAN,
President of the Board of Trustees, Bellevue and Allied Hospitals.
Dated May 17, 1909.

SUMMER RESORTS.
PENNSYLVANIA.

Delaware Water Gap, Mount Pocono, Stroudsburg
Cresco Pocono Summit Delaware Valley
A region of woodland and water in Monroe and Pike Counties, Pennsylvania, varying in elevation from one to two thousand feet, with a special fast express service from New York over the Lackawanna Railroad; with the beautiful Delaware River for boating, bathing, fishing; with good roads; three excellent golf courses, magnificent springs and trout streams; a region where you may breathe dry, pine-laden air, enjoy cool, restful nights and escape humidity, malaria and mosquitoes. Booklets and full information about every house in the region at
RESORT BUREAU, 429 Broadway, New York City.
For names of houses see next Sunday's issue.

WATER GAP HOUSE
A MOUNTAIN PARADISE.
DELAWARE WATER GAP, PA.
NOW OPEN to December. Unquestionably the finest equipped, most luxurious, and best situated hotel. Highest altitude; no noise or dust of railroads or highways. 100 tiled private baths; running water in all rooms; steam heat; log fires; elevators, electric lights; sun parlors, &c. Cuisine of highest standard; French chefs; white service. Own farms and registered cows. Orchestra; social diversions. Golf, saddle horses, tennis, bowling, billiards; trout fishing, boating, &c. Garage; livery. Special May and June rates. Booklet and auto maps mailed. Coaches meet trains. Ownership management. JOHN PURDY COPE.

THE KITTATINNY,
THE LEADING HOTEL AT THE DELAWARE WATER GAP, PA.,
Now open. Largest and most modern. Every convenience. Orchestra. Social diversions. Table supplied from own farm and greenhouses. Bell 'phone 32. Garage. Livery. Golf, tennis, bowling, boating, fishing. Write for Special Spring Rates and booklet showing hotel, Kittatinny Park scenes, auto maps. Kittatinny coach meets all trains. G. FRANK COPE.

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Karamac Inn, Delaware Water Gap, Penn.—Two days $8, three days $10, including railroad fare; 200-acre water front. 40-mile views from verandas, 32 feet wide. Skiffs and bathing free till July. Baseball, tennis, bowling greens; $10-$17 weekly.

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Long Island,
OPENS JUNE 25,
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Booking Office, 1,122 B'way (Tyson's)
'PHONE, 1872—MADISON SQ.
GEO. F. ADAMS, Proprietor
Mr. Adams will maintain at the Manhanset the same high standard of cuisine and service that has made the Chamberlin famous throughout the world.

SEA VIEW HOUSE,
SAG HARBOR, L. I.
Open Memorial Day; the twelfth successful season; all modern improvements; rates, single rooms, $10 up; double rooms, $25 up; reached by boat or train via Long Island Railroad. Telephone 18 Sag Harbor. Apply J. K. MORRIS, 12 West Forty-fourth St., New York.

THE HALL, Glencove, L. I.
within commuting distance. Fireproof wing added this year. All outdoor sports. Private beach. Send for booklet. Gillan & Edwards, 53 Irving Place, N. Y. Phone 2123 Stuyvesant.

PROSPECT HOUSE
SHELTER ISLAND HEIGHTS, L. I.
Opens June 24th. Golf, Bathing, Yachting. Garage. Bureau, 1122 B'way, cor. 25th St. Tel. 1872 Mad. Booklet. E. D. LANGWORTHY, Mgr.

NEW YORK—Putnam County.

DEAN HOUSE
Lake Mahopac, Putnam Co., N. Y.
Pleasantly located on the southwest shore of the lake; shaded lawn; boating, fishing, golf and tennis. Booklet on application.
A. H. DEAN, Proprietor.

NEW ENGLAND—Massachusetts.

HOTEL ASPINWALL
LENOX, MASS.
OPENS JUNE 5TH, 1909
New York Office with Town and Country, Astor Trust Bldg., 389 Fifth Av.
O. D. SEAVEY, Manager.
Magnificent Scenery, Beautiful Drives, Invigorative Climate, Pure Water.
Finely Equipped Garage & Stables
Choice Villa Sites For Sale.
Finest Resort in the Famous
BERKSHIRE HILLS

STOCKBRIDGE,
MASS.
IN THE BERKSHIRES.
Red Lion Inn now open.
Heaton Hall opens midl. June
Allen T. Treadway, Prop.
N. Y. Office, Hotel Flanders, West 47th st.

NEW ENGLAND—New Hampshire.

WAUMBEK & COTTAGES
Jefferson, N. H., in the White Mountains.
SEASON JUNE UNTIL OCTOBER
Detached family cottages, completely furnished, with hotel service.
Particulars Upon Request.
CHARLES V. MURPHY, MANAGER.
Address Laurel House, Lakewood, N. J., until June 15th.

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NEW LONDON, CONN.
To rent, in Pequot section, on Ocean Av., attractive furnished cottage; 11 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, parlor, reception hall, &c., &c.; open plumbing; modern conveniences; stable; superb view of Sound; in perfect order; ready to walk right into. Photograph and particulars, Wendell & Co., 500 Fifth Av., N. Y., De Blois & Eldridge, 5 East 33d St., N. Y., or Wm. S. Chappell, New London, Conn.

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Lake Bomoseen, Vermont, Prospect House; sanitary plumbing, electric lights; garage; milk, cream, vegetables from hotel farm; booklet. H. B. Ellis, Mgr.

INSTRUCTION—SUMMER CAMPS.

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STAMFORD, CONN. Unexcelled location on Long Island Sound. Boating, fishing, swimming, canoeing. Large field for land sports. Each boy under direct care of an experienced councilor. In conjunction with the camp a Summer School has been established for boys wishing to study or finish incomplete school work. College entrance examination a specialty. The Academy building (½ hour distance) is to be kept open all Summer as a boarding place for parents of boys at the Camp and Summer School. Address Box B for Catalogues.

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Councellors:
BEN S. WALLIS of Yale University
F. Y. VERWEIRE of Harvard University
EDDY HART of Princeton University
A. S. ERINE, Supt., Care A. G. Spalding & Bros., New York, N. Y.

SUMMER RESORTS.
PENNSYLVANIA.

PENNSYLVANIA—Pike County.

BLUFF HOUSE
MILFORD, PIKE COUNTY, PA.
Opens June 19; 95 miles from N. Y. City; accommodates 350; most charming resort on bank of Delaware River; rooms en suite, with bath; orchestra; baseball, tennis; magnificent roads; boating, bathing, fishing, etc.; no mosquitos; automobile bus from depot to hotel. Send for illustrated booklet.
P. N. BOURNIQUE, Prop.

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ATLANTIC CITY, N.J.
THE GREATEST RESORT IN THE WORLD
is an ideal spot to spend the Spring and Summer vacation. This seaside metropolis offers every diversion and every comfort known to seashore life.

HOTEL DENNIS
situated directly on the ocean front, surrounded by its own spacious lawn, which joins the beach and boardwalk. Most liberally appointed and liberally conducted hotel on the New Jersey Coast. WALTER J. BUZBY.

Along the Ocean Front.

HOTEL TRAYMORE
Atlantic City, N. J.
The Acme of Modern Hotel Equipment and Luxury.
Open Throughout the Year.
TRAYMORE HOTEL CO.
Chas. O. Marquette, Mgr. D. S. White, Pres.

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On the Beach. Fireproof.
Send for Literature.
THE LEEDS COMPANY.

HADDON HALL
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Directly on the ocean front, with unobstructed view. Salt water in all baths. Hot and cold water in most bedrooms. Always open. Booklet. LEEDS & LIPPINCOTT.

HOTEL IROQUOIS
Ocean End So. Carolina Av. Close to attractions. Capacity 400. Elevator, private baths, sun parlors orchestra, etc. Special, $10 to $17.50 weekly. Always open. Booklet.
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OPEN ALL THE YEAR.
Virginia Av., overlooking Ocean. Capacity 300. Elevator to street level. Steam heat; suites with bath, and every convenience. Best cuisine and service. Music. Special $2.50 up daily, $12.50 up weekly. Booklet.
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ALBEMARLE
Virginia Av., near Beach, most modern and leading moderate rate hotel; 100 sunny front rooms; private baths; elevators, steam heat, sun parlors, music; excellent table; own farms; white service. Special rates May and June, $8 to $12 weekly; $2 up daily. Booklet. J. P. Cope.

ISLESWORTH
ON THE BEACH, VIRGINIA AVE.
300 rooms with fresh and sea water in all baths. Special American plan, $2.50 up daily. European plan, $1.50 up daily. Special weekly terms.
F. M. PHOEBUS, Mgr. WM. HYMAN, Prop'r.

HOTEL RUDOLF
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Open all year; special Early Season rates. No extra charge for salt and fresh water baths. A. S. RUKEYSER, Mgr. JOEL HILLMAN, Pres.

HOTEL NEW ENGLAND
South Carolina Av. and the Beach; private baths, elevator to street; capacity 350. Superior table. Afternoon tea served. Spring rates. Open all the year. BRYAN & WILLIAMS.

NEW JERSEY—Long Branch.

The West End Cottages and Casino Company
ANNOUNCE THE OPENING OF THE
WEST END COTTAGES AND HOTEL
AT WEST END
(LONG BRANCH, N. J.)
FOR THE SEASON 1909
ON JUNE 1.
Booking Office, 135 Front St., N. Y.
TELEPHONE, 5547—JOHN.

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The MONTCLAIR
"On the Mountain Top"
Special Grill Room Service
Beginning May 15th
Fresh Mushrooms daily from
Hastings Farms—Chickens and Steaks.
MONTCLAIR, N. J.
For Information and Booklet apply to
America's Hotel Bureau,
1,123 Broadway, N. Y. City.

NEW JERSEY—Spring Lake.

THE BREAKERS
NOW OPEN. ON THE OCEAN FRONT.
WHY GO TO ATLANTIC CITY?

NEW JERSEY—Asbury Park.

Select Family Hotel on the Beach.
THE WELLINGTON NORTH ASBURY PARK.
Rooms with bath. Phone 358. B. B. SMITH.

VIRGINIA.

WARM SULPHUR SPRINGS, BATH CO., VA., is now open for guests. For circulars and terms address Mrs. John L. Eubank, Warm Springs, Bath Co., Va

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REPTON CAMP, Lake Champlain, offers a thoroughly enjoyable vacation to a limited number of boys. Within easy reach of New York. Instruction in swimming and other sports. Tutoring if desired. Moderate fees. Very highly recommended. Address, Head Master, Repton School, Box C 5, Tarrytown, N. Y.

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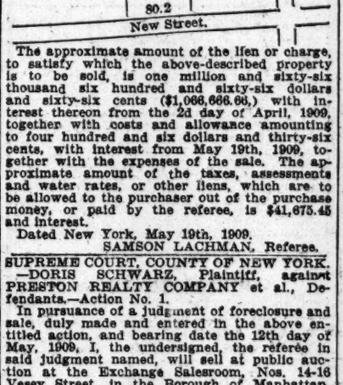
The Antique Furniture Exchange
13-15 W. 28TH ST., NR. B'WAY.
The leading antique shop.
"By far the largest collection and much the lowest prices"; all goods sold on commission basis regardless of antiquity, history, or value.
This is headquarters for Bargains.

BILLIARDS.

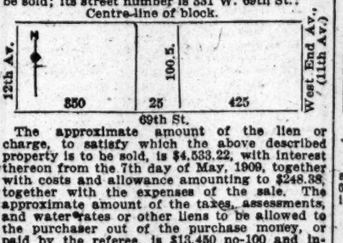
REGULATION BOWLING ALLEYS.
BOWLING BALLS, TENPINS & SUPPLIES of every description.
Repairs by Expert Mechanics
Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co. of N. Y.
Salesrooms, 31 and 33 West 23d Street.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

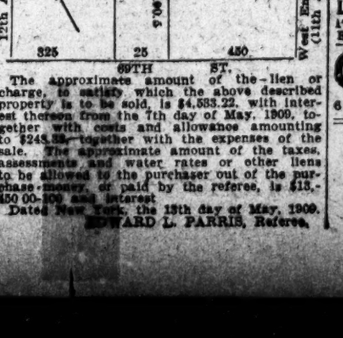
SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK. —NEW YORK LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, Plaintiff, against BROADWAY & NEW ST. REALTY CO., John K. Weeks, Theodore N. Barnsdall, and Pittsburg Trust Co., Defendants.
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 18th day of May, 1909, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 11th day of June, 1909, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Bryan L. Kennelly, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows: All those certain lots, pieces, and parcels of ground, with the buildings thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the First Ward of the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, which taken together are bounded and described as follows: Beginning in the easterly line of Broadway at the southwest corner of the present southerly wall of the building known as "Exchange Court," which building extends along Broadway to Exchange Place and through to New Street in the rear and running thence in a southerly direction and along said easterly line of Broadway eighty-one (81) feet and eleven (11) inches to the center line of an old party wall, which, with its additions on either side, forms the present southerly wall (a party wall) of the buildings now standing upon the premises hereby conveyed and the present northerly wall (a party wall) of the office building on the premises adjoining the same upon the south, which is known as "Number Forty-two Broadway," and which also extends through to New Street, and thence in an easterly direction through the center of said old party wall to the westerly line of New Street, and thence in a northerly direction along the said westerly line of New Street about eighty (80) feet and two (2) inches to the point where the center line of the original party wall, which, with its additions on either side, forms part of the present northerly wall of the buildings now standing upon the premises hereby conveyed and part of the present southerly wall of the aforesaid building known as "Exchange Court," intersects the westerly line of New Street, and thence in a westerly direction, partly through the center of said party wall and partly along the independent southerly wall of "Exchange Court" to the place of beginning. It being intended to include herein all the lands, described and conveyed in the following deeds: Deed of The New York Improved Real Estate Company, dated the 18th day of July, 1905, and deed of John N. Stearns, dated the 18th day of July, 1905, both to the Broadway and New Street Realty Company.
Dated New York, May 19th, 1909.
SAMSON LACHMAN, Referee.
GEORGE W. HUBBELL, Attorney for Plaintiff, 346 Broadway.
The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street numbers are 44, 46, 48, 50 Broadway and 41 to 47 New Street:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is one million and sixty-six thousand six hundred and sixty-six dollars and sixty-six cents ($1,066,666.66), with interest thereon from the 2d day of April, 1909, together with costs and allowance amounting to four hundred and six dollars and thirty-six cents, with interest from May 19th, 1909, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $41,675.45 and interest.
Dated New York, May 19th, 1909.
SAMSON LACHMAN, Referee.
SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK. —DORIS SCHWARZ, Plaintiff, against PRESTON REALTY COMPANY et al., Defendants.—Action No. 1.
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above entitled action, and bearing date the 12th day of May, 1909, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 7th day of June, 1909, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, therein described as follows:
All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, together with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, and bounded and described as follows:
Beginning at a point on the northerly side of 69th Street, distant four hundred and twenty-five (425) feet westerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the westerly side of West End Avenue and the said northerly side of 69th Street; and running thence northerly and parallel with said West End Avenue and part of the distance through a party wall, one hundred (100) feet five inches to the centre line of the block; thence westerly, along said centre line of the block, twenty-five (25) feet; thence southerly, again parallel with said West End Avenue and part of the distance through another party wall, one hundred (100) feet five (5) inches to the said northerly side of 69th Street; and thence easterly, along the said northerly side of 69th Street, twenty-five (25) feet to the point or place of beginning, to be the said several dimensions or premises more or less. Said premises being known by the street number 331 West 69th Street.
Dated New York, May 13th, 1909.
EDWARD L. PARRIS, Referee.
COOPER & BAER, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 20 Vesey St., Borough of Manhattan, N. Y. City.
The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 331 W. 69th St.:
Centre-line of block.



The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above described property is to be sold, is $4,533.22, with interest thereon from the 7th day of May, 1909, together with costs and allowance amounting to $248.38, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates or other liens to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $13,450 no-100 and interest.
Dated New York, the 18th day of May, 1909.
EDWARD L. PARRIS, Referee.
SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK. —DORIS SCHWARZ, Plaintiff, against PRESTON REALTY COMPANY ET AL., Defendants.—Action No. II.
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above entitled action, and bearing date the 12th day of May, 1909, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 7th day of June, 1909, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, therein described as follows:
All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, together with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, and bounded and described as follows:
Beginning at a point on the northerly side of 69th Street, distant four hundred and fifty (450) feet westerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the westerly side of West End Avenue and the said northerly side of 69th Street; and running thence northerly, parallel with West End Avenue and part of the distance through a party wall, one hundred (100) feet five (5) inches to the centre line of the block; thence westerly, along said centre line of the block, twenty-five (25) feet; thence southerly, again parallel with said West End Avenue, one hundred (100) feet five (5) inches to the said northerly side of 69th Street; and thence easterly, along the said northerly side of 69th Street, twenty-five (25) feet to the point or place of beginning, be the said several dimensions or distances more or less. Said premises being known by the street number 333 West 69th Street.
Dated New York, May 13th, 1909.
EDWARD L. PARRIS, Referee.
COOPER & BAER, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 20 Vesey St., Borough of Manhattan, N. Y. City.
The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 333 W. 69th St.:
CENTRE LINE OF BLOCK.



The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above described property is to be sold, is $4,533.22, with interest thereon from the 7th day of May, 1909, together with costs and allowance amounting to $248.38, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates or other liens to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $13,450 00-100 and interest.
Dated New York, the 18th day of May, 1909.
EDWARD L. PARRIS, Referee.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

USED PIANOS AND PLAYERS
We happen to have a fine collection of used pianos, among which are Steinway, Knabe, Chickering, Chase, Sohmer, Fischer, Ivers & Pond, Hardman, Lindeman, Bradbury, and other well-known makes. Many of those pianos are nearly new, they are all in remarkably fine condition; prices from $100 to $400. Good uprights with pianolas and 25 rolls of music as low as $250; other combinations at $275, $300, and $325. If unable to visit our warerooms write for a descriptive list of used pianos or players (or both) with prices and terms. Address Department C. The latest models of Ivers & Pond and J. & C. Fischer pianos are shown in our Piano Department. Catalogues with prices and terms mailed on request.

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(The Tel-Electric Building,) 8th Av., Corner 31st St.)
The "Tel-Electric"—The world's greatest piano player—is attachable to any grand or upright piano.

MATHUSHEK & SON
Invite your visit to examine their product. Special bargain prices and terms reduced.

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Among the superfine stock of these instruments that each member of family can play.

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They give greatest pleasure with least effort. Factory direct to buyer means large saving.
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150 Newark Av., Jersey City.
316 W. Front St., Plainfield.
88 Broad St., Red Bank, N. J.

REAL BARGAINS
IN USED PIANOS OF BEST MAKES.
Steinway upright.....$650 at $290
Christman upright.....$500 at $250
Sohmer upright.....$500 at $200
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Also Steinway Baby Grand and many others.
Christman Sons, 35 W. 14th St.

ANNOUNCEMENT —We are offering to the public the new KRAKAUER PLAYER PIANO at a very special price. Intending purchasers will find it to their interest to call and convince themselves.
KRAKAUER BROS., MAKERS,
Warerooms, 17 East 14th St.

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O. W. WUERTZ PIANOS
sold at factory prices on easy payments. Players and self-playing pianos. Open evenings. 1,518 Third Av., near 86th St., Manhattan. 2,929 Third Av., near 151st St., Bronx.

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Steinway, Weber, & other Pianos For Sale or Rent. Town, Country.
18 WEST 37TH ST. near 5th Avenue.

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PIANO CO. have largest stock of Steinways, Chickerings, Sohmers, Webers, etc., $75 up; easy terms. 17 E. 125th St. Open evenings.
$90 Kranich & Bach upright, $4 monthly; $85 Erard upright, $2 monthly. Goetz & Co., 81 Court St., Brooklyn. Open evenings.

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ST. JOHNS, N. F.
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NEW OCEAN ROUTES TO FLORIDA
Tampa & St. Petersburg—Key West & Miami
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Ask for Spring Folder. 80 South Street / 290 Broadway } New York.

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To Charleston, S. C., and Jacksonville, Fla. From Pier 36 N. R. (Spring St.,) at 1 P. M.
Apache.....May 21 | Mohawk.....May 25
Huron.....May 22 | Comanche.....May 26
All Ships Equipped with Wireless Telegraphy.
Pier 36 N. R., and 290 B'way, N. Y.

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BY LARGEST AND FASTEST STEAMERS
BEST ROOMS. ROUND TRIP $35.
June 1st and 8th from New York, 10 A. M., 48 hours, twin screw S. S. "Bermudian" (5,500 TONS).
For illus. pamphlets, passages, etc., write A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & Co., Agts. Quebec S.S. Co., Ltd., 29 Broadway, N.Y., Arthur Ahern, Secty., Quebec, or Thos. Cook & Son, 245 Broadway, 1,200 Broadway, 849 Madison Av., 563 5th Av.

Around the World Cruise
By S.S. Arabic, 16,000 Tons. Oct. 16, $650 & up
30 TOURS TO EUROPE $270 UP
FRANK C. CLARK, Times Bldg., New York.

FALL RIVER LINE
(Splendid Steamers—Splendid Service)
171 Broadway.—Fall River Line's new downtown office.
The place to plan your summer vacation.
Fall River Line Steamers leave New York, Pier 19, North River, foot of Warren Street, at 5:30 P. M. Get you to Boston as early as 7 o'clock next morning—later if you like. Fare $3.65.
Telephone 5121 Cortlandt for information.

HUDSON RIVER NIGHT LINES
UP THE HUDSON BY SEARCHLIGHT.
PEOPLES LINE.
NEW YORK AND ALBANY.
Steamers leave Pier 32 N. R., foot Canal St., at 6 P. M. week days only. West 129th St. at 6:30 P. M., commencing May 27th. Daily service (including Sunday) commencing May 30th.

CITIZENS LINE
NEW YORK AND TROY.
New steamer Trojan Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, and Greenport alternating, from Pier 16 N. R., foot West 10th St., at 5 P. M. daily, (Saturdays excepted.) New steamer Rensselaer in service June 15th. Sunday steamer touches at Albany in both directions.
Direct connection at Albany with trains for Saratoga, Lake George, Adirondack resorts, Montreal, Berkshires, Buffalo and Niagara Falls.
At Troy with trains for Saratoga; Lake George, Adirondack resorts, Williamstown, North Adams, Manchester, and Burlington.
Splendid service. Meals a la carte. Unexcelled cuisine. Horses and automobiles carried at reasonable rates. Tickets and staterooms secured at principal ticket offices in Greater N. Y.

All-The-Way-By-Water TO BOSTON
Direct from City to City. An unbroken night's rest on the fastest Merchant Vessels flying the American Flag. Through tickets to all points East. Luxurious Turbine Steel Steamships.

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Week Days and Sundays. Leave New York, Pier 45, North River, near foot of Christopher Street, 5 P. M. Leave India Wharf, Boston, same hour; due either City 8 o'clock next morning.
Tickets and Staterooms at Wharf; also Tourist and N. Y. Transfer Co. Offices throughout City.
Metropolitan Line. Express Service for Passengers, Freight, Automobiles & Horses

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For Newburgh, Poughkeepsie and Kingston, from Pier 24, N. R. Weekdays, 4.00 P. M. For Newburgh, Weekdays, 5.00 P. M.
SUNDAYS 9.00 A. M. West 129th St., 9.30 A. M.

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Providence Direct, $1.50; Worcester, $2.40.
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AMERICAN LINE
From Pier 14 N. R. at 10 A. M.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
New York....May 22, June 19, July 17, Aug. 21
St. Louis....May 29, June 24, July 24, Aug. 28
Philadelphia..June 5, July 2, Aug. 7, Sept. 4
St. Paul.....June 12, July 10, Aug. 14, Sept. 11

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE
New York—London—Direct—Pier 39 N. R.
Minnehaha...May 22, 8 A. M.; June 19, July 17
Minneapolis..May 29, 2 P. M.; June 26, July 24
Minnetonka..June 5, 11 A. M.; July 3, July 31
†MINNEWASKA..June 12, 1 PM.; July 10, Aug. 7
†New, 14,500 tons. Luxuriously Equipped.

RED STAR LINE
From Pier 14 N. R. at 11 A. M.
New York—Dover—Antwerp
*Lapland...May 22, June 19, July 17, Aug. 14
Vaderland...May 29, June 26, July 24, Aug. 21
Zeeland.....June 5, July 3, July 31, Aug. 28
Krooniand...June 12, July 10, Aug. 7, Sept. 4
*New, 18,694 tons. Elevator, Orchestra, Lounge, Shop, Veranda Cafe, Glass-Enclosed Promenade.

WHITE STAR LINE
From Pier 45 N. R.
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool
Baltic....May 22, 12 noon; June 19, July 17
Arabic....May 29, 2 P. M.; June 26, July 24
Celtic....June 5, 11 A. M.; July 3, July 31
Cedric....June 12, 1 P. M.; July 10, Aug. 7
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
Adriatic....May 26, 12 noon; June 23, July 21
Majestic....June 2, 9:30 A. M.; June 30, July 28
Oceanic....June 9, 9:30 A. M.; July 7, Aug. 4
Teutonic....June 16, 9:30 A.M.; July 14, Aug. 11
NEW YORK & BOSTON TO ITALY.
Via Azores, Madeira and Gibraltar
ROMANIC..May 22, 12:30 P.M.; July 3, Aug. 21
FINLAND..June 5, 12 noon; July 10, Sept. 32
CANOPIC..June 12, 3 P. M.; July 24, Sept. 15
CRETIC.....June 26, noon; Aug. 7, Oct. 16
PASSENGER OFFICE, 9 BROADWAY.

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LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG.
S. S. KAISERIN AUG. VICTORIA
25,000 Tons, 687 Ft. Long.
Leaving N. Y. May 29th, 3 P. M.
Having unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a la Carte Restaurant, Gymnasium, Electric Baths, and Elevator.
*Cleveland...May 22, 9 AM | Deutschl'd..June 5
*P. Grant...May 26, 3 PM | *P. Lincoln..June 9
†Kaiseris....May 29, 2 PM | *Cincinnati..June12
Pennsylvania..June 2, 4 PM | Bluecher...June 16
†Ritz-Carlton a la carte Restaurant. *New

ITALY
via Azores, Gibraltar Naples, and Genoa.
S. S. BATAVIA. ‡June 3, 10 A.M.; July 29.
S. S. MOLTKE. †June 10, 10 A.M.; July 22.
S. S. HAMBURG †July 1, P. M.; Aug. 14.
§Gibraltar. ‡Naples and Genoa.

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TO NORWAY, SPITZBERGEN, ICELAND, BALTIC SEA.
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Tourist Dept. for Trips Everywhere.
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15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

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FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.
DRESSMAKING DEPARTMENT—Require in their Special Order Dressmaking Department first-class, experienced Waist Trimmers and Waist Helpers. Apply to Manager, fifth floor.

A BRIGHT YOUNG WOMAN of good education and wide acquaintance among representative people in this locality can secure a permanent and profitable position as local and traveling representative of The Century Magazine and St. Nicholas. For particulars call on Mr. Larkin, The Century Co., Union Square, New York.

AN EXCELLENT position is offered an intelligent woman who is qualified to present an educational course to a selected list of mothers. H. W. Kimber, Room 901, 133 Montague St., Brooklyn.

FOREWOMAN on men's neckwear competent to take entire charge of workroom. The Stag Brand, 32 Union Square East, Reliance Bldg.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK.—American, white or colored; good wages; personal references. 548 West 140th St.

SALESWOMAN—Honorable French woman, with knowledge of English, to sell high-grade perfumes; exceptional opportunity. Address Box 198 Times, 80 Broadway.

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FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.
DEPARTMENT OF DELIVERY—Require thoroughly experienced packers; must be competent to handle a general line of merchandise, crate, box, and burlap. Apply by mail only, addressing Delivery Department.

COLLECTOR—Experienced, for installment business; must know Brooklyn and surrounding territory. Apply Thursday, 10 to 12, Room 704, 225 Fifth Av., New York.

WANTED,
FOREMAN AND DESIGNER
For one of the leading Clothing Houses in the West. All communications confidential. Address, with references,
MAYER, SCHEUER, OFFNER & CO.,
Cincinnati, Ohio.

MAN to take charge of office and salesmen for flourishing manufacturing concern; must be prepared to invest few hundred dollars. Safety. Box G 73 Times, Times Square.

MARINE ENGINEERS, chiefs and assistants, to go out of town, open shop; transportation paid. G Box 56 Times, Times Square.

PHYSICIAN.—On salary; must be licensed in the State of New York. Apply personally, before 12 M., Cosmopolitan Medical and Dental Ass'n, 2,038 5th Av.

SALESMEN.—I want to get a few good salesmen to sell real estate in Greater New York; liberal commissions; first-class proposition. Call mornings. George Chorpenning, Room 454, 1,328 Broadway.

SALESMEN.—We want 10 more first-class agents to join our old force as salesmen; we can offer best proposition, which is a money-maker to able men; no canvassing; steady position; see me before accepting another proposition; salesmen over 25 apply. Dalton, 9 East 26th St., Room 226.

SALESMAN—A stock salesman of ability, on solid profitable business proposition, located in the heart of Manhattan; liberal commission; a man wanted who can make $5,000 to $10,000 a year. Address, stating experience, A. S. Wheeler, P. O. Box 7 Times Square Station.

SALESMEN.—Italian-American; none but energetic, experienced men, qualified in the Italian language, to sell low-priced building lots on Long Island. Buonsignore Realty Corporation, 1,135 Broadway, Manhattan.

SALESMAN for first-class real estate proposition; no experience necessary; bring references. Call between 11 and 12 o'clock, Room 16, 60 Liberty St.

SALESMAN—French, with knowledge of English, to sell high-grade perfumes; salary and commission to right party. Address Box 201 Times, 80 Broadway.

SOLICITOR—Bright young man, good talker, to solicit advertisements. 500 5th Av., Room 402. Weinberg.

WANTED—A strong, active boy, 14 to 16 years. Apply in own handwriting to Box 1,834, New York Post Office.

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AGENTS to sell the best improved envelope and postage stamp moistener; quick sales, large profits. White & Perkins Company, 337 Broadway.

AGENTS, either sex, for meritorious article used in every office and home; sell for 25c Progressive Merchandising Co., Room 205, 24 East 21st St.

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A.A.—STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers and office assistants furnished at short notice without charge. 'Phone 5712 Barclay. Lamb's Exchange, 229 Broadway.

A.—STENOGRAPHERS.—When in need of stenographers, typewriters, bookkeepers, or office assistants for permanent or temporary positions, write or telephone Miss S. M. Gahagan, 233 Broadway. Tel. 7035—Barclay.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers, secretaries, managers, male, female help furnished free of charge; beginners carefully trained before sending out. 'Phone 4470—38th. Universal Exchange, 110 West 34th St.

SECRETARIES, STENOGRAPHERS.—Miss Jupp's bureau recommends efficient employes only, promptly and free; references investigated; expert fac-simile duplicating. 87 Nassau St. Tel. 4221 Cortlandt.

Domestic Help.

A.—COLONIAL BUREAU, 60 West 39th St.—Strictly reliable domestic help; specialties, governesses, lady's maids; references thoroughly investigated. Tel. 5582—38th.

AT MRS. PILLSBURY'S, 507 Fifth Avenue, (Hopkins' Educational Agency.)—Teachers, governesses, housekeepers, nurses, &c.; supplies schools, families, institutions, hotels. 6185—38th.

FEMALE help for city and country; high wages. National Employment Agency, 314 West 125th.

HOUSEWORKERS, $20; cook, $25; waitress, nurse. Flaherty's Bureau, 485 Columbus Av. Telephone 741 Riverside.

RELIABLE Hungarian, German, Polish help; references investigated. Roth's, 170 East 3d St. Telephone 2508 Orchard.

FURNISHED ROOMS WANTED.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

WANTED—Large room with alcove and bath in the neighborhood of 116th St. and Broadway; references exchanged. E. M., Box G 79 Times, Times Square.

FURNISHED ROOM with board, wanted by young lady, with private family; references. G 71 Times, Times Square.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 23c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

MAKE YOUR WANTS KNOWN.

If you want to buy a farm, secure a home in a thriving and prosperous State, or desire a business location of any kind, or wish to obtain employment the undersigned can place your wants before 5,000 people who will gladly aid you in every way in securing you what you want. No charges. Address
W. C. GILBREATH,
Commissioner of Agriculture and Labor,
Bismarck, N. Dak.

No. 1 Patent
WANTED—Information regarding good patent which would be money maker; only inventor, who wishes to sell outright or on royalty basis, need answer; give price and brief description. S. M., Box 984 K, Rochester, N. Y.

For Sale—Hardwood lumber business, centrally located, New York water front; large and well-established trade. D., Box 127 Times, Times Square.

State and county rights for sale; $5,000 will pay you $12,000 annually. Big attraction and practical monopoly. Address G Box 75 Times, Times Square.

Moving picture show; excellent location; good lease; profits $60 weekly; books show over that amount; disagreement partners. Sacrifice, 299 Willis Av.

Grocery; established; prosperous; good business district; low rent; price reasonable; splendid chance for right party. Apply 393 Lewis Av., Brooklyn.

Active partner wanted for well-established printing plant; large earnings; required $20,000; no agents. G., 72 Times, Times Square.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 23c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

An opening is offered gentleman of ability with $25,000 to $50,000 to associate with high-class men in taxicab business with no liabilities. Investor can make 50% on investment and salary for living expenses. Particulars at interview. G. Box 76 Times, Times Square.

Rare Opportunity.—A good-paying shoe store, Manhattan, west side, for sale; established trade; stock four to five thousand dollars; a bona fide buyer will be able to make satisfactory terms; no auctioneers. Owner, G Box 74 Times, Times Square.

President wanted for company forming, with headquarters in Baltimore, to take over going railroad and develop seashore resort; investment about $5,000 required; large profits assured. X., 103 Times, Downtown.

Hotel, well established, Manhattan, has opening for lady or gentleman investing $10,000. Business always paid. Big income besides living assured. Experience unnecessary. Address G Box 77 Times, Times Square.

WHY NOT INCORPORATE
and avoid individual or partnership liability? You can do so for 10c. per $1,000.
MERRICK SECURITY COMPANY,
48 Exchange Place.

I made $50,000 in five years in the mail-order business; began with $5; any one can start a mail-order business at home; send for free booklet; tells how. Heacock, 702, Lockport, N. Y.

Pawnbroker, long established, location east side, for sale; owner retiring from business; suitable terms arranged; no agents. N 185 Times, Times Square.

For Sale—Lease, 12,500 square feet ground, centrally located, East River. D., Box 126 Times, Times Square.

SITUATIONS WANTED, FEMALES

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced typist, excellent penman; capable taking charge; unquestionable reference. L., 1,418 5th Av.

CHAMBERMAID—COOK.—By two Scotch girls together; one as first-class chambermaid and other as good plain cook; city or country. G., Box 61 Times, Times Square.

COMPANION.—German widow of refinement, good appearance, position as companion or capable trustworthy housekeeper; bachelor apartments, widower's home, without children, unless adults; no incumbrance; refined home preferred, to high salary. K., 507 Amsterdam.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 W. 50th. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

HOUSEWORKER.—Colored girl wishes general housework; will act as ladies' maid, housekeeper; references. Jones, 164 West 133d St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience, exceptionally well educated, understands routine office work, desires position with reliable firm; conscientious worker; references; $15. Miss S., 112 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—High-grade; tactful; executive ability; tabulated work a specialty; twelve years present position, leading wholesale commercial; $22. Box X 102 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six months' experience; rapid, accurate, neat, painstaking, and reliable; references; $7. Miss Marion, 111 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Good general education, bright, accurate, quick operator; varied experience; reference. Capable, P. O. Box 1,045.

STENOGRAPHER.—Capable beginner; will take moderate salary where there is chance to advance. Miss Hampton, 759 Lexington Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—Limited experience, well trained, educated; good foundation for expert. Helen Seymour, General Delivery.

STENOGRAPHER.—19; one year's experience; careful, painstaking; $8. Miss Gertrude, Box 157 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ACCOUNTANT.—Experienced, professional; investigates accounts, examines, audits books, verifies assets and liabilities, prepares balance sheets, statements, &c.; systems, cost accounts; in or out of New York. Diplomat, Box 125 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Expert; long experience; open, close, balance, disentangle, audit books, all branches of accounting and auditing; consult us. Accountants, Room 207, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 1,222 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, supervised; weekly and monthly arrangements; $5 monthly upward. Accountant, Room 511, 320 Broadway. Telephone 3539—Worth.

BOOKKEEPER and ACCOUNTANT.—Experienced, all lines; temporary position, $6 weekly; books opened, closed, written up, disentangled; special arrangements with firms not employing permanent bookkeeper; references. Expert, Room 306, 302 Broadway. 'Phone 1544 Worth.

BOOKKEEPER and general office man; experienced; best references; moderate salary. Brous, 21 West 137th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Graduate of Hartford's oldest and best automobile school; American, age 30; strictly temperate; first-class reference; no objection to some work around gentleman's place; small wages. P. J. Veeley, Sheffield, Mass.

CHAUFFEUR.—Swede, first-class mechanic; all repairing; city, country. G. A., care of Nelsson, 1,610 Amsterdam Av.

COLLEGE STUDENT—Desires employment during the Summer months. G., Box 5 Times, Times Square.

DETECTIVE—Confidential investigating, shadowing; licensed, bonded. Bean, 392 Tompkins Av., Brooklyn. Telephone, 3436 Bedford.

GARDENER.—Married, one child; understands care and management of greenhouse plants, shrubs, and other outdoor plants; good vegetable raiser; no objection to small farm in connection with garden; can take full charge of gentleman's place; good reference. H., Box 151 Times Downtown.

MAN.—Intelligent German, strong, sober, and honest, desires position; references. Kniese, 647 Lexington Av.

MANAGER of mail order department on salary or percentage; being an expert stenographer and typewriter, can reduce working expense to the minimum; if desired, bond furnished. Celerity, Box G 60 Times, Times Square.

YOUNG MAN (19) wants position offering advancement; high school graduate; excellent references; two years' experience. D Box 126 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN desires position as office assistant or bookkeeper; has had 6 years' experience. Box D 117 Times Downtown.

BOARDERS WANTED.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Corner house, attractively furnished parlor suite; also double rooms; excellent cuisine.

25TH ST., 38 WEST.—Large and single rooms, private baths; transients in city accommodated.

37TH, 64 WEST.—Desirable large front room; also hall room; excellent table; luncheon, dinner.

49TH, 49 WEST.—Large front room, for two; excellent table; exclusive; references.

68TH ST., 42 West.—Ideal Summer home; excellent rooms; homelike; board optional; $5; excellent location.

72D ST., 133 WEST.—Desirable large and hall rooms; baths; board; terms reasonable; references.

79TH ST., 121 WEST.—Room, with board; high grade; Summer rates.

80TH ST., 154 WEST.—One double, one single room; near Subway and "L"; Summer rates.

82D ST., 119 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; running water; all conveniences; excellent table; 'phone.

BOARDERS WANTED.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

84TH ST., 150 WEST.—Front, cool, double, single rooms; excellent table; homelike; very reasonable. Lashley.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Artistically furnished rooms; exclusive residential locality, near Central Park; Summer rates.

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Pleasant single room; southern exposure; good board; telephone; references.

94TH ST., 250 WEST.—Are you looking for a boarding house that is not a boarding house? That is an attractive home where you will be served with the best the market affords, and receive thoughtful and kindly but unobtrusive attention? Address B., Box 46 Times, Times Square.

95TH ST., 149 WEST.—Two large connecting rooms; private bath; private house; elevated, Subway; telephone.

142D ST., 516 WEST.—Private house; running water; good board; refined Christian family; references expected.

AEROPOLIS HOTEL, 519 WEST 123D ST.—Commercial accomodation at reasonable rates; European or American plan.

FRENCH FAMILY would like to give board and room to young lady or gentleman; private house, well situated near Highbridge; rate $6 a week. Address M. L., Box 15 Times, Times Square.

ROOMS WITH BOARD.—Table boarders; telephone 7442 Riverside; convenient "L," Subway; Summer prices; references.

WEST END AV., 879, Corner 103d; Block from Riverside Park, Subway Express Station, and Surface Cars.—Beautifully furnished rooms, overlooking Park and river; private baths; private telephones; superior table; more foliage than country; every convenience.

East Side.

15TH ST., 218 EAST.—Most desirable rooms; view of Stuyvesant Park; excellent table; telephone; references.

IRVING PLACE, 53, (Nicholas Fish Mansion.)—Attractive to those appreciating quiet, well-ordered house; breakfast served in rooms; references.

MADISON AV., 673, 694, 696, Corner 61st.—Suites and single rooms; private baths; excellent board optional; block Central Park; Summer rates.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 5, Brooklyn Heights.—Facing Wall St.; Subway to Broadway, N. Y.; aristocratic neighborhood, house; table beautifully served; supplied with choicest products of New York markets.

Long Island.

Douglas Manor Inn, Douglaston.—Open all the year; beautiful, convenient, homelike; on Little Neck Bay; easy commuting distance.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

1.—Extreme Cleanliness.—Parlor bedroom, bath; $25-$50 monthly; meals, table d'hote. 22 West 60th.

12TH ST., 117 WEST.—Pleasant, sunny hall room, closet. Call after 12.

34TH ST., 221 WEST.—Large front, also outside single room; well-furnished modern elevator apartment; electricity, telephone. Saunders.

38TH ST., 14 WEST.—Large rooms, nicely furnished, bath; also small room; appointments first-class; 'phone.

44TH ST., 216 WEST.—Desirable well-furnished clean rooms; quiet, refined surroundings; board optional; moderate; references.

45TH, 232 WEST, Near Hotel Astor.—Refined home; exceptionally clean; large or hall room.

50TH ST., 70 WEST, (5th Av.)—Substantially furnished, sunny rooms, private baths; Subway; telephone; transients.

50TH ST., 70 WEST, (5th Av.)—Daintily furnished, sunny rooms; private baths; "L," Subway; telephone.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant rooms, running water; excellent table; moderate.

66TH ST., 62 WEST.—Opportunity; man will share room, homelike, reasonable; separate beds; references. Frost.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Rooms for gentlemen; daintily furnished; electric lights, telephone; hot and cold water every room; private baths; exceptional attendance; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

76TH ST., 241 WEST.—Summer rates; handsomely furnished, cool rooms, with board; gentlemen preferred; references.

82D ST., 37 WEST.—Attractive large room, suitable for two; also small room; every convenience; telephone; references.

82D ST., 115 WEST.—Desirable furnished rooms; quiet, refined surroundings; southern exposure; gentlemen; references.

83D ST., 68 WEST.—Elegantly furnished back parlor; small room; Summer rates; telepuone; breakfast; references.

84TH ST., 120 WEST.—Good-sized rooms; running water; all modern conveniences; suitable one, two. Cribler.

86TH ST., 308 WEST.—Desirable rooms, southern exposure; Summer rates; gentlemen; references; Subway.

87TH ST., 115 WEST.—Nicely furnished front room, bath adjoining; private family; convenient to "L" and Subway; gentlemen.

88TH, (570 West end Av.)—In private house, handsomely furnished room; telephone 7996—Riverside.

91ST ST., 74 WEST.—Beautiful rooms; also front basement; private house; convenient Subway, L.; telephone.

94TH ST., 78 WEST.—Connecting single rooms; nicely furnished; running water; suit friends; telephone. Hayes.

101ST ST., 211 WEST.—Large, light rooms; convenient to Subway; telephone; all-night elevator; gentlemen.

110TH ST., 50 WEST.—Elegant room in high-class elevator apartment, facing Morningside Park; moderate to reliable party. Apartment 15.

122D ST., 514 WEST, Near Broadway.—High-class outside rooms; single, double; all conveniences. Kenyon.

122D ST., 514 WEST.—Large, airy, outside rooms; elevator, electric lights, telephone; Summer rates. Colnac.

135TH, 628 WEST.—Desirable furnished rooms; running water, bath adjoining; near Subway; reasonable.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 390.—Single and double rooms; running water. Whitney.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 843, Windermere Court, corner 127th.—Handsomely furnished rooms in high-class elevator apartment house, $3.50 weekly up; also four, five, six room apartments, magnificently furnished; linen, silver; $12.50 weekly up.

SUBURBANLIKE SURROUNDINGS.
82d St., 8 West.—Airy, cheerful, single and double rooms; elegantly furnished; spotlessly kept; use of parlor; bath, hot water; telephone; moderate.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 103.—Beautifully furnished one room, with private bath, $10 per week.

East Side.

25TH ST., 54 EAST.—Accommodations equal swellest hotels, half the price; unrivaled location; Summer rates.

43D ST., 18 EAST, Opposite Hotel Manhattan.—Desirable large room, running water; pleasant small room.

60TH ST., 57 EAST.—Most desirable large front room; private house; telephone; references; Summer rates.

116TH ST., 128 EAST.—Elegantly furnished, large room, $5 weekly; two rooms, two beds, $7; all-night elevator; continuous hot water, electric light, &c.; convenient Subway, "L." The Leland.

COUNTRY BOARD.

20c. a line 1 time; 30 times consecutively or three times a week $5.00 a line.

FAIRVIEW HOUSE,
Chatham, Morris County, N. J.—7 acres lawn and garden; less than 5 minutes' walk from depot; accommodate 150. Booklet.
J. E. BEERBOWER.

MANASQUAN, N. J.—Tiebout Cottage, splendidly located amid pines and maples, fifteen minutes from beautiful Manasquan Beach; good board; large, airy rooms. Information, L Pouchir, 377 Macon St., Brooklyn.

THE LORRAINE, UPPER MONTCLAIR, surrounded by hills; very near golf and tennis clubs; rooms unusually well furnished. Southern cooking; terms moderate.

Beautiful mountain scenery, large, shady lawn; modern conveniences; no children; two hours from New York. Mrs. L. H. Palmer, Sugar Loaf, N. Y.

LEONIA HEIGHTS, (2½ Miles Ferry.)—High air; large grounds; excellent board; $8-$10. Apply at 673 Madison Av., New York City.

Summer boarders wanted; rooms and table board unsurpassed at the price. Write to Mrs. L. A. Bartlett, Belgrade Lakes, Me.

UPPER MONTCLAIR.—Fine, large rooms; excellent board; references required. J., Box 66 Times, Times Square.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO the owner or owners of all houses and lots, improved or unimproved lands affected thereby, that the following proposed assessments have been completed and are lodged in the office of the Board of Assessors for examination by all persons interested, viz.:

Borough of Queens.

List 9477, No. 1.—Regulating, grading, curbing, flagging, and laying crosswalks in De Bevoise Avenue, from Jackson Avenue to Flushing Avenue, First Ward, together with a list of awards for damages caused by a change of grade.

List 9947, No. 2.—Regulating grading, curbing, and flagging the west side of North Prince Street, between Broadway and State Street, Third Ward, together with a list of awards for damages caused by a change of grade.

List 9960, No. 3.—Regulating grading, curbing, flagging, and paving Marc Place, from Grand Avenue to Newtown Avenue, together with a list of awards for damages caused by a change of grade, First Ward.

List 9978, No. 4.—Regulating, grading, curbing, and flagging Pomeroy Street, from Jackson Avenue to Washington Avenue, First Ward.

List 9990, No. 5.—Regulating grading, curbing, flagging, and laying crosswalks on Third Avenue, from Jackson Avenue to Washington Avenue, First Ward.

List 9994, No. 6.—Regulating, grading, curbing, flagging, and laying crosswalks on Wilbur Avenue, from Academy Street to William Street, First Ward, together with a list of awards for damages caused by a change of grade.

List 122, No. 7.—Regulating, grading, curbing, flagging, and paving Ditmars Avenue, from Steinway Avenue to Purdy Street, First Ward.

List 124, No. 8.—Flagging Eighth Avenue, between Seventeenth and Eighteenth Streets, Third Ward.

List 166, No. 9.—Sewer in Ludlow Avenue, from Whitney Avenue to Eighth Street, and in Eighth Street, from Ludlow Avenue to Lamont Avenue, Second Ward.

List 170, No. 10.—Sewer in Ninth Avenue, from Jackson Avenue to a point about 312 feet north of Washington Avenue.

List 174, No. 11.—Sewer in Prospect Street, from Jane Street to Payntar Avenue, First Ward.

List 179, No. 12.—Sewer in Sixteenth Avenue, from Broadway to Jackson Avenue, First Ward.

List 500, No. 13.—Temporary sewer in Nineteenth Avenue, from Eighth Avenue to Eleventh Avenue, Third Ward.

List 504, No. 14.—Temporary sewer in Seventh Avenue, from Fifteenth Street to Sixteenth Street, Third Ward.

List 505, No. 15.—Temporary sewer in Tenth Street, from Sixth Avenue to Seventh Avenue, Third Ward.

List 506, No. 16.—Sewer in Twelfth Avenue, from Jamaica Avenue to Grand Avenue, First Ward.

List 507, No. 17.—Constructing two basins on the southeast and southwest corners of Van Alst and Hoyt Avenues, First Ward.

All persons whose interests are affected by the above-named proposed assessments, and who are opposed to the same, or either of them, are requested to present their objections, in writing, to the Secretary of the Board of Assessors, No. 320 Broadway, New York, on or before June 15, 1909, at 11 A. M., at which time and place the said objections will be heard and testimony received in reference thereto.

ANTONIO ZUCCA,
PAUL WEIMANN,
JAMES H. KENNEDY,
Board of Assessors.

LOST.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

LOST—A gold bracelet, Sunday afternoon, while going from 7th Av. and Carroll St. to Arverne; 7th Av. car to L. I. R. R., Flatbush Av. station, electric train to Hammel Station; trolley car to Straiton Av., Arverne; liberal reward, not for its intrinsic value, but for the associations connected with it. Mrs. Lockitt, 127 7th Av., Brooklyn.

LOST.—Certificate of deposit No. B 33205 issued by the United States Trust Company of New York in the name of Sarah Shidlovsky, $10,000. Payment has been stopped, and all persons are hereby called upon to show cause, if any, why a new certificate should not be issued in lieu of that lost or destroyed.

LOST—$50 reward offered for information of the (1) cask French china samples lost or stolen from United States Appraisers' Warehouse, Barrow and Christopher Sts., on May 3, 1909, P. M.; no questions asked; cask marked M. & M., 5220. Thos. Lynch, 21 West Broadway. Telephone 6517—Barclay St.

LOST—Black leather wallet, containing papers made out to J. L. M. on Broadway between 35th and 29th. Reward if returned to Room 611 Hartford Bldg., 41 Union Square. No questions asked.

LOST—May 19, at 9 o'clock, either on 7th or 8th Av., in Harlem, a gentleman's round diamond locket, monogram "B. R."; liberal reward. Benjamin Robinson, 133 West 111th St.

LOST—Friday afternoon, pearl and diamond crescent pin, Tiffany setting, between 72d St. and 103d St., Riverside Drive, Broadway, downtown Subway; suitable reward. Return to 6K, Chatsworth Apartments, 344 West 72d St.

LOST.—Wednesday evening, between 58th and 60th Sts., Madison Av. and 5th Av., a diamond and pearl drop earring. Liberal reward will be paid if returned to cashier Hotel Netherland.

LOST—$1,000 Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway general mortgage 4% bond, due 1995, No. 112,894. Liberal reward for return to Henry Clews & Co., 15 Broad St., New York.

LOST—May 17, between Millburn, N. J., and New York, Greek letter fob key, with name engraved; reward. Frank B. Jewett, Room 1,406, No. 15 Dey St. New York.

LOST—At North German Lloyd dock, small gold purse, sapphire cabochon clasp, marked O. M. B.; reward. S. H. Bijur, 145 Water St.

LOST—Bank Book No. 121,727, East River Savings Bank; payment stopped. Kindly return to bank.

LOST—Gold mesh bag, Broadway, 79th, 80th Sts.; liberal reward. Box G 63 Times, Times Square.

LOST—Gold Watch, initials M. A. D., near Watts St.; reward. Dommerich, 57 Greene St.

LOST—Engineer's emblem, gold crossed hammers; reward. G 9 Times, Times Square.

LOST—Cross leather cigarette case, initials G. W. S. Withee, 243 West 102d St.

LOST—Silver watch, 3d Av., 108th St.; reward. Box G 62 Times, Times Square.

$250 REWARD to any person furnishing information where Theodore M. Roche can be found in New York or Brooklyn; age 56, 5 feet 7½, thick set, weighs 240 pounds, sandy complexion, mixed gray curly hair, brown eyes, thick eyebrows; recently disappeared; stopping somewhere under assumed name. Geo. W. Godward, 200 Broadway, New York. 'Phone 3522 Cortlandt.

FIFTY DOLLARS REWARD for return of lady's diamond horseshoe pin, lost while walking or in taxicab on East 56th St.; will redeem and pay balance of reward for pawn ticket; no questions asked. 120 East 56th St.

$50 REWARD for diamond and pearl cluster brooch, lost May 16, 5th Av., between 58th and 72d or in Central Park. Tiffany & Co., 5th Av. and 37th St.

FOUND.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

FOUND, May 18—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO. Apply 9 Morris St.: SECOND AV. ELEVATED—Cap, pair rubbers, package bottles, samples of goods, roll paper, package dresses, hat, lunch box. THIRD AV. ELEVATED.—Waist, maps, pair shoes, pair trousers, odd glove, shirt and collars, package goods, photographs, purse, key, overalls, pair rubbers, pair gloves, package cloth, towels, apron, envelope and papers, books, 2 pairs gloves, statement, suit case, 4 umbrellas. SIXTH AV. ELEVATED—Box paper, overalls, coat and trousers, odd glove, package oilcloth, button, 6 pairs gloves, can oil, pipe, knife, package mail, bottle extract, key, coin case, eyeglasses, 4 umbrellas. NINTH AV. ELEVATED—Overalls, bills of lading, music, book, envelopes, pocketbook, purse, cat, 2 umbrellas. IN SUBWAY—Package billheads, 4 pairs gloves, drawing paper, 3 bits, belt, 2 photographs, 2 cases, watch, bag, 2 purses, books, mirror, girdle, overalls, eyeglasses, shirt, bottle polish, papers, typewriter paper, waist, bank book, 6 umbrellas.

FOUND, May 19—L. I. R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Package, umbrella.

FOUND, May 19—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Desk, Jersey City: Cane, umbrella, package.

FOUND, May 19—D., L. & W. R. R. Apply Information Desk, Hoboken, N. J.: 4 packages, 3 umbrellas, suit case.

FOUND, May 19—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggage Master, Jersey City: Underwear, pair slippers, corkscrew, fountain pen, card case, pair eyeglasses, safety razor, toilet case, receipt book, collar case, veil, pajamas, 3 books, satchel, pair spectacles, derby hat, 2 umbrellas. 23D ST. STATION—Package.

FOUND, May 19—N. Y. CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Article Office, Grand Central Station: 2 overcoats, 4 umbrellas, coat and pants, book, 4 packages.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED.

20c. a line 1 time; 30 times consecutively or three times a week $5.00 a line.

WANTED—Country board for the Summer by gentleman, wife, and daughter 9 years old; must be accessible to city; references given and required. Address Box D 95 Times, Times Sq.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, THIRD JUDICIAL District.—ASHOKAN RESERVOIR, Section No. 17, Ulster County.—Notice of application for the appointment of Commissioners of Appraisal.

Public notice is hereby given that it is the intention of the Corporation Counsel of the City of New York to make application to the Supreme Court of the State of New York for the appointment of Commissioners of Appraisal under Chapter 724 of the Laws of 1905, as amended.

Such application will be made to the Supreme Court at a Special Term thereof to be held in and for the Third Judicial District, at the City Hall in the City of Albany, Albany County, N. Y., on the 22d day of May, 1909, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard. The object of such application is to obtain an order of the court appointing three disinterested and competent freeholders, one of whom shall reside in the County of New York, and at least one of whom shall reside in the county where the real estate hereinafter described is situated, to act as Commissioners of Appraisal under said act and discharge all the duties conferred by the said act and the acts amendatory thereof, upon such Commissioners of Appraisal, for the purpose of providing an additional supply of pure and wholesome water for the City of New York.

The real estate sought to be taken or affected is situated in the Town of Hurley, County of Ulster, and State of New York.

The following is a description of the real estate to be acquired in fee, together with a reference to the date and place of filing the map.

All those certain pieces or parcels of real estate situated in the Town of Hurley, County of Ulster and State of New York, shown on a map entitled "Reservoir Department. Section No. 17. Board of Water Supply of The City of New York. Map of real estate situated in the Town of Hurley, County of Ulster and State of New York, to be acquired by The City of New York under the provisions of Chapter 724 of the Laws of 1905, as amended, for the construction of Ashokan Reservoir and appurtenances, in the vicinity of West Hurley dike," which map was filed in the office of the County Clerk of the County of Ulster, at Kingston, New York, on the 4th day of March, 1909, which parcels are bounded and described as follows:

NORTHERLY PORTION.

Beginning at the southwest corner of parcel No. 812, in the northerly line of the property of the Ulster and Delaware R. R. Company, said point being also in the southerly line of the northerly portion of real estate section 16, Reservoir Department (the map of which section was filed in the office of the County Clerk of the County of Ulster, at Kingston, N. Y., on March 4th, 1909), and running thence partly along said southerly line, and along the westerly, northerly and partly along the easterly lines of said parcel No. 812, the following courses and distances: N. 25° 02' W. 1449.7 feet, N. 56° 11' E. 750.7 feet, S. 34° 07' E. 388.3 feet, S. 28° 23' E. 1428 feet, N. 65° 19' E. 353.6 feet, S. 34° 10' W. 139.2 feet and S. 66° 20' E. 206 feet to a point in the center of a road leading from West Hurley to Woodstock; thence along the center line of said road, N. 28° 35' E. 212.2 feet; thence N. 65° 56' W. 24.7 feet to a point in the westerly line of said road; thence along said road line, N. 28° 35' E. 1,063 feet; thence continuing along the line of parcel No. 812 and the southerly line of the northerly portion of section 16, N. 63° 27' W. 100 feet, N. 24° 55' E. 296.9 feet and S. 65° 06' E. 124.7 feet to another point in the center of said road; thence along the center line thereof, and continuing along said easterly parcel line, N. 28° 10' E. 83.9 feet to a point in the westerly line of parcel No. 815; thence partly along said line and the easterly line of said parcel, along the easterly line of parcel No. 816, and continuing along the southerly line of the northerly portion of section 16, the following courses and distances: N. 29° 21' W. 75 feet, N. 37° 19' E. 716.4 feet, S. 29° 55' E. 1995.3 feet, crossing the before mentioned road leading from West Hurley to Woodstock, and S. 19° 13' W. 337.1 feet to the southeast corner of said parcel No. 816, in the northerly line of parcel No. 818, in the center of a road leading from West Hurley to Kingston; thence partly along said northerly parcel line and along the center line of said road, S. 82° 51' E. 281 feet to the point of intersection of said center line with the center line of a road leading from Woodstock to Morgan Hill, at the northeast corner of said parcel No. 818; thence partly along the easterly line of said parcel and along the center line of the last mentioned road, S. 0° 10' W. 242.6 feet to a point in the westerly line of parcel No. 819; thence partly along said line, S. 77° 16' E. 137.9 feet to a point in the center of the before mentioned road leading from West Hurley to Kingston; thence along the center line of said road, S. 3° 13' E. 58.8 feet; thence continuing along the westerly line of parcel No. 819, the following courses and distances: N. 70° 38' E. 490. feet, N. 29° 40' W. 264. feet, S. 74° 02' W. 95.6 feet, N. 11° 35' E. 320.1 feet and N. 7° 07' W. 811.4 feet to a point in the center of the before mentioned road leading from Morgan Hill to Woodstock; thence along the center line of said road, and continuing along the westerly line of parcel No. 819, N. 1° 49' W. 417.2 feet and N. 7° 11' E. 144.7 feet to the northwest corner of said parcel; thence partly along the northerly line of same, along the northerly line of parcel No. 821, and continuing along the southerly line of the northerly portion of section 16, the following courses and distances: S. 78° 39' E. 176.8 feet, S. 70° 00' E. 229.5 feet, N. 84° 55' E. 295.2 feet, S. 49° 53' E. 205.8 feet, S. 48° 00' E. 830. feet and S. 51° 29' E. 588.7 feet (partly along the southerly line of a road leading from Sawkill to Kingston), to a point in the center of said road, in the westerly line of parcel No. 822, said point being the southeast corner of said southerly portion of section 16; thence partly along the easterly line of said portion and said westerly parcel line, N. 11° 07' E. 35. feet and N. 39° 40' E. 471.4 feet; thence along the easterly lines of said parcel No. 822 and parcel No. 827, the following courses, distances and curves: S. 14° 00' W. 176.7 feet, S. 22° 12' W. 660.1 feet, S. 42° 08' W. 181.5 feet, on a curve of 338.2 feet radius to the left, 154.8 feet, S. 15° 54' W. 437.2 feet, on a curve of 467. feet radius to the left, 184.7 feet, and S. 6° 46' E. 51.5 feet to the southeast corner of said parcel No. 827, in the before mentioned northerly line of the property of the Ulster and Delaware R. R. Company; thence along said railroad property line and the southerly lines of said parcel 827 and parcel 826, S. 83° 09' W. 46.2 feet to a point in the westerly line of the before mentioned road leading from Sawkill to Kingston, at the southwest corner of said parcel No. 826; thence partly along the westerly line of said parcel, and continuing along said railroad property line, N. 22° 57' W. 71.6 feet, and N. 4°

COMMISSION DEFENDS NEW BUILDING CODE

Majority Brands the Minority Report as "Sheer Misrepresentation."

SAYS FACTS ARE DISTORTED

No Fostering of Graft in the Report Favoring Certain Fire-Proofing Regulations.

The majority members of the Building Code Revision Commission replied to the criticisms of their report made by the minority of the body yesterday in the form of a statement issued through John D. Moore, who was a member of the committee that drew the marjority report. He characterized the statement issued by the minority on Sunday as "sheer misrepresentation and distortion of the actual facts."

He took up the criticisms of the minority in detail and insisted that neither the Roebling Construction Company nor any of the other concerns, which put in concrete fireproof floor arches, will be driven out of business if the new code is adopted. He agreed, however, that the cost of installing this method of fireproofing will be increased by the substitution of stone or slag for cinders and ashes in the composition of the concrete, but estimated that the increase will not be more than 3 cents a square foot, making the average cost about 16 cents a foot. The hollow-tile bricks cost about 22 cents a foot, he added.

"It would be difficult to conceive of more misleading and unfounded statements than have been made by the minority in this connection," said Mr. Moore. "The cry that 'cinder concrete will be put out of business' has no basis, in fact. We took the step of requiring that stone or gravel be used in the concrete floor arches installed in buildings over 100 feet in height, for the reason that the San Francisco and Baltimore fires showed unmistakably that improvement in the fireproofing of tall structures is imperative and that concrete so made is a vastly superior article to cinder concrete.

"Only yesterday I had a discussion with Samuel M. Green, an eminent engineer, and the nephew of the late Andrew H. Green, on this point, and he declared flatly that, in his judgment, stone concrete is the only suitable kind for this purpose.

"Nothing in the majority report can be in any way construed as giving the tile men a monopoly. Those informed of the cost of concrete construction agree that stone concrete arches can be supplied in direct competition with hollow tile. In their opinion the statement that the cost of concrete will be increased to 7 cents a foot is without foundation.

"Sprinklers are not required in all buildings, as the minority state. They were provided for in accordance with the earnest request of the minority, especially Mr. Smith, who represented the New York Board of Fire Underwriters. Had he made known his desire to have sprinklers omitted, the spokesman is sure the commission would have granted that request.

"During the last ten years a stupendous amount of steel has been erected, and the Building Superintendents have been powerless to compel the proper painting, which is essential for the preservation of the metal. The report of the majority corrects this by requiring that in the future either red lead or American graphite shall be used. The minority require the use of 'suitable' paint, leaving their meaning entirely to the imagination.

"The use of the term American graphite has been seized upon by the minority as a pretext for howling graft. American graphite is a patented article in precisely the same manner as are Belgian blocks, German silver, and Russian caviar."

WARNS CITY EMPLOYES.

There's Too Much Protection for Merit System, Civil Service Head Says.

In a speech before several hundred city employes at a meeting of the City Council of the New York Civil Service Association, held last night at the County Court House, Frank L. Polk, President of the Municipal Civil Service Commission, warned the organization against excessive zeal in protecting its members in office, and declared that unreasonable protection of civil service employes would do more harm than enything else to the competitive system.

"Remember, the public are quick to criticise its servants, and the competitive service has always been a butt at which the gibes of the press are directed, so any misstep on your part will be quickly seized on by your critics," said he.

The Civil Service Commission held another hearing yesterday on the proposed amendments to the law taking many high-salaried city jobs off the appointive list and placing them in the competitive class. The proposal to make this change with reference to the sixty-two marine sounders of the Dock Department and the sixteen examiners of the Commissioners of Accounts' office was taken up. Assistant Engineer Trout of the Dock Department declared that a technical examination of the sounders would be desirable. Philip J. Coffey, the clerk of the labor division of the civil service employes of the city, opposed the change.

Commissioner of Accounts Mitchell spoke against the placing of his examiners in the competitive class, declaring that it was desirable for him to be able to discharge an employe of his office on suitable charges.

The hearings will be continued to-morrow, and at that time the same question with reference to the Assistant Deputy Controller, and twenty-nine cashiers, three deputy auditors of accounts, ten bank messengers, and twenty-two expert accountants in the Department of Finance will be taken up. The Assistant Deputy Controllership pays $6,000 a year. The present incumbent is Hubert L. Smith.

CHOATE AT CITY COLLEGE.

Talks on International Arbitration and Praises Senator Root.

Joseph H. Choate addressed the students of City College at their celebration of "Arbitration Day" yesterday afternoon on International arbitration. The day marked the tenth anniversary of The Hague Conference. President Finlay presided.

Mr. Choate, who was one of the delegates of the United States to the second Hague Conference in 1907, said that contrary to the general belief the conference had accomplished much in the direction of international arbitration. He outlined the advances made in establishing an international prize court, and gaining the consent of all nations not to resort to force in the collection of debts until arbitration had been tried.

Mr. Choate paid a high tribute to Senator Root, former Secretary of State, and heralded him as the greatest champion of the international peace movement.

Hunyadi János

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Is Nature's own remedy for common ills, such as torpid liver, indigestion and disorder of the bowels. Its action is speedy, sure and gentle, without leaving any bad after effects. It is cordially recommended by the best Physicians and its extensive use all over the world for nearly half a century is its best recommendation. Try it and judge for yourself when you suffer from

CONSTIPATION

WILLIAMS TO OUST MURRAY.

New Immigration Commissioner Will Not Retain Present Assistant.

William Williams, the new Commissioner of Immigration at this port, succeeding Robert Watchorn, returned to New York yesterday from Washington. He said that he will probably take office on May 27. Mr. Williams served a year as Immigration Commissioner here, but resigned. It was said at the time that one of his reasons for his resigning was because of disagreements in administration affairs with Joseph Murray, the then and now Assistant Commissioner.

Mr. Williams was asked yesterday whether Mr. Murray would remain as Assistant Commissioner. He said that Mr. Murray would not continue in office. Mr. Murray is a personal friend of Col. Roosevelt. It was he who, when Roosevelt was just beginning to rise in the political world, nominated Roosevelt when he went to the Assembly from the old Twenty-first Assembly District. For this he won the title of the "Original Roosevelt man." He was made Assistant Commissioner of Immigration here when Mr. Williams was made Commissioner and sent in to reorganize affairs after the Fitchie administration.

It was said unofficially yesterday that Mr. Murray is to be appointed to a $3,000 a year position in the customs service.

RUNAWAY BOY RETURNS.

Decides to Abandon the Idea of Being a Farmer After Two-Day Tramp.

"I bet yer I ain't goin' to run away from home any more. I'm goin' to stay right here an' be a fireman. That's better'n bein' a farmer, anyhow."

Fourteen-year-old Harry McCullen made this declaration to a TIMES reporter last night at his mother's home, 69 West 108th Street, and Mrs. McCullen smiled when she heard it. It was a relief to smile when Harry had been away from home since Monday.

Harry came home last night footsore and weary and ready to throw himself into his mother's arms and weep. Even at this tender moment, however, there was a tinge of envy in the boy's voice as he replied to his mother's question:

"Naw, Bruce didn't come home. He's goin' to Albany, and he's got the nerve to do it."

Bruce is otherwise Bruce Edward Jillson, and he is 13. He lives near his chum, Harry, at 4 West 108th Street with his mother and father, Mr. and Mrs. Frank R. Jillson, the former an insurance broker. He accompanied Harry on the tramp away from home from which Harry returned last night beaten out.

According to the youngster, he and Bruce became tired of the confinement of school and decided that they would rather be farmers. Bruce had once spent some time on a farm at Pleasantville, N. Y., so the lads decided to walk there and look for work where Bruce was known. On Monday morning they boarded a Subway train instead of going to school and rode to the end of the Broadway line. Then they walked, hour after hour. At nightfall they had reached Ossining. It was too late to proceed further or to look for work, so the boys crawled under the planks of the railroad station platform and went to sleep.

"There was rats there, and I didn't like it," said Harry last night. "I'd rather be in my own bed."

Nevertheless the boys stuck it out through Tuesday, and, finding no work to do, went to sleep again under the platform, determined in the morning to continue further toward Pleasantville. Yesterday, however, Harry's courage failed him. When Bruce met two boys walking the railroad tracks and discovered that one of them had attended the same school in the city and was then on his way to Albany, Harry decided to turn back, but Bruce voted to continue to Albany.

The boys parted then, and Harry walked all the way back to the city. Last night Mr. Jillson left for Ossining in the hope that he might overtake his son. The police all along the Hudson River towns have been notified to look for the boy.

FAITH COULDN'T CURE HER.

Then Mrs. Warren Called in a Physician, Though a Christian Scientist.

Mrs. Elizabeth M. Warren, wife of Theodore D. Warren, former First Reader of the First Church of Christ Scientists in Orange, died yesterday of pneumonia at her home near the church in Cleveland Street, after both Christian Science and medical science had failed to effect a cure. She was not quite 60 years old. Mrs. Warren had herself been a Reader in the Science Church.

Before being converted to the new faith Mr. and Mrs. Warren were members of the Brick Presbyterian Church of East Orange, where they lived for some years. She was a member of the New England Women, a society of Puritan descendants in Orange, and also belonged to the Musical Art Society. She was a native of Colchester, Conn., and was married forty-two years ago to Mr. Warren in New York. He and a daughter, Mrs. Albert S. Parmalee of East Orange, survive her.

Christian Science healing was tried at first to allay the suffering of Mrs. Warren, and when that failed Dr. Eugene G. West, ahomeopathist, was called.

HOME BEST, THOUGHT CANARY

So He Flew Into the Nearest Window and a Found Ad. Sent Him Back.

The family of Edward L. Fisher of 1,185 Simpson Avenue never look at their canary now without thinking how a two-line advertisement in THE TIMES'S Lost Column found the songster three miles across the city from their home.

Early on Monday morning E. M. Atkins of 630 West 135th Street heard a small commotion at the window where his canary's cage was, and found his bird unaccountably excited, hopping about and chirping shrilly. Outside on the window sill was another canary, and as soon as Mr. Fisher lifted the sash the yellow-coated visitor flew into the room.

Seeing that some one must be mourning a pet Mr. Atkins inserted an advertisement in Tuesday's TIMES. Less than ten hours later Mr. Fisher called at his house, identified the canary, which proudly bears the name of "Peter," and took it home.

WESTERN UNION MUST PAY.

Federal Judge Upholds $3,154,000 Tax Assessment in Kansas.

TOPEKA, Kan., May 19.—Judge Pollock in the Federal court here to-day upheld the law creating the State Tax Board and affirming a tax of $3,154,000 assessed by the board against the Western Union Telegraph Company.

The company brought suit, asserting that the assessment was excessive and attacking the constitutionality of the board's act.

FOXWELL DENIES LARCENY.

Says He Sent Copper Company's Money to Belgian Promoters.

BOSTON, May 19.—After pleading not guilty to a charge of the larceny by false pretenses of $2,000 from the Growler Copper Company, Charles L. Foxwell, who was brought back from Washington to-day, had a long interview with the police officials, and declared that while he received the money, he sent part of it to a promoting company in Belgium.

Foxwell offered to prove his assertions by producing the receipt for the money from the express company. He said that if the Belgium concern was not an honest corporation he had been duped as well as the Growler Company.

Although unable to furnish $4,000 bail, and forced to go to jail, he said he expected influential friends to come to his assistance.

Helps a Bark to Find Her Way.

The Cunard steamship Carmania arrived yesterday from Liverpool. When near Nantucket, on Tuesday morning, Capt. Barr fell in with the bark Jeanne, bound from Trapani for Rockland, flying distress signals. On inquiry he found that she had lost her way, and supplied her skipper with his position. Among the passengers were R. S. Hawthorne, Col. R. S. Porter, Perry C. Smith, and John C. Wakeford.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.	Loss.
1:30—1,412 3d Av.; J. Freer	Trifling
2:45—249 Eldridge St.; Sam Weiss	None
10:50—202 W. 118th St.; M. Morgenthal	$1,200
11:30—554 W. 125th St.; Wm. Kenna	Slight
P. M.	
12:35—28 Pell St.; Woh Hop	$10
2:35—4 W. 114th St.; M. Lieberwitz	$50
7:00—42 West 57th St.; Campbell & Coler	$10

FOWLER DISAGREES WITH GERMAN ENVOY

Congressman Replies to Count von Bernstorff at Manufacturers' Dinner.

COMMERCE THE QUESTION

Diplomat Urges Mutuality with Germany, and the Other Speaker Says "Look Out."

There was a slight clash last night at the banquet of the National Association of Manufacturers at the Waldorf between the German Ambassador, Count von Bernstorff, and Congressman Fowler. Count von Bernstorff spoke of the benefits of mutuality in foreign trade, apparently remembering that the present modus vivendi on commercial subjects between the United States and the German Empire expires with the change in the tariff, and took pains to explain that the cry of pauper labor in Europe could not fairly now be applied to Germany.

The Congressman, leaving his prepared speech, replied to the diplomat that it was more important for Americans to look after the twenty-five billions of home trade which enjoys protection than the ten billions of foreign commerce for which the whole world is scrambling.

Ludwig Nisson was the toastmaster, and before the regular speeches began was presented with a gavel from the association. He first called on John Kirby, Jr., the newly elected President of the association, but he excused himself on the ground that if he made a speech he was sure to touch upon "shop."

This forced Count von Bernstorff to apologize for talking shop, as he felt obliged to defend the doctrine of mutuality in foreign trade. He expressed the hope that Germany might negotiate a new commercial treaty with the United States, and went on to explain what he meant by mutuality in foreign trade.

"All industrial nations," he said, "however well they are protected, reach a point when their factories outrun the demands of their own customers. Then commerce steps in and commerce is reciprocal and based on fair exchange and mutuality. I take the liberty of assuming that when you invited me you intended to show your wish to trade more and more with Germany on the basis of fair exchange."

The Ambassador pointed out that of the total of German imports, 15 per cent. come from the United States, while of its exports only 9½ per cent. come to the United States. Of its imported harvesting machines Germany gets 82 per cent. from America, but only 12 per cent. of the leather goods and shoes which she imports, and none of all of her imported cotton yarns.

Then taking up the question of pauper labor in Europe, the Ambassador said:

"I very much doubt whether the standard of life of German labor is lower than it is here. Living is cheaper in Germany because there is not such high import duties. Immigration to the United States from Germany in the last twenty years has been very small, and this shows that the inducement for the workman to come over is no longer so great. In most of our large factories wages have risen from 20 to 30 per cent. in the last ten years."

Above all the German social legislation has affected the standing of the workman, according to the Ambassador. Amid cheers from the manufacturers he spoke of the freedom of the German toiler from the fear of sickness or accident through the compulsory insurance laws. He went on to argue that this has been gained at a good deal of cost to the masters, and urged that it must be remembered that they have to pay out large sums for their workers.

Mrs. Harriet Fisher of Trenton, N. J., the only woman member of the association, was seated at the table of honor, and Mr. Nissen coupled her name specially with the toast which he gave to the women in the boxes.

He then called on Congressman Charles N. Fowler, Chairman of the House Committee on Banking and Currency, who began:

"Let us be careful lest in establishing mutuality we give away our own market of $25,000,000,000. You should be very careful before you make a move that it is really to your advantage. Remember that the home market is our own, and that it is better to have a home market of $25,000,000,000 than to be sharing in a foreign market of $10,000,000,000, for which every nation is a competitor."

He suggested that foreign trade might cost as much as it is worth, and pointed out that Germany, which has the most perfect development of its foreign trade, under Bismarck had followed the example of America in adopting protection.

Former Congressman James E. Watson addressed the association on the importance of a mercantile marine.

KIRBY CHALLENGES UNIONISM.

The New President Puts This Question Foremost in Inauguration Address.

John Kirby, Jr., of the Dayton Manufacturing Company of Dayton, Ohio, was elected President of the National Association of Manufacturers by unanimous vote at its convention at the Waldorf yesterday afternoon. In thanking the members for his election he declared emphatically that important as were such questions as the tariff and banking and currency the one matter which had brought them there was the labor problem. He protested against the least compromise on this, and warned the association against the attempt of labor organizations to win over to their side the women's associations. He said in part:

"Mr. Samuel Gompers has said that Mr. Van Cleave was permitted to continue to be President of this association last year because of the delicate position of his own affairs; but that this year, while he was pretending to resign, he would be thrown out. If Mr. Gompers reads what took place here this morning and that Mr. John Kirby has been elected in his place I do not know what comfort he is going to draw from it.

"The labor question involves a great principle, which should not be fooled with if we are going to keep America American. The life of the American Federation of Labor is hanging by a thread, but by a well-devised plan they are seeking the aid of the women's clubs and every philanthropic and religious organization they can stick their wicked heads into to sow the seeds of socialism and anarchy."

Mr. Kirby spoke of an address he had heard delivered at the Dayton Y. M. C. A. recently by a labor leader, in which attacks were made on capital, and said: "I mention this in order that you, who are supporters of the Y. M. C. A., may keep your ears open to see that this thing is not creeping into the organization."

Referring to newspaper items dealing with strikers' violence and legislation proposed by the unions at Washington Mr. Kirby went on:

"We find men of prominence who ought to know better associating with them and sending them out to address women's clubs and making prominent women Presidents of the women's branches of this State and the other States. I say to you, without fear of being contradicted, this is the greatest danger we have got. If it had not been for that class of people organized labor of the militant type would have been as dead as a mackerel to-day.

"Leave the question between organized labor and the people directly interested and we can settle it without any of this philanthropic aid these people think they are giving for the sake of humanity. My policy is the policy of David M. Parry and James M. Van Cleave."

"Multiplied by two," cried a member amid applause.

Mr. Kirby went on to say that of course he would be reasonable, but he could not compromise with his principles. He told how a National Guard Captain had faced a mob with a cannon and scattered them and said:

"That's my way in dealing with any criminal. He can't come to my house and associate with my wife in the hope of reforming me. I've got to take hold of the animal and shake it out of him. You may call me a radical, but I want to stand with the 95 per cent. of working men in defense of their rights, so that when the Master calls me home I can say I stood for God's law and compromised not one atom of principle."

In token of the appreciation with which the association regards the work done for it during his three years of office Mr. Van Cleave received yesterday from the members a bronze tablet commemorating his services, a ruby and diamond tie pin, and a check for $10,000, accompanied by an illuminated address. The presentation was made by Ludwig Nissen. In addition the California members of the association gave Mr. Van Cleave a diamond ring and the heads of departments of the New York office of the association presented to him the gold badge of the association with a diamond in the centre.

Among the resolutions adopted by the association yesterday was one on the tariff. It reaffirmed its indorsement of the principle of protection, advocated the creation of a board to study and report on industrial facts for the use of Congress and the President, and expressed appreciation of the action of Senator Aldrich and the Senate Finance Committee in authorizing the President to initiate such a policy.

The State delegations elected these Vice Presidents: Connecticut, Charles M. Jarvis; Delaware, Edward T. Betts; Georgia, E. G. Gordon; Illinois, William H. Parlin; Indiana, C. C. Hanch; Kentucky, W. H. Logan; Maryland, William A. Dickey, Jr.; Massachusetts, George T. Coppins; Michigan, Henry B. Joy; Maine, F. C. Schwedtman; New Hampshire, E. Bertrand Pike; New Jersey, Enos Paullin; New York, Giles H. Stillwell; Ohio, George D. Selby; Pennsylvania, Daniel C. Ripley; Rhode Island, Wallace L. Pond; Tennessee, H. S. Chamberin; Vermont, N. K. Williams; West Virginia, W. A. B. Dalzell; Wisconsin, H. Miles.

The Vice Presidents at large are James M. Van Cleave, David M. Parry, J. G. Battelle, M. D. Post, D. A. Tompkins, and Ludwig Nissen. Francis H. Stillman was re-elected treasurer.

SURGEON QUITS TRAINING SHIP

Dr. O'Brien and Capt. Everhart Quarreled Over a Drug—Newport Delayed.

The schoolship Newport, which was to have sailed for a Summer cruise in the North Sea yesterday morning with over 160 boys studying seamanship is lying in the harbor of New London, Conn., waiting for a new surgeon. Dr. Keran O'Brien of 190 State Street, Brooklyn, after seven years of the service, resigned yesterday, voicing uncomplimentary opinions of Capt. Everhart, her commander. The Newport is under the direct jurisdiction of the New York Board of Education.

According to Dr. O'Brien, the trouble arose from a dispute over the drug asysernine. This is a drug, according to Dr. O'Brien, of very general use, which he could not think of doing without on an eight-months' voyage. He had forgotten to purchase it in April, when the date for setting sail was announced, and Capt. Everhart protested against getting the drug at the last hour before sailing. After a heated argument Dr. O'Brien went below, wrote out his resignation, and quit the ship. He then took a train with his wife from New London, and arrived here at 8:30 last night.

BATONYI ATTACHES PROPERTY

Levies on the Mrs. Batonyi, Work, and Sturgis Estates and Bonds.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., May 19.—A Deputy Sheriff of Newport to-day attached the properties of Frank Sturgis of New York and Newport, consisting of the Faxon Farm in Middletown, taxed for $14,000, and his estate on the cliffs known as Faxon Villa and taxed for $62,000; Two-Mile Corner Farm in Middletown, owned by Mrs. Aurel Batonyi and taxed for $20,000, and Elm Court, on Bellevue Avenue, and the property of Frank Work of New York, which is assessed for $83,600. Stocks and bonds in Newport banks belonging to these persons bring the total amount attached up to $330,000. The suit is known as an action of trespass in the case of Trover.

The attachments are the result of properties which Aurel Batonyi attempted to regain since 1907 from the Two-Mile Corner Farm, where Mr. and Mrs. Batonyi lived. Mr. Batonyi asserts his wife would have willingly returned the properties which belonged to him, but that her father, Frank Work, through his personal lawyer, James Henry Work, his nephew, and also Frank K. Sturgis, through his personal lawyer, W. M. K. Olcott, prevented Mrs. Batonyi from returning his personal property.

HAD ONE WIFE TOO MANY.

Clerk Sent to Prison for Deserting His Post for a Cloak Model.

Emanuel Nathan, a young clerk in a Fourteenth Street department store, was sentenced yesterday to the Elmira Reformatory by Judge Foster in General Sessions on a conviction of bigamy. The testimony showed that Nathan was first married on April 4, 1907, by the Rev. Robert W. Cochrane. It was charged that after living with his wife for a short period he deserted her.

Nathan was married a second time on April 3 last to Mildred Edna Wise, a cloak model in the same store in which he was employed. The second wife appeared in court and pleaded for her husband, but without avail.

"Your experience in matrimony," said Judge Foster, "should have taught you a lesson. You knew that you were committing a crime when you left your first wife and married this woman. You have thrown her upon the world and must suffer for your crime."

LEAVES $50,000 TO NURSE.

Will of Benjamin P. Hale Rewards Woman Who Attended Him.

Special to The New York Times.

HAVERHILL, Mass., May 19.—By the terms of the will of Benjamin P. Hale, which disposes of a fortune of nearly $500,000, $50,000 is given outright to Mrs. Maude E. Short, who served for four years as Mr. Hale's housekeeper and nurse, and cared for him in his last illness.

At about the time that Mrs. Short took charge of the Hale home Mrs. Hale was sent to an insane asylum in Providence, R. I., where she is still confined. By the terms of the will the widow receives the income of $75,000 during her life, when the principal reverts to the estate.

NO ALIMONY FOR MRS. TUCKER

CHICAGO, May 19.—Temporary alimony was denied to-day to Mrs. Dolly Logan Tucker, who is suing her husband, Col. William F. Tucker, U. S. A., retired, for separate maintenance.

An affidavit of Col. Tucker's was read, stating that Mrs. Tucker has property worth $100,000. Mrs. Tucker in her affidavit said her income was $1,750 a year.

Better Times for J. B. & J. M. Cornell Co

Judge Hough has authorized Michael Blake and A. G. Murray, receivers of the J. B. & J. M. Cornell Company, structural iron and steel contractors, 601 West Twenty-sixth Street and Cold Spring, N. Y., to continue business for thirty days. The creditors stated that they have collected $91,927, and paid out $92,467, and estimate the receipts up to July 1 at $290,845, and payments at $264,000, leaving a surplus of $26,845. Reforms have been made to reduce the cost of operation, work on pending contracts is going along nicely, and a few new contracts have been made.

Teddy Bear Man in Bankruptcy.

A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Harry Nadler, manufacturer of toys and novelties, under the trade style of the Columbia Toy Manufacturers, at 167 Wooster Street, by these creditors: Astoria Silk Works, $4,969; Robinson & Friedheim, $47, and Bernard Segall, $26. It was alleged that he admitted in writing that he is insolvent and unable to pay his debts. Mr. Nadler began this business about Feb. 1, 1908, and manufactured Teddy Bears and other toy animals.

If Health Brings Happiness

Grape-Nuts Food

Brings Both.

"There's a Reason"

$1,759 FINE IMPOSED IN SUIT FOR $1,210

Defendant Now Seeks to Escape Payment of It as a Bankrupt.

SEARCH FOR A PRECEDENT

Lawyer Thinks a Contempt Penalty Is an Ordinary Debt in a Bankrupt's Case.

All lawyers who deal with bankruptcy cases are awaiting with keen interest the decision of the Circuit Court of Appeals, expected now any day, as to whether or not Benjamin Kobonsky, since he has filed a petition in bankruptcy, shall be discharged by the fact of going into bankruptcy from a fine for contempt of court, or whether he shall nevertheless be forced to pay it.

The question appears to be unique in the law of this State. Horace London, Kobonsky's counsel, has failed to find a precedent. It all depends on the class of debt into which a fine for contempt of court shall fall. Mr. London contends that it is merely an ordinary debt, and cannot be reckoned among those which the law enumerates as not "dischargeable by bankruptcy."

Kobonsky in the latter part of 1908 was a coal dealer at the foot of Corlears Street. Albert H. Dollard, from whom he had bought coal, applied for a judgment for $1,210 against him. The case was before Justice Green in the City Court. Simon Mermelstein was sent to summon him to court. On June 10 Mermelstein did deliver the summons to somebody. On June 18, the day set by the summons, Kobonsky failed to appear. The judgment went to the plaintiff by default. On June 23, in answer to a subpoena, the defendant did come to court, having before that brought through his counsel a motion to vacate the judgment on the ground that he had never received the summons. He said that it had been delivered to one Louis Kupfer.

The motion to vacate was denied. Yorke Allen, Dollard's counsel, moved that Kobonsky be punished for contempt of court by paying as a fine $1,759, the expenses of the plaintiff's side of the case. This fine was imposed by Justice Green.

Mr. London appealed the question of contempt to the Appellate Term of New York County. In turn it went to the Appellate Division and is still pending there.

NO CHURCH "CONEY ISLAND."

Pastor Who Wanted to Run One to Raise Funds Gets No License.

The novel scheme of the Rev. Charles Baylis, pastor of the Church of the Open Door, at Halsey Street and Saratoga Avenue, Brooklyn, to raise money for the benefit of his church by conducting a sort of "little Coney Island" near his church was spoiled yesterday when a license was refused to him at the Brooklyn Borough Hall.

Mr. Baylis had planned to have a moving-pictures show, a merry-go-round, swings, and a Ferris wheel in an inclosure at Macon Street and Saratoga Avenue. He said he proposed to give the people of the neighborhood clean entertainment and incidentally raise needed funds for his church.

A number of the property owners near by, however, objected to the idea on the theory that it would injure the neighborhood. After hearing the protests Chief Clerk Bracken of the License Bureau decided not to issue the license.

PENDLETON'S 11TH AVE. PLAN.

Court Test Necessary, He Says, to Settle Track Condemnation Case.

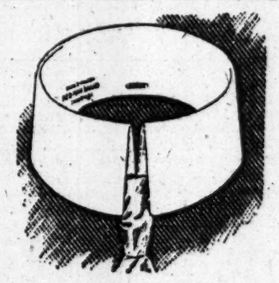
Corporation Counsel Pendleton replied yesterday to the statement of Chairman Willcox of the Public Service Commission that the city, in view of the Mayor's veto of the New York Central-Eleventh Avenue bill, should proceed with the condemnation proceedings for the removal of the tracks authorized by the Saxe law. Mr. Pendleton declared that this action cannot be taken until it is proved that there has been a bona-fide attempt of the railroad and the authorities to come to some sort of an agreement.

Mr. Pendleton suggests that the Public Service Commission can prepare a plan for placing the tracks under ground, and thus make a bona fide effort to make an agreement with the railroad company for the removal of the tracks.

"It is possible, although by no means clear," he adds, "that if this were done that then in case of their inability to so agree the condemnation proceedings might be sustained. At all events the Public Service Commission, by now taking such steps, can have this question tested in the courts if it so desires. To do this, however, all attempt to substitute an elevated structure in place of a subway must be given up."

Low Rates for Out-of-Town Merchants.

The Trunk Line Association has authorized merchants' reduced railroad rates of a fare and a half for the round trip to New York City for the coming Fall buying season, having acted favorably on the application of the Merchants' Association of New York. This rate may be had between these dates: July 17 to 20, Aug. 14 to 17, Aug. 28 to 31, and Sept. 11 to 14. Trunk line territory includes New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, part of West Virginia, Northern Virginia, and the District of Columbia.



The newest Red-Man Collar

BRIARWOOD

shaped like

THORNWOOD

only lower

2 for 25 cents

EARL & WILSON

The smartest and coolest

summery effects are to be had in our great line of new $15 Suits. Remember, they're made in the $25 way.

Moe Levy & Co.,

1439 Broadway, New York | 119-125 Walker St., New York

380-382 Fulton St., Brooklyn

SHOT WIFE, KILLED HIMSELF.

Stock Clerk Ends a Week's Birthday Celebration with a Tragedy.

The prolonged birthday celebration of Lorenzo Seuling ended last night in death. After a week's debauch he assaulted his mother-in-law, shot his wife in the neck, and then turned his revolver on himself. He died soon after a policeman broke in the door of his room. His wife will recover.

Seuling was a stock clerk in the packing house of Schwarzschild & Sulzberger in First Avenue. With his wife he lived on the fourth floor of 801 First Avenue. His mother-in-law, Mrs. Lona Hafner, lived in the same house. Seuling, who had been quarreling with his wife all week, arrived home early last evening in an ugly mood.

According to his wife's story, as he came to the door of their apartment she hastened up the stairs to meet him. He opened fire as she approached. The first bullet missed her and entered an apartment on the third floor, just missing an occupant. The second struck her in the neck, passing close to the jugular vein. She fell, and Seuling, thinking that he had killed her, turned and entered their rooms, locking the door.

As his wife fled up the stairs to her mother's there was another shot, an interval, and then still another. Policeman Nulty, attracted by the shots, ran up the stairs and broke open the door. The man was unconscious and died before the arrival of Dr. Darnell of Flower Hospital. The wife was taken to the hospital.

On Monday night Seuling assaulted his wife and her mother. For this he was summoned to the Yorkville Court. There the wife relented, and he was fined a small sum, which she paid.

RAID IN TRACT BUILDING.

Police Say They Placed Bets in a Poolroom on an Upper Floor.

Two men, who said they were Frank A. Ginty of 501 Franklin Avenue, Brooklyn, and Michael L. Marks of 200 Washington Avenue, were arrested yesterday afternoon by Detectives Walsh and McGowan of the Oak Street Station. Ginty is charged with running a poolroom, and Marks with aiding and abetting.

Capt. Toole of the Oak Street Station says he was told that betting was going on in rooms in the American Tract Society Building, 150 Nassau Street. He sent Walsh and McGowan out to investigate. The detectives say they went to one of the upper floors of the building, where in a room they found the two men. Ginty, they say, was at the telephone.

The detectives say that they placed with Ginty five bets on horses running at the Jamestown, Va., track. Two of their horses, Momentum and Killochan, won at good odds, they say.

On the entrance door of the office of the alleged poolroom the name "Commercial Paper Company" is painted. Ginty told the detectives at the station that he was a druggist.

New Subway Station to be Opened.

It was learned yesterday that the Interborough is planning to open the 238th Street Station of the Broadway branch of the Subway about June 1. Work is being pushed on the station construction, and it is thought will be completed by the end of the month. The station is only a short distance below the Van Cortlandt Park terminus, and at present there is little use for it. The New York City Interborough surface line, which is to connect with the Subway at 238th Street, however, is nearly completed, and will probably be opened about the same time.

KAHLER

COMFORT SHOE

R. & L. (Right and Left) STOCKING

On Sale Only at Our NEW Store

1160 BROADWAY Near 27th St.

FREE—An illustrated 50-page linen bound stiff covered book on the "Dress and Care of the Feet"—by Dr. P. Kahler. It gives practical hints how to care for the feet and to have comfort with them. Call or send for this valuable treatise.

Women's Shoes 4.50, Men's Shoes 6.00

DR. P. KAHLER & SONS

Surgeon Chiropodist Established 1863

Holden's Birds

Formerly on Sixth Avenue.

Have Flown to

25 West 23d St.

Between 5th and 6th Aves.

POLICE CLUBBER CONVICTED.

Patrick Bolger Found Guilty of Assault in the Third Degree.

Patrick Bolger, an ex-policeman of the Liberty Avenue station, Brooklyn, was convicted of assault in the third degree before Judge Dike, in the Kings County Court, yesterday, for using his club too freely on Walter Kuntz, who lives in Glenmore Avenue, near Cleveland Street.

Kuntz was standing in front of a cigar store near his home, on Aug. 2, 1908, when Bolger told him to move away because the proprietor of the store had made a complaint to the police against loiterers. Kuntz said he was waiting for friends, and alleged that the policeman thereupon struck him with his club.

Bolger was remanded after his conviction to Raymond Street Jail to await sentence on Monday. The punishment for his offense is one year in Sing Sing. He is the fifth policeman in Brooklyn to be convicted in the last two years.

ROSENTHAL MUST PAY UP.

Writ Dismissed and He Must Settle His Fine or Go to Jail.

Supreme Court Justice Gildersleeve dismissed the writ of habeas corpus yesterday that was sworn out late Tuesday by William Rosenthal of 246 Broome Street, who had been adjudged in contempt of court by Justice La Fetra in the City Court and ordered to pay a fine of $50 or go to the county jail for five days. Rosenthal must now pay the fine or serve out the five-day sentence. At the jail last night it was said that he had not arrived there.

Rosenthal was a witness for his wife in a suit against Jacob Ganz to recover $500 on checks, and was ordered to appear at 2 o'clock on Monday. He kept the court waiting thirty-five minutes. Justice La Fetra would not accept his excuse of lack of rapid transit and next day fined him.

SPECIAL SALE

of imported blue, grey and Oxford fancy weave serges, black and blue shepherd plaids, white and striped flannels, and several shades of the new tan spun silks; Suits to measure, $25; Coats and Trousers, $21. These goods are all of the highest standard and exceptional values.

Samples mailed to any address.

ARNHEIM, Broadway & 9th St.

EMPIRE Theatre, B'way, 40th St. Ev. 8:15. Last 3 weeks prior to Joan of Arc at Harvard. Matinees Wed. & Sat. at 2:15. **MAUDE ADAMS** in WHAT EVERY WOMAN KNOWS

GARRICK 35th St., near Broadway. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20. "Ought to run all Summer."—Eve. Sun. **WM. COLLIER** in THE MAN FROM MEXICO.

KNICKERBOCKER, B'way, 38 St. Mat. Sat. "Equal to 'The Red Mill.'"—Ev. Journal. **THE CANDY SHOP** Music, Fun, & Girls! Girls!

CRITERION B'way, 44th. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20. **ELSIE JANIS** in THE FAIR CO-ED.

SAVOY 34th St., B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Sat 2:30. LAST WEEK **OLGA NETHERSOLE** THE WRITING ON THE WALL

LYCEUM 45th St., nr. Broadway. Evs. 8:20. Matinees Thurs. & Sat. 2:20. LAST 3 WEEKS. POPULAR MATINEE TO-DAY. **ELEANOR ROBSON** THE DAWN OF A TO-MORROW.

HUDSON W. 44th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15. **THE THIRD DEGREE**

Academy of Music, 14th St. & Irving Pl. **MR. MANTELL** in THE MARBLE HEART. Prices 25 to 1.50. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2. Ev. 8. Next Wk—Mr. Mantell in Shakspearean repertoire.

WALLACK'S Last 3 Nights, 8:25. Last Mat. Saturday 2:20. Sat. Night, Handsome Parasol to each lady. **HENRIETTA CROSMAN** in SHAM. Monday, May 24, THE GAME OF LOVE.

HACKETT Mat. To-day 2:20. **GRACE GEORGE** Last 2 Weeks. Theatre. Evs. 8:20. In A Woman's Way.

BIJOU Broadway at 30th. Nights, 8:15. $1.50 Mat. Wed. Reg. Mat. Sat. 300th Time Monday, May 24th. Souvenirs. A GENTLEMAN FROM MISSISSIPPI.

PLAZA Music Hall, 59th St., Mad. Av. Phone 6132—Plaza. Daily Matinee, 25c. JAMES K. HACKETT & E. M. HOLLAND, Oth's

AMERICAN MUSIC HALL, 42d St. Daily Mat., 25c. Evs., 25-50-75-1.00. Eddie Foy & Co., Jack Lorimer, Others.

OLYMPIC East 14th St. Mat. Daily. Smoking Rose Sydell's LONDON BELLES.

HAMMERSTEIN'S. Evs. 8:15. Daily Mats. GUS EDWARDS, BERT WILLIAMS, CHAS. E. EVANS and 6 Other Big Acts.

HIPPODROME 43d, 44th Sts. and Sixth Av. Mat. Daily, 2. Best Seats $1. Ev. 8, 25c. to $1.50. Last 2 Weeks: SPORTING DAYS | BIRD BALLET | BATTLE IN